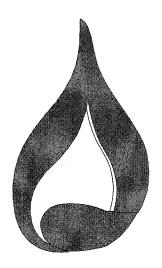
# ANNUAL REPORT

## NorthWestern Energy

### **GAS UTILITY**

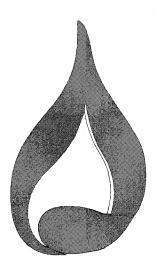


TO THE
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
STATE OF MONTANA
1701 PROSPECT AVENUE
P.O. BOX 202601
HELENA, MT 59620-2601

# ANNUAL REPORT

## NorthWestern Energy

## **GAS UTILITY**



TO THE
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
STATE OF MONTANA
1701 PROSPECT AVENUE
P.O. BOX 202601
HELENA, MT 59620-2601

			,

### **Gas Annual Report**

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NorthWestern Corporation
rtorary vocation in componential
ess: NorthWestern Energy
Electricity - Dec 12, 1912 Natural Gas - Jan 01, 1933 Propane - Oct 13, 1995
Kendall G. Kliewer
(406) 497-2759
oort: 40 East Broadway Street Butte, MT 59701
other entity, provide below the name, percent ownership of controlling

Sch. 2	BOARD OF DIRECTORS	
	BOARD OF DIRECTORS Director's Name & Address (City, State)	Remuneration
1 2 3	See Northwestern Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the SEC for the Corporate Board of Directors.	
4 5 6 7	to the case (or the corporate Board of Billiog.core.	
7 8 9		
10		
12 13 14		
15 16 17		
18 19 20		
21 22 23		
24 25 26		
27 28 29		
30 31 32		
33 34 35		
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41		
39 40		
41 42 43		

467	Title	OFFICERS  Department Supervised	Name
1	Tide	Department oupervised	1401110
2			
3			
	President & Chief Executive Officer	Evenutive	Robert Rowe
4	President & Uniet Executive Officer	Executive	Robert Rowe
5			
6	Mine Described	To John and Audit Javantas Delations	Drian Died
7	Vice President,	Tax, Internal Audit, Investor Relations	Brian Bird
8	Chief Financial Officer	Financial Planning & Analysis	
9		Controller & Treasury Functions	
10	•	Information Technology	
11		Flight Services, Executive Compensation	
12			
13	Vice President, General Counsel,	Legal Services	Miggie Cramblit
14	Corporate Secretary &	Corporate Secretary	
15	Chief Compliance Officer	Records Management	
16			
17	Vice President,	Retail Operations - MT/SD/NE	Curt Pohl
18	Retail Operations	Construction, Asset Management	
19		Organizational Development & Labor Relations	
20		Large Project Development	
21		Safety/Health/Environmental Services	
22		Support Services	
23			
24	Vice President,	Transmission and Supply Compliance	David Gates
25	Wholesale Operations	Energy Supply	
26		Production and Generation	
27			
28	Vice President,	Government & Regulatory Affairs	Patrick Corcoran
29	Governmental & Regulatory Affairs		
30			
31	Vice President,	Business Development and Community Relations	Bobbi Schroeppel
32	Customer Care, Communications &	Corporate Communications	
33	Human Resources	Account and Analysis	
34		Systems and Support	
35		Revenue Collection, Customer Interaction	
36		Key Accounts/Customer Education	
37		Human Resources	
38			
39	Internal Audit & Controls Officer	Internal Audit	Michael Nieman
40		Enterprise Risk	
41			
42	Vice President, Controller	Financial and SEC Reporting	Kendall Kliewer
43		Accounting	
44		Accounts Payable/Payroll	
45		Compensation and Benefits	
46			
47	Treasurer	Treasury Functions, Cash Management	Paul Evans
48		Risk Management	
49		Energy Risk Management	
50		Credit	
51			
52			
53	•	· .	
F	Reflects active officers as of April 24, 2009.		
1			
- 1			

Sch. 4	CORPORA				
	Subsidiary/Company Name	Line of Business	Earn	ings (000)	% of Total
Regulat	ted Operations (Jurisdictional & Non-Jurisdictio	nal)	\$	57,466	85.01%
	NorthWestern Corporation:				
	Montana Utility Operations	Electric Utility Natural Gas Utility Natural Gas Pipeline (including CMP) Propane Utility Natural Gas Funding Trust - (Bond Transition Financing) 1/			
	South Dakota Utility Operations	Electric Utility Natural Gas Utility			
	Nebraska Utility Operations	Natural Gas Utility			
Jnregu	lated Operations		\$	10,135	14.99%
	Colstrip Unit 4	Wholesale Electric			
	Direct Subsidiaries:				
	NorthWestern Services. LLC	Nonregulated natural gas marketing, property management, owner participant interest			
	Clarkfoot and Blackfoot, LLC	Milltown hydroelectric facility			
	NorthWestern Investments, LLC	Holds non-utility assets			
	Risk Partners Assurance, Ltd.	Captive insurance company			
	Colstrip Unit 4 79 MW Trust	Owner participant interest			
	Colstrip Unit 4 143 MW Trust	Owner participant interest			
	Mountain States Transmission Intertie, LLC	Will hold new transmission infrastructure assets			
	Indirect Subsidiaries:				
	Montana Generation, LLC	Non-regulated energy marketing			
	Colstrip Lease Holdings LLC	Owner participant interest			
Total C	orporation		\$	67,601	100.00%

0		CORPORALE ALLOCATIONS	OCATIONS			
(3) (Sp.)	Departments Allocated	Description of Services	Allocation Method	\$ to MT El & Gas Utilities	MT %	\$ to Other
- 0 E 4 G O I	Utility Administration Executive Department	Includes the following departments: CEO	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	\$2,999,787	71.47%	\$1,197,323
- 8 0 <u>0                                </u>	Legal Department	Includes the following departments: Chief Legal	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	10,162,039	65.81%	5,280,375
7 5 7 5 9 7	Administration & Human Resources	Includes the following departments: Human Resources, Benefits Admin, Compensation & Benefits, VP Admin, Printing, Rec Mgmt & Aircraft	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	35,966,145	86.49%	5,615,916
18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Finance / Accounting, Information Technology	Includes the following departments: CFO, Treasury, FP&A, Controller, Fixed Assets, Accounting, Tax & Financial Reporting, Investor Relations, IT Sr, IT Applications Infrastructure, Licensing & Leasing	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	15,045,865	73.52%	5,420,180
22 25 25 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	Regulatory and Gov't Affairs	Includes the following departments: Regulatory Affairs, Load Research, Government Affairs, Reg Support Services, Community Relations	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	3,268,686	79.29%	854,009
32 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 3	Customer Care	Includes the following departments: Customer Care Common, Customer Care Combined, CC MT Only and Corp Communications	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	16,604,387	72.35%	6,346,999
33 33 33 33 33 33 40 40	Audit & Controls	Includes the following departments: Audit and Controls, Enterprise Risk Management	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	884,722	73.56%	318,000
6 4 4 8 44	TOTAL			\$84.931.631	77.24%	\$25,032,802

Sch. 6	AFFILI	FILIATE TRANSACTIONS - PROD	ATE TRANSACTIONS - PRODUCTS & SERVICES PROVIDED TO UTILITY	TILITY	% of Total	Charges
	S Affiliate Name	Products & Services	Method to Determine Price	to Utility	Affil, Rev.	to MT Utility
	Nonutility Subsidiaries				-	····
	3 4 Colstrip Unit 4	Purchased Power	Market Rates	\$4,661,784	%0.9	\$4,661,784
	5 Montana Generation, LLC 1/	Purchased Power	Negotiated Rates	\$32,702,875	100.0%	\$32,702,875
-	9 -					***************************************
	8					
	9 Total Nonutility Subsidiaries			\$37,364,659		\$37,364,659
	10 Total Nonutility Subsidiaries Revenues			\$109,944,776		9
_	.2			and the second s		
	Utility Subsidiaries					
_	14 Canadian-Montana Pipeline Corporation	Transportation	Tariff Rates	\$32,924	49.3%	\$32,924
	15 Total Utility Subsidiaries			\$32,924		\$32,924
_	6 Total Utility Subsidiaries Revenues			\$2,745,418		
	17 TOTAL AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS			\$37,397,583		\$37,397,583

July 2007, MG supplied 90 megawatts of base-load energy for a term of 11.5 years at an average nominal price of \$35.80 per megawatt hour. Beginning March 2008, MG supplied 21 megawatts of base-load energy at \$19 per megawatt hour below the Mid-C Index price with a floor of zero for a term of 76 During 2008, Montana Generation, LLC (MG) had two agreements to supply base-load energy to serve the Montana electric supply load. Beginning months. The price, quantity, and term of these energy supply agreements were the result of negotiated settlements between NorthWestern and the Montana Consumer Counsel and were approved by the Montana Public Service Commission. Pursuant to MPSC Order Number D2008 6.69, the inclusion of our interest in Colstrip Unit 4 in rate base as of January 1, 2009 negated these agreements.

7

Sch 7	AFFIL		IATE TRANSACTIONS - PRODUCTS & SERVICES PROVIDED BY UTILITY	TILITY		
				Charges	% of Total	Revenues
	Affiliate Name	Products & Services	Method to Determine Price	to Affiliate	Affil. Exp.	to MT Utility
	2 Nonutility Subsidiaries					
	E					
	4 Colstrip Unit 4	Wheeling	Tariff Rates	\$287,333	0.44%	\$287,333
	5					
	9					
	8			000		0001000
	9 Total Nonutility Subsidiaries			\$26,1854		\$20,1333
	10 Total Nonutility Subsidiaries Expenses			\$103,841,167		
·-	2					
	3 Utility Subsidiaries					,
·-	4					\$0
~	15 Total Utility Subsidiaries			0\$		0\$
	16 Total Utility Subsidiaries Expenses			\$1,095,499		3. y
~~	17 TOTAL AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS			\$287,333		\$287,333

Sch. 8	MONTANA UTILITY INCOME STATEMENT - NATURAL GAS (INCLUDES CMP)										
		Account Number & Title	Tł	nis Year Cons. Utility		n Jurisdictional Adjustments		This Year Montana		Last Year Montana	% Change
1 2 3	400	Operating Revenues	\$	428,253,793	\$	134,992,026	\$	293,261,767	\$	240,824,628	21.77%
4	Total Ope	rating Revenues		428,253,793		134,992,026		293,261,767		240,824,628	21.77%
5 6 7		Operating Expenses									
8	401	Operation Expense		333,639,763		118,637,234		215,002,529		174,381,240	23.29%
9	402	Maintenance Expense		6.616,090		1,309,721		5,306,369		6,303,764	-15.82%
10	403	Depreciation Expense		16,047,986		4,820,675		11,227,311		11,493,899	-2.32%
11	404-405	Amort. & Depletion of Gas Plant	l	2,179,611		684,076		1,495,535		1,642,363	-8.94%
12	406	Amort. of Plant Acquisition Adj.		(2,288,552)		(2,288,552)		-		-	-
13	407.3	Regulatory Amortizations - Debit	1	11,765,750		1,718,893		10,046,857	ĺ	7,534,411	33.35%
14	407.4	Regulatory Amortizations - Credit		(2,025,558)		(573,281)		(1,452,277)		(2,134,779)	31.97%
15	408.1	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		23,631,640		1,712,499		21,919,141		22,948,537	-4.49%
16	409.1	Income Taxes-Federal		2,450,938		(3,274,896)		5,725,834		4,315,090	32.69%
17		-Other		464,493		(254,480)		718,973		544,632	32.01%
18	410.1	Deferred Income Taxes-Dr.	]	21,349,990		7,215,085		14,134,905		(647,559)	>300.00%
19	411.1	Deferred Income Taxes-Cr.	1	(14,200,277)		(1,803,180)		(12,397,097)		-	-
20	411.4	Investment Tax Credit Adj.		(43,615)		(43,615)		- · · · · -		-	-
21		·	ŀ	,		• /					
22	Total Ope	rating Expenses		399,588,259		127,860,179		271,728,080		226,381,598	20.03%
		RATING INCOME	\$	28,665,534	\$	7,131,847	\$	21,533,687	\$	14,443,030	49.09%

This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory

Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. As such, in accordance with FERC requirements, subsidiaries are presented using the equity method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presentation in FERC Form 1, plus Canadian Montana Pipeline Corporation.

Certain 2007 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 presentation.

Sch. 9	MONTANA REVENUES - NATURAL GAS (INCLUDES CMP)										
			Non								
		This Year Cons.	Jurisdictional	This Year	Last Year						
	Account Number & Title	Utility	Adjustments	Montana	Montana	% Change					
1			,								
2	Core Distribution Business Units					]					
3	(DBUs)										
4	440 Residential	\$ 231,613,782	\$ 70,221,192	\$ 161,392,590	\$ 128,451,060	25.65%					
5	442.1 Commercial	139,489,365	58,227,565	81,261,800	64,566,930	25.86%					
6	442.2 Industrial Firm	2,406,178	-	2,406,178	1,749,403	37.54%					
7	445 Public Authorities	671,947	-	671,947	529,675	26.86%					
8	448 Interdepartmental Sales	589,300	-	589,300	461,134	27.79%					
9	491.2 CNG Station	-	-	-	-	-					
10											
	Total Sales to Core DBUs	374,770,572	128,448,757	246,321,815	195,758,202	25.83%					
12											
13	447 Sales for Resale	23,215,388	-	23,215,388	22,946,833	1.17%					
14											
	Total Sales of Natural Gas	23,215,388	-	23,215,388	22,946,833	1.17%					
16	<b>-</b>										
17	Transportation										
18 19	ARC Teachertain (in CMD)	05 000 470	5 750 000	40.040.044	40.545.000	4 200/					
20	489 Transportation (inc. CMP) 495 Off System Storage	25,099,472	5,756,228	19,343,244	18,545,992	4.30%					
21	495 Oil System Storage	-	-	-	54,385	-100.00%					
	Total Revenues From Transportation	25,099,472	5,756,228	19,343,244	18,600,377	3.99%					
23	Total Neverides From Transportation	25,099,472	5,756,226	19,343,244	10,000,377	3.9976					
24	Other Operating Revenue										
25	Other Operating Nevertue										
26	Miscellaneous Revenues	5,168,361	787,041	4,381,320	3,519,216	24.50%					
27	Wildowalleous Nevertues	3,100,301	707,041	4,301,320	3,313,210	24.5070					
	Total Other Operating Revenue	5,168,361	787,041	4,381,320	3,519,216	24.50%					
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 428,253,793	\$ 134,992,026	\$ 293,261,767	\$ 240,824,628	21.77%					
30		1 .20,200,700	+ ,0,,002,020	1 + 200,200,101							
31											
32	Sales for Resale reported on line 13	represents on and	off-system sales from	m excess supply.							
33	Revenues generated from these sal	•	•								
34	This line consists of sales for resale			•							
35	which only reflects sales to other uti			•							
36											
37											

Sch. 10	MONTANA OPERATION & MAINTENA	NCE EXPENSES	S - NATURAL GA	S (INCLUDES C	MP)			
132.50			Non					
187		This Year	Jurisdictional	This Year	Last Year			
70 S	Account Number & Title	Cons. Utility	Adjustments	Montana	Montana	% Change		
1	Gas Raw Materials		1					
2	Gas Raw Materials-Operation							
3	728 Liquefied Petroleum Gas	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	_		
4	735 Miscellaneous Production Expenses	1,279	1,279	_		_		
5	Total Operation-Gas Raw Materials	1,279	1,279	-	-	-		
6	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,,=. •	.,					
7	Gas Raw Materials-Maintenance							
8	741 Structures & Improvements	3,368	3,368	_		_		
9	Total Maintenance-Gas Raw Materials	3,368	3,368	-	-	_		
10	Total Gas Raw Materials	4,647	4.647			_		
11	Production Expenses	4,047	4,047					
12	1 Toduction Expenses			1				
•	Production & Gathering-Operation			-				
14	750 Supervision & Engineering							
15	750 Supervision & Engineering 751 Maps & Records	-	-	-	-	-		
16	•	-	-	-	-	-		
17	752 Gas Wells Expenses 753 Field Lines Expenses	-	-	_	-	-		
18		-	-	-	-	-		
19		-	-	-	-	-		
20		-	-	-	-	-		
21	The state of the s	-	-	-	-	-		
22	757 Dehydration Expense 758 Gas Well Royalties	-	-	-	-	-		
23	750 Gas Well Royallies 759 Other Expenses	-	-	-	-	-		
23	760 Rents	-	-	-	-	-		
25	Total OperProduction & Gathering	-	-		-			
26	Total OperProduction & Gathering	-	-	-	-			
27	Other Gas Supply Expense-Operation							
28	800 NG Wellhead Purchases	176 000 157		176 000 157	120 470 041	26.24%		
29	803 NG Transmission Line Purchases	176,082,157	-	176,082,157	139,478,941	11.23%		
30	805 Other Gas Purchases	470,452	104 370 500	470,452	422,935	1		
31	805 Other Gas Purchases 805 Purchased Gas Cost Adjustments	110,139,596	104,376,598	5,762,998	(1,091,799)	-300.00%		
32	805 Incremental Gas Cost Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-		
33	805 Deferred Gas Cost Adjustments	-	_	-	_	1 -		
34	806 Exchange Gas	-	_	_	_	1		
35	807 Well Expenses-Purchased Gas	1,626,531	14,163	1,612,368	1,067,395	51.06%		
36	807 Purch. Gas Meas. Stations-Oper.	1,020,031	14,103	1,012,300	1,007,395	31.00%		
37	807 Purch. Gas Meas, Stations-Oper.	-	_	_	_	_		
38	807 Purch. Gas Calculations Expenses	-	-	_	_			
39	808 Other Purchased Gas Expenses	-	_	_	_	1 .		
40	808 Gas Withdrawn from Storage -Dr.	(4,285,657)	-	(4,285,657)	(2,643,210)	-62.14%		
41	809 Gas Delivered to Storage -Cr.	(4,203,037)	-	(4,205,057)	(2,043,210)	-02.1470		
42	810 Gas Used-Comp. Station Fuel-Cr.	-	•	-	_	1		
43	811 Gas Used-Products Extraction-Cr.	-	_	-	_	1		
44	812 Gas Used-Other Utility OperCr.	_	_	_	_			
45	813 Other Gas Supply Expenses	-	_		_			
	Total Other Gas Supply Expenses	284,033,079	104,390,761	179,642,318	137,234,262	30.90%		
47	Total Production Expenses	284,033,079	104,390,761	179,642,318	137,234,262	30.90%		
	Total Troduction Expenses	204,000,079	104,030,701	173,042,310	107,204,202	1 30.3070		

Sch. 10	MONTANA OPERATION & MAINTENA	NCE EXPENSES	- NATURAL GA	S (INCLUDES C	MP)	***************************************
100			Non			
100		This Year	Jurisdictional	This Year	Last Year	
11.00	Account Number & Title	Cons. Utility	Adjustments	Montana	Montana	% Change
1	Storage Expenses					
2						1
3	Underground Storage-Operation					
4	814 Supervision & Engineering	22,295	-	22,295	10,201	118.56%
5	815 Maps & Records	227	-	227	3,783	-93.99%
6	816 Wells	204,987	-	204,987	193,131	6.14%
7	817 Lines	51,128	-	51,128	33,546	52.41%
8	818 Compressor Station	340,336		340,336	379,789	-10.39%
9	819 Compressor Station Fuel & Power	-	-	-	-	-
10	820 Measuring & Regulating Station	43,190	-	43,190	37,919	13.90%
11	821 Purification	79,853	-	79,853	71,823	11.18%
12	824 Other Expenses	104,246	-	104,246	91,074	14.46%
13	825 Storage Well Royalties	186,112	-	186,112	146,609	26.94%
14	826 Rents	-	-	-	-	-
15	Total Operation-Underground Storage	1,032,374	-	1,032,374	967,875	6.66%
16						
17	Underground Storage-Maintenance					
18	830 Supervision & Engineering	-	-	-	-	_
19	831 Structures & Improvements	56,566	-	56,566	16,517	242.46%
20	832 Reservoirs & Wells	13,108	-	13,108	7,184	82.47%
21	833 Lines	12,184	- ]	12,184	10,598	14.97%
22	834 Compressor Station Equipment	212,590	-	212,590	198,081	7.33%
23	835 Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	634	-	634	17,606	-96.40%
24	836 Purification Equipment	8.680	-	8.680	14,817	-41.42%
25	837 Other Equipment	7,288	-	7,288	4,283	70.17%
26	Total Maintenance-Underground Storage	311,050	-	311,050	269,086	15.59%
27	Total Underground Storage Expenses	1,343,424	-	1,343,424	1,236,961	8.61%
28	Transmission Expenses					
29	Transmission-Operation					
30	850 Supervision & Engineering	1,973,634	-	1,973,634	1,924,464	2.56%
31	851 System Control & Load Dispatching	897,794	-	897,794	816,122	10.01%
32	853 Compressor Station Labor & Expense	504,823	-	504,823	596,597	-15.38%
33	855 Other Fuel & Power for Comp. Stat.	, -	-		· -	-
34	856 Mains	903,969	-	903,969	879,350	2.80%
35	857 Measuring & Regulating Station	566,856	-	566,856	711,104	-20.29%
36	858 Transmission & CompBy Others	-	-	-	-	-
37	859 Other Expenses	1,415,086	-	1,415,086	1,153,909	22.63%
38	860 Rents	-	-	-	-	-
39[	Total Operation-Transmission	6,262,162	-	6,262,162	6,081,545	2.97%
40	Transmission-Maintenance					
41	861 Supervision & Engineering	74,377	-	74,377	181,188	-58.95%
42	862 Structures & Improvements	75,309	_	75,309	68,316	10.24%
43	863 Mains	318,538	-	318,538	1,811,000	-82.41%
44	864 Compressor Station Equipment	441,690	-	441,690	553,384	-20.18%
45	865 Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	353,773	~	353,773	253,236	39.70%
46	867 Other Equipment	12,344	_	12,344	14,730	-16.20%
47	Total Maintenance-Transmission	1,276,031	-	1,276,031	2,881,853	
48	Total Transmission Expenses	7,538,193	-	7,538,193	8,963,399	-15.90%

Sch. 10	MONTANA OPERATION & MAINTENA	NCE EXPENSES	- NATURAL GA	S (INCLUDES C	MP)	
			Non			
A sea or a sea		This Year	Jurisdictional	This Year	Last Year	
	Account Number & Title	Cons. Utility	Adjustments	Montana	Montana	% Change
1	Distribution Expenses					
2	Distribution-Operation					
3	870 Supervision & Engineering	2,534,981	1,162,176	1,372,805	1,183,520	15.99%
4	871 Load Dispatching	90,850	90,850	- 1	-	-
5	872 Compressor Station Labor & Expense	-	-	-	-	-
6	873 Compressor Station Fuel and Power	-	-	-	-	-
7	874 Mains and Services	4,002,598	1,919,263	2,083,335	2,111,693	-1.34%
8	875 Meas. & Reg. Station-General	403,166	215,805	187,361	163,463	14.62%
9	876 Meas. & Reg. Station-Industrial	-	-	=	-	-
10	877 Meas. & Reg. Station-City Gate	168,930	52,726	116,204		>300.00%
11	878 Meter & House Regulator	2,339,977	758,142	1,581,835	1,381,562	14.50%
12	879 Customer Installations	2,645,531	222,598	2,422,933	2,487,180	-2.58%
13	880 Other Expenses	1,003,202	359,357	643,845	904,876	-28.85%
14	881 Rents	1,353	-	1,353	3,641	-62.82%
15	Total Operation-Distribution	13,190,588	4,780,917	8,409,671	8,236,738	2.10%
16	Distribution-Maintenance				·	
17	885 Supervision & Engineering	862,173	211,784	650,389	233,282	178.80%
18	886 Structures & Improvements	3,313	3,313	-	-	-
19	887 Mains	1,016,335	375,682	640,653	630,307	1.64%
20	889 Meas. & Reg. Station ExpGeneral	136,139	85,233	50,906	41,371	23.05%
21	890 Meas. & Reg. Station ExpIndustrial	, -	· _	· -		-
22	891 Meas. & Reg. Station ExpCity Gate	42,848	42,848	-	-	-
23	892 Services	819,370	303,741	515,629	509,627	1.18%
24	893 Meters & House Regulators	932,016	208,932	723,084	597,546	21.01%
25	894 Other Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
26	Total Maintenance-Distribution	3,812,194	1,231,533	2,580,661	2,012,133	28.25%
27	Total Distribution Expenses	17,002,782	6,012,450	10,990,332	10.248,871	7.23%
28	Customer Accounts Expenses		5,5 . = 1 . 5 .		***************************************	
29	Customer Accounts-Operation					
30	901 Supervision	_	_	_	_	_
31	902 Meter Reading	1,192,898	715,303	477,595	428,719	11.40%
32	903 Customer Records & Collection	3,139,344	531,813	2,607,531	2,475,039	5.35%
33	904 Uncollectible Accounts	1,759,426	611,501	1,147,925	947,306	21.18%
34	905 Miscellaneous Customer Accounts	56,966	57,005	(39)	(17)	E .
35	Total Customer Accounts Expenses	6,148,634	1,915,622	4,233,012	3,851,047	9.92%
36	Total Gustomer Moscullas Expenses	0,140,004	1,010,022	4,200,012	0,001,017	0.0270
37	Customer Service & Information Expenses					
38	Customer Service-Operation					
39	907 Supervision				_	
40	908 Customer Assistance	2 204 622	1,053,003	1,341,619	1,116,013	20.22%
41	909 Inform. & Instructional Advertising	2,394,622	132,407	321,852	272,471	18.12%
42	910 Misc. Customer Service & Inform.	454,259	132,407	321,032	212,411	10.1270
43	Total Customer Service & Information Exp.	2 040 004	1 105 410	1,663,471	1,388,484	19.80%
44	rotal Sustainer Service & Information Exp.	2,848,881	1,185,410	1,000,471	1,300,404	13.00 /0
45	Sales Expenses					
, ,	•					
46	Sales-Operation					-
47	911 Supervision	-	-	-	-	-
48	912 Demonstrating & Selling	070.555	440.000	450.040	204.044	42 200/
49	913 Advertising	279,502	119,886	159,616	281,014	-43.20%
50	916 Miscellaneous Sales		440.000	150.616	204.044	42.20%
51	Total Sales Expenses	279,502	119,886	159,616	281,014	-43.20%

Sch. 10	MONTANA OPERATION & MAINTENA	NCE EXPENSES	- NATURAL GA	S (INCLUDES C	MP)	
	Account Number & Title	This Year Cons. Utility	Non Jurisdictional Adjustments	This Year Montana	Last Year Montana	% Change
	Account Humber & Title	Cons. Canty	Aujusanents	Montana	Montana	70 Change
1	Administrative & General Expenses					
2	Admin. & General - Operation					1
3	920 Administrative & General Salaries	12,052,736	3,445,617	8,607,119	8,998,846	-4.35%
4	921 Office Supplies & Expenses	3,292,584	1,140,981	2,151,603	1,936,926	11.08%
5	922 Administrative Exp. Transferred-Cr.	(2,896,788)	(743,273)	(2,153,515)	(2,146,505)	-0.33%
6	923 Outside Services Employed	1,928,135	547,834	1,380,301	1,660,023	-16.85%
7	924 Property Insurance	229,265	60,706	168,559	212,871	-20.82%
8	925 Legal & Claim Department	2,555,689	833,320	1,722,369	2,490,212	-30.83%
9	926 Employee Pensions & Benefits	(1,201,032)	574,404	(1,775,436)	(223,398)	>-300.00%
10	928 Regulatory Commission Expenses	99,966	1,693	98,273	155,275	-36.71%
11	930 Miscellaneous General Expenses	2,909,204	132,889	2,776,315	2,588,988	7.24%
12	931 Rents	873,505	249,188	624,317	667,036	-6.40%
13	Total Operation-Admin. & General	19,843,264	6,243,359	13,599,905	16,340,274	-16.77%
14	Admin. & General - Maintenance					
15	935 General Plant	1,213,447	74,820	1,138,627	1,140,692	-0.18%
16		21,056,711	6,318,179	14,738,532	17,480,966	-15.69%
17	TOTAL OPER. & MAINT. EXPENSES	\$ 340,255,853	\$ 119,946,955	\$ 220,308,898	\$ 180,685,004	21.93%
18						
19					-	
20	Certain 2007 amounts have been reclassified to confor	m to the 2008 prese	entation.			
21		,				
22						

Sch. 11	Sch. 11 MONTANA TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME - NATURAL GAS (INCLUDES CMP)					
	Description	This Year	Last Year	% Change		
1						
2	Taxes associated with Payroll/Labor	\$1,564,646	\$1,447,586	8.09%		
3	Property Taxes	18,642,350	20,099,799	-7.25%		
4	Crow Tribe RR and Utility Tax	73,024	55,887	30.66%		
5	Blackfoot Possessoray Tax	281,880	291,271	-3.22%		
6	City Tax	2,592	3,436	-24.56%		
7	Consumer Counsel	261,538	173,901	50.39%		
8	Public Service Commission	695,523	566,017	22.88%		
9	Heavy Highway Use	6,125	8,477	<i>-</i> 27.75%		
10	Vehicle Use Taxes	77,218	67,583	14.26%		
11	Oil & Gas Royalty Taxes	256,257	180,658	41.85%		
12	Delaware Franchise Tax	36,480	36,149	0.92%		
13						
14						
15						
16	<u>Canadian Taxes</u>					
17	Ad Valorem	21,508	17,773	21.02%		
18						
19						
20						
21						
22 <b>TOT</b>	AL TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME	\$21,919,141	\$22,948,537	-4.49%		

Sch. 12	PAYMENTS FOR S		
	Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total
4			
	Aclara Software Inc.	Computer Consulting	145,605
	Alco Oil & Gas Production	Engineering and Fabrication Services	215,505
	Alliance Data Systems	IT Support Services	2,751,429
	American Arbitration Association	Arbitration Services	131,125
	American Gas Association	Membership Dues	82,347
-	American Innovations Inc.	Software Licensing Fees	641,401
	Arcadis	Engineering Services	766,152
	Areva T&D Inc.	Software Support Services	240,371
	Asplundh Tree Expert Co.	Tree Trimming	4,360,187
	Associated Arborists	Vegetation Management	437,054
	Automotive Rentals Inc.	Fleet Management	7,706,086
	Balhoff Williams LLC	Professional Services	517,608
	Bart Engineering Company	Engineering Services	134,950
	Bill Field Trucking Inc.	Equipment Transportation	284,610
	Bondholder Communications Group	Legal Services	81,702
	Brown, Williams, Moorhead and Quinn, Inc	Consulting - Regulating Reserve Analysis	81,597
	Browning, Kaleczyc, Berry and Hoven	Legal Services	886,618
	Central Air Service, Inc	Aerial Pilot Services	411,970
	CINC, LLC	Energy Consulting	355,714
	Corporate Executive Board	Membership Dues	206,900
21	Curtis, Mailet-Prevost, Colt & Mosle, LLC	Legal Services	3,357,432
22	Davenport, Evans, Hurwitz & Smith, LLC	Legal Services	125,030
23	Davey Tree Surgery Company	Tree Trimming	129,679
24	Davis O'Neill & Ross	Executive Search Fees	100,185
25	Deloitte & Touche LLP	Audit Services	1,697,176
26	Denton Louis Peoples	Board of Directors Fees	86,850
27	Dewild Grant Reckart & Associates	Engineering Services	91,680
28	Dickstein Shapiro, LLP	Legal Services	1,504,459
29	Distribution Construction Co.	Gas Pipeline Construction	1,074,566
30	DJ&A P.C. Consulting Engineers	Engineering Services	197,538
31	Edison Electric Institute	Membership Dues	146,29
32	EDM International, Inc.	Anchor Rod Inspection Services	92,543
	Eide Bailly	Audit Services	88,020
34	Elliott Aviation Inc.	Aircraft Maintenance	279,020
	Elm Locating & Utility Service	Locating Services and Excavation Notifications	1,999,452
	Emmet, Marvin & Martin, LLP	Legal Services	267,052
	Energy Share of Montana	USBC Services	902,255
	Entrix, Inc.	Consulting and Engineering Services	296,959
	Factory Mutual Insurance Company	Insurance Premiums	649,825
	Faegre & Benson, LLP	Legal Services	173,90
	Falls Construction Company	Construction	107,369
	Flying Horse Communication, Inc.	Advertising and Public Relations	941,65°
	Gartner Group, Inc.	1	
	Gillespie, Prudhon & Associates	IT Consulting Services	97,500
		Engineering Services	82,383
	Glacier Electric Cooperative Grant Thornton, LLP	Engineering Services	280,263
	Graphic Technologies, Inc.	Professional Services	85,72
		Software Licensing Fees	125,000
	Greenburg - Traurig	Legal Services	145,313
	Heath Consultants, Inc.	Gas Leak Surveys	296,84
	Hughes, Kellner, Sullivan & Alke	Legal Services	89,34
	Independent Inspection Company	Electric Line Inspection	860,72
	Independent Power Systems, Inc	Installation of Renewal Energy Systems	177,310
	Intergraph Corporation	Software Consultants	175,48
	Itron	Hardware and Software Maintenance	1,223,384
55	Jensen's Tree Service, Inc	Tree Trimming	117,90

Sch. 12a	PAYMENTS FOR SE		
Service Co	Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total
50	Los C. Forest		
i	Jon S. Fossel Jones Day	Board of Directors Fees	144,950
	Kema Services, Inc.	Legal Services	146,351
	Kurtzman Carlson Consultants	USB and DSM Programs and Services	4,121,379
	Lands Energy Consulting	Consulting Services - Bankruptcy	315,029
	Larson Digging, Inc.	Energy Consultants Construction	93,340
	LC Staffing Service	Temporary Employment Services	109,916 323,591
	Leonard, Street & Deinard	Legal Services	1.545,265
	Management Applications Consultants	Rate Case Consulting Services	191,699
	Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP	Legal Services	93,785
	Mappeor	Electric Reliability Services	178,548
	Marsh USA, Inc.	Insurance Premiums & Consulting	3,676,324
	Mercer Human Resource Consulting	Actuarial and Consulting Services	179,448
	Michael J. Hanson	Consulting Fees	201,339
	Michels Corporation	Contractor - Construction	5,151,540
	Microsoft Licensing, GP	Computer Licensing	881,304
	Moody's KMV	Credit Professional Fees	95,068
	Moss & Barnett	Legal Services	172,808
74	National Center for Appropriate Technology	Lab Testing	654,219
	Natural Gas Services, Inc	Gas Servicemen	114,315
	Northwest Energy Efficiency	Energy Services	453,139
	Par Electric Contractors, Inc.	Electric Construction and Maintenance	4,566,736
	Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, LLP	Legal Services	719,095
	Paulsen Marketing	Advertising	945,555
	Philip Maslowe	Board of Directors Fees	94,863
	Pioneer Technical Service Inc,	Engineering Services	91,050
	Pole Maintenance Company, LLC.	GIS Pole Inventory Services	88,563
	Power Engineers Incorporated	Engineering Services	2,337,149
	Pro Pipe Services, Inc.	Pipeline Fabrication Services	790,589
	Rembolt Ludtke, LLP	Legal Services	155,248
86	RML Incorporated	Boring Services	150,689
87	Rocky Mountain Contractors, Inc.	Electric Construction and Maintenance	13,363,552
	Rod Tabbert Construction, Inc.	Construction	403,283
89	Rounds Brothers Trenching	Boring Services	162,961
90	SAP America Inc.	Software Maintenance	1,712,889
91	SK Geotechnical Corporation	Engineering and Drilling Services	156,361
92	Smartpros Ltd.	HR Consulting	79,495
93	Solar Plexus	USB and DSM Programs and Services	94,211
	Spherion Corporation	Temporary Employment Services	104,060
95	State Line Contractors, Inc.	Electric Construction and Maintenance	473,853
96	Stencil Construction, Inc.	Construction	102,523
97	Steptoe & Johnson LLP	Legal Services	238,033
98	Stone & Webster Consultants	Power Generation Development	1,384,238
	Sullivan, Tabaracci & Rhoades, PC	Legal Services	93,241
100	Sundance Solar Systems	Installation of Renewal Energy Systems	154,683
	Terra Contracting, LLC	Remediation Work	319,510
102	Terracon	Engineering Services	125,463
103	The Bayard Firm	Legal Services	137,729
104	The Claro Group, LLC	Environmental Consulting Services	492,806
105	The Electric Company	Construction and Maintenance	431,926
	The Energy Authority, Inc	Scheduling and Dispatching	419,284
	The L.E. Myers Co.	Storm Damage Restoration	659,635
	Tony Laslovich Construction	Construction	172,511
109	Towers Perrin HR Services	HR Consulting	108,247

h. 12b	PAYMENTS FOR	SERVICES TO PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES 1/	
	Name of Recipient Nature of Service		Total
110	TP Construction Incorporated	Construction	78,763
111	Trademark Electric, Inc.	Electrical Contractors	394,027
112	Transcon Environmental, Inc.	Environmental Consulting	135,068
113	Utilities Underground Location	Locating Services and Excavation Notifications	126,386
114	Varsity Contractors, Inc.	Janitorial Services	257,528
115	Washington Forestry Consultants	Forestry Consultants	308,475
116	Waterman Energy, Inc.	Pipeline Inspection Services	120,612
117	Williamson Fencing & Sprinklers, Inc.	Construction	83,828
118	Winston & Strawn, LLP	Legal Services	501,292
119	Wright & Sudlow, Inc.	Concrete Contractor	158,261
120	Wright Tree Service	Tree Trimming	729,920
121	Zacha Underground Construction	Construction	84,128
	Total of Payments Set Forth Above	\$	91,656,721

1/ This schedule includes payments for services over \$75,000.

Sch. 13	POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEES / POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS						
	Description	Total Company	Montana	% Montana			
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	NorthWestern Energy does not make any contributions to Political Action Committees (PACs) or candidates. The company may contribute to ballot issue campaigns in accordance with various state laws.  There are two employee PACs, one called Citizens for Responsible Government / Employees of NorthWestern Energy, and one called NorthWestern Public Service Employee's Political Action Committee. These are organizations of employees and shareholders of NorthWestern Energy. All of the money contributed by members goes to support political candidates. No company funds may be spent in support of a political candidate. Nominal administrative costs for such things as duplicating, postage and meeting expenses are paid by the company. These costs are charged to shareholder expense.  During 2008, NorthWestern Energy made contributions in support of:		Workana				
29 30	Six-mill University Levy	\$10,000	\$10,000	100.00%			
33	Lewis and Clark Library Levy	\$3,000	\$3,000	100.00%			
34 35 36 37 38 39							
	TOTAL Contributions	\$13,000	\$13,000	100%			

Plan Name: NorthWestern Energy Pension Plan							
Plan Name: NorthWestern Energy Pension Plan							
Defined Benefit Plan? Yes	Def	ined Contributio	n Pla	an? No			
Actuarial Cost Method? Projected Unit Credit		Code:					
Annual Contribution by Employer: Variable		ne Plan Over Fu	nde	d? No	•		
, annual community Employer. Yanaayo	, , ,						
Item	1	Current Year	-	Last Year	% Change		
					<del></del>		
	\$	327,143,594	\$	334,814,884	-2.29%		
	1	7,517,814		7,985,513	-5.86%		
Interest cost		19,934,599		18,926,540	5.33%		
Plan participants' contributions		-		-	-		
Amendments	ŀ	48,933		-			
Actuarial (gain) loss	ĺ	563,657		(17,719,569)	103.18%		
Acquisition	ł	-		- 1	-		
Benefits paid		(15,958,833)		(16,863,774)	5.37%		
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$	339,249,764	\$	327,143,594	3.70%		
Change in Plan Assets	7	-		-			
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	287,209,114	\$	258,200,790	11.23%		
Actual return on plan assets		(88,636,398)		23,905,777	>-300.00%		
		-		-	-		
Employer contribution		31,140,000		21,966,321	41.76%		
	-	-		-	-		
Benefits paid				(16,863,774)	5.37%		
	\$	213,753,883	\$	287,209,114	-25.58%		
Funded Status	\$	(125,495,881)	\$	(39,934,480)	-214.25%		
	į	-		-			
		-		-			
	\$	(125,495,881)	\$	(39,934,480)	-214.25%		
		-		-			
Discount rate	1			1			
Expected return on plan assets							
Rate of compensation increase							
	3.5	55% Non-Union	3.5	5% Non-Union			
	1						
	\$		\$		-5.86%		
					5.33%		
					-13.14%		
			1	241,913	1.84%		
	_			5.000.544	40.000/		
	\$	3,103,450	\$	5,993,511	-48.22%		
			_	-	60.655		
	\$		\$		39.36%		
			_		46.55%		
	-   \$	(125,495,881)	\$	(39,934,480)	-214.25%		
		2 2 2 2			0.470/		
		3,205	1	3,190	0.47%		
		4.075		4.060	1 400/		
					1.42%		
					0.80%		
					-1.13%		
	vering	South Dakota a	n <b>u</b> N	ieuraska emploj	yees mains		
	Change in Benefit Obligation Benefit obligation at beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Plan participants' contributions Amendments Actuarial (gain) loss Acquisition Benefit spaid Benefit obligation at end of year Change in Plan Assets Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Acquisition Employer contribution Plan participants' contributions Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets at end of year Funded Status Unrecognized net actuarial gain (loss) Unrecognized prior service cost Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs Service cost Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amortization of prior service cost Recognized net actuarial gain Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis) Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis) Pension Costs Pension Costs Capitalized Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End Number of Company Employees: Covered by the Plan Not Covered by the Plan Active Retired Deferred Vested Terminated	Change in Benefit Obligation  Benefit obligation at beginning of year  Service cost Interest cost Plan participants' contributions Amendments Actuarial (gain) loss Acquisition Benefits paid Benefit obligation at end of year  Change in Plan Assets Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Acquisition Employer contribution Plan participants' contributions Benefits paid Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets at end of year  Funded Status Unrecognized net actuarial gain (loss) Unrecognized prior service cost Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End Discount rate Expected return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase  3.5  Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs Service cost Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amortization of prior service cost Recognized net actuarial gain Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis)  Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis) Pension Costs Pension Costs Pension Costs Capitalized Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End  Sumber of Company Employees: Covered by the Plan Not Covered by the Plan Not Covered by the Plan Active Retired Deferred Vested Terminated  1/ NorthWestern Corporation has a separate pension plan covering	Item	Item	Item		

Sch. 14a	Pension Costs						
1.	Plan Name: NorthWestern Energy 401k Retirement Savings Plan						
2	Defined Benefit Plan? No Actuarial Cost Method? N/A Annual Contribution by Employer: Variable	Def IRS	ined Contributio Code: 401(k) ne Plan Over Fu				
	. Item	T	Current Year	Last Year	% Change		
6	Change in Benefit Obligation	1	Odirent / Car	Luot 1 out	70 01121190		
	Benefit obligation at beginning of year						
	Service cost						
9	Interest cost						
10	Plan participants' contributions		Not Ap	plicable			
11	Amendments						
12	Actuarial loss	]					
13	Acquisition						
14	Benefits paid						
15	Benefit obligation at end of year	\$	-	\$ -			
	Change in Plan Assets						
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year						
	Actual return on plan assets						
	Acquisition						
	Employer contribution 2/	\$	5,290,935	\$ 4,723,552	12.01%		
	Plan participants' contributions						
	Benefits paid	<u> </u>					
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year 2/	\$	146,828,131	\$ 207,762,674	-29.33%		
1	Funded Status	<u></u>	Not Ap	plicable			
	Unrecognized net actuarial loss						
	Unrecognized prior service cost	<u> </u>					
	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost	\$	_	\$ -			
28							
	Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End	<u> </u>	Not Ap	plicable			
	Discount rate	l					
	Expected return on plan assets						
	Rate of compensation increase						
33	Communication of New Powled in Dougstite Conta	<u> </u>	Not As	nlinghla			
	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs	<u> </u>	NOT AP	plicable			
	Service cost	-					
	Interest cost						
	Expected return on plan assets						
	Amortization of prior service cost Recognized net actuarial loss						
	Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis)	\$		\$ -			
41	receptions benefit cost (CEO Dasis)	Ť					
	   Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis)	ļ					
43		\$	3,334,352	\$ 3,100,121	7.56%		
44		"	646,193	571,346	13.10%		
45	•	$\vdash$		plicable			
	Number of Company Employees:	3/ 3/					
47			1,387	1,340	3.51%		
48	1		.,,				
49			1,340	1,273	5,26%		
50		1	,				
51	Y		285	267	6.74%		
52							
	2/ This plan covers all NorthWestern Corporation employees.	_					
	3/ Represents total company 401(k) plan participants.						
	To represents total company 40 I/K/ Plan Participants.			,	Schedule 14		

Sch. 15	Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEBS)							
	ltem	Current Year	Last Year	% Change				
1	Regulatory Treatment:							
2	Commission authorized - most recent							
3	Docket number: 93.6.24	645						
4	Order number: 5709d		<del>,</del>					
	Amount recovered through rates	\$2,650,762	\$3,238,965	-18.16%				
	Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End	1/	2/					
	Discount rate	6.25%		4.17%				
	Expected return on plan assets	8.00%	1					
9	Medical Cost Inflation Rate 3/		10.0%,5.0%:13					
	a	Projected Unit Cre	edit Actuarial, Cost	*				
	- Marian - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1	Method Allocated fr	om the Date of Hire					
10	Actuarial Cost Method	to Full Elig	ibility Date					
	•	3.50% Union &	3.50% Union &					
11	Rate of compensation increase		3,55% Non-Union					
	List each method used to fund OPEBs (ie: VEBA, 401	(h)) and if tax advant	aged:					
13		·	•					
14		ged						
15	Describe any Changes to the Benefit Plan:							
16								
	1/ Obtained from NorthWestern Energy-Montana's 2008	FASB 106 Valuation.	Assumptions and d	ata				
	are as of December 31, 2008.							
	2/ Obtained from NorthWestern Energy-Montana's 2007	FASB 106 Valuation.	Assumptions and d	ata				
	are as of December 31, 2007.							
	3/ First Year, Ultimate, Years to Reach Ultimate.							
		The second second						

Sch. 15a	Other Post Employment Ber	efits (OPEBS) (	continued)	
	Item	Current Year	Last Year	% Change
1	Number of Company Employees:			
2	Covered by the Plan			
3				
4				
5	1			
6	Spouses/Dependants covered by the Plan			
7	Montana 4/			
8	Change in Benefit Obligation			
	Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$37,319,466	\$43,025,921	-13.26%
10	Service cost	563,273	\$580,372	-2.95%
	Interest Cost	1,981,367	\$2,034,633	-2.62%
	Plan participants' contributions	-	•	-
I .	Amendments	-		
	Actuarial loss/(gain)	(913,152)	(\$5,972,918)	84.71%
	Acquisition	-		-
	Benefits paid	(2,952,575)	(\$2,348,542)	-25.72%
17	Benefit obligation at end of year	\$35,998,379	\$37,319,466	-3.54%
	Change in Plan Assets	-	-	22.400/
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$16,454,260	\$13,357,707	23.18%
	Actual return on plan assets	(5,061,977)	\$890,955	>-300.00%
	Acquisition	2 004 020	ΦΛ ΕΕΛ 140	- -12.58%
	Employer contribution	3,981,238	\$4,554,140	-12.56%
23	Plan participants' contributions	(2.052.575)	(CO 240 E40)	-25.72%
	Benefits paid	(2,952,575) \$12,420,946	(\$2,348,542) \$16,454,260	-23.7276 -24.51%
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year Funded Status	(\$23,577,433)	(\$20,865,206)	-13.00%
	Unrecognized net transition (asset)/obligation	(\$23,577,455)	(\$20,000,200)	-10.0070
	Unrecognized net actuarial loss/(gain)		_	_
	Unrecognized riet actualial loss/(gaill)	]	_	_
	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost	(\$23,577,433)	(\$20,865,206)	-13.00%
	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs	- (Ψ20,011,400)	- (ΨΖΟ,ΟΟΟ,ΖΟΟ)	
	Service cost	\$563,273	\$580,372	-2.95%
	Interest cost	1,981,367	\$2,034,633	-2.62%
	Expected return on plan assets	(1,316,341)	(\$1,068,617)	-23.18%
	Amortization of transitional (asset)/obligation	-	, , ,	-
	Amortization of prior service cost	_		
	Recognized net actuarial loss/(gain)	(568,278)	(\$358,849)	-58.36%
	Net periodic benefit cost	\$660,021	\$1,187,539	-44.42%
39	Accumulated Post Retirement Benefit Obligation	1	-	
40	Amount Funded through VEBA	-	\$ -	-
41		-	1,028,663	-100.00%
42		2,952,575	2,210,302	33.58%
43		\$2,952,575	\$3,238,965	-8.84%
44	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	\$ -	<b>A</b>	100 000
45	1		\$1,028,663	-100.00%
46	ľ	2,650,762	\$2,210,302	19.93%
47		\$2,650,762	\$3,238,965	-18.16%
	Montana Intrastate Costs:	00.050.700	#0.000.00F	10 160/
49		\$2,650,762	\$3,238,965	-18.16% 13.04%
50		513,714	596,934	-13.94% -13.00%
51		(\$23,577,433)	(\$20,865,206)	-13.0076
52	Number of Montana Employees:  Covered by the Plan	2,159	2,164	-0.23%
54		160	2,104	1.91%
55		1,080	1,080	1.51,70
56		976	974	0.21%
57		103	110	-6.36%
	4/ There is approximately an additional \$8,324,249 and			
	outstanding at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively	for other supplemen	tal retirement agreer	ments in
	addition to what is reflected for Montana above.	,app		-
1				

Note: This schedule includes the ten most highly compensated employees assigned or allocated to Montana that are not already included on Sch 17.

TOP TEN MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED)

ine lo.	Name/Title	Base Salary (Wages)	Bonuses 1/		Other 2/		Total Compensation	Total Compensation Reported Last Year	% Increase Total Compensation
1	Michael J. Hanson Former President & Chief Executive Officer	355,180	210,825 /	A		Е	1,072,600	1,006,799	7%
2	Thomas J. Knapp Former Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary	200,398	68,543	А	284,012 (119,100)	Е	509,514	537,033	-5%
3	David G. Gates Vice President, Wholesale Operations	214,478	68,977	Α		D E F	428,781	383,792	12%
4	Bart A. Thielbar Director, Special Projects	195,142	53,274	A	55,800	Ε	364,207	363,621	0%
5	Paul J. Evans Treasurer	205,443	59,009	Α	32,706 45,042 9,016 2,500	B D E J	353,716	335,868	5%
6	Kendall G. Kliewer Vice President, Controller	206,386	37,252	Α	50,109	B D E	336,382	347,213	-3%
7	Patrick R. Corcoran Vice President, Government & Regulatory Affairs	181,061	49,815	Α	38,181	B D E	333,546	301,491	11%
8	Bobbi L. Schroeppel Vice President, Customer Care & Communications	193,209	53,428	Α	9,280	Ď	330,874	315,997	5%
9	Nicole L. Benge Senior Manager, Operations & Substations	117,631	16,386	Α	19,339 6,091 14,093 6,300 94,575	D E H	274,415	N/A	
10	Michael L. Nieman Officer, Internal Audit & Control	174,284	25,690	Α	33,671 30,024 9,292	D		259,889	5%

	TOP TEN MONTANA	COMPENSA	TED EMPLO	YEES (ASSI	GNED OR ALL	OCATED)	
Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary	Bonuses 1/	Other 2/	Total	Total Compensation Reported Last Year	% Increase Total Compensation
1	1/ Bonuses include the following:	•					
2	•						
3	A> Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation includes amounts paid under the 2008 Employee						
4	Incentive Compensation Plan. Amount	s were earned	in 2008 but paid	d in the first quar	rter of 2009. Base	d on	
5	company performance against plan, the			91% of target. I	Individual awards v	aried	
6	from the funded level based on individual performance.						
7							
8	2/ All Other Compensation for named employees consists of the following:						
9							
10	B> Employer contributions to benefits - me			e assistance pro	gram,		
11	group term life, 401(k) match, and non-elective 401(k) contribution.						
12							
13 14							
15	D>These values reflect the compensation expense recognized for restricted stock awards and are calculated using the provisions of SFAS No. 123R, Share-Based Payments.						
16							
17	using the provisions of of AO 140. 1251	, onarc-basea	r aymonts.				
18	E>Change in pension value over previous	vear The pres	sent value of ac	cumulated bene	efits was calculated		
19	assuming benefits commence at age 6						
20	payment form consistent with those dis						
21	in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for						
22	·	·	·				
23	F> Paid time off sold back.						
24							
25	G> Imputed income - personal use of Heb	gen Lake prope	erty.				
26							
- 27	H> Vehicle allowance.						
28							
29	l> Merit cash.						
30							
31	J> Merit bonus.						
32	K. Barmanta salatad ta sala adis s						
33	K> Payments related to relocation.						

Note: This schedule contains the five most highly compensated corporate officers who are assigned or allocated to Montana.

#### TOP FIVE MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED)

Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary (Wages)	Bonuses 1/	Other 2/	Total Compensation	Total Compensation Reported Last Year	% Increase Total Compensation
1	Robert C. Rowe President & Chief Executive Officer	169,231	120,960 A	7,253 E 100,000 C 15,050 E	;	N/A	·
2	Brian B. Bird Vice President, Chief Financial Officer	325,129	149,244 A	35,759 E 132,221 E 11,415 E		668,862	-2%
3	Gregory G. Trandem Former Vice President, Administrative Services	216,000	78,624 A	41,136 E 74,335 D 13,006 E 543 F		422,631	0%
4	Curtis T. Pohl Vice President, Retail Operations	207,988	67,012 A	38,616 E 63,840 D 17,813 E 543 F		377,245	5%
5	Miggie E. Cramblit Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Secretary	175,385	69,160 A	20,699 E 9,033 E 106,963 C		N/A	

TOP FIVE MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED) % Increase Total Line Total Compensation Total No. Name/Title Base Salary **Bonuses** Other Compensation Reported Last Year Compensation 2/ 1/ 1 1/ Bonuses include the following: 2 3 4 A> Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation includes amounts paid under the 2008 Employee Incentive Compensation Plan. Amounts were earned in 2008 but paid in the first quarter of 2009. Based on 5 company performance against plan, the incentive plan was funded at 91% of target. 6 7 2/ All Other Compensation for named employees consists of the following: 8 9 B> Employer contributions to benefits - medical, dental, vision, employee assistance program, 10 group term life, reimbursement of premiums under COBRA, 401(k) match, and non-elective 401(k) contribution. 11 12 C> Imputed income related to the buyout of a contract with Mr. Rowe's former employer. 13 14 D>These values reflect the compensation expense recognized for restricted stock awards and are calculated 15 using the provisions of SFAS No. 123R, Share-Based Payments. 16 17 E>Change in pension value over previous year. The present value of accumulated benefits was calculated 18 assuming benefits commence at age 65 and using the discount rate, mortality assumption and assumed 19 payment form consistent with those disclosed in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 20 in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. 21

G> Payments related to relocation.

22

23

24 25

Sch. 18	BALANCE SHE	ET 1/		
	Account Title	This Year	Last Year	% Change
1	Assets and Other Debits			
2			·	
3		\$2,668,916,341	\$2,554,329,610	4.49%
4	101.1 Property Under Capital Leases	40,209,537	40,209,537	0.00%
5	105 Plant Held for Future Use	4,900	4,900	0.00%
1 6	107 Construction Work in Progress	13,392,200	23,014,098	-41.81%
7	108 Accumulated Depreciation Reserve	(1,301,034,680)	(1,235,398,220)	5.31%
8		(5,026,172)	(3,015,704)	66.67%
9		(42,077,470)	(44,057,594)	-4.49%
10		9,356,285	3,106,285	201.20%
11		(3,011,371)		3.25%
12		355,128,500	355,128,500	0.00%
13		32,111,698	32,114,042	-0.01%
14	3	1,767,969,768	1,722,518,996	2.64%
15		1,121,122,112	, , ,	
16		7,935,491	7,570,168	4.83%
17		(198,054)		49.61%
18		168,434,709	159,750,871	5.44%
19		472,249	989,732	-52.29%
20		712,279		-
2				_
22		176,644,394	168,178,393	5.03%
23		170,044,004	100,170,000	0.0070
24		11,208,641	12,663,974	-11.49%
25		4,027,516	3,309,573	21.69%
26			42,285	1.21%
27		42,798	42,200	1.2170
28		-	9,613	-100.00%
29		69,840,344	62,246,102	12.20%
				17.76%
30		13,918,466	11,819,105	
		(2,978,917)	(3,166,261)	-3.9270
32		7 775 200	0.455.000	20.440/
		7,775,366	6,455,660	20.44%
34		4,874,590	4,725,662	3.15%
35		19,307,628	17,951,184	7.56%
36		46,543,828	40,851,403	13.93%
37		9,723,553	10,114,245	-3.86%
38		100 000	-	000.000/
40		139,033	33,816	>300.00%
4		79,144,114	75,953,898	4.20%
42		3,222,422	988,362	226.04%
43		3,785,419	5,719,757	-33.82%
44	, , ,	s   -	- '	-
45		-	-	•
46		-		
47		270,574,803	249,718,377	8.35%
48				
49		12,469,833	14,858,756	-16.08%
50		253,429,595	108,179,282	134.27%
51		6,660,776	1,752,718	280.03%
52		32,373	9,306	247.86%
53		78	78	0.00%
54		493,054	704,587	-30.02%
55		5,061,068	4,318,150	17.20%
56		64,595,190	84,729,364	-23.76%
57	191 Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs	(22,960,922)		
58	Total Deferred Debits	319,781,045	202,115,920	58.22%
	TOTAL ASSETS and OTHER DEBITS	\$ 2,534,970,010	\$ 2,342,531,686	8.21%

Sch. 18	cont. BALANCE SHE	ET 1/		
Sign to the little	Account Title	This Year	Last Year	% Change
1	Liabilities and Other Credits			
2	Proprietary Capital			
3	201 Common Stock Issued	\$ 394,614	\$ 393,339	0.32%
4	204 Preferred Stock Issued	-	-	-
5	207 Premium on Capital Stock	-	-	-
6	211 Miscellaneous Paid-In Capital	805,900,184	803,061,335	0.35%
7	213 Discount on Capital Stock	-	-	-
8	214 Capital Stock Expense	-	-	-
9	215 Appropriated Retained Earnings	-	-	-
10	216 Unappropriated Retained Earnings	34,370,579	16,602,789	107.02%
12	217 Reacquired Capital Stock	(89,487,420)	(10,780,785)	>300.00%
13	219 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	12,354,188	13,747,958	-10.14%
14	Total Proprietary Capital	763,532,146	823,024,636	-7.23%
15	Long Term Debt	, ,		
16	221 Bonds	600,205,000	621,555,000	-3.43%
17	223 Advances in Associated Companies	-	021,000,000	_
18	224 Other Long Term Debt	108,000,000	12,000,000	>300.00%
19	226 Unamortized Discount on Long Term Debt-Debit	56,350	63,700	-11.54%
	Total Long Term Debt	708,148,650	633,491,300	11.78%
21	Other Noncurrent Liabilities	700,140,030	000,101,000	11.7070
22	227 Obligations Under Capital Leases-Noncurrent	36 709 150	29 001 667	2.470/
23	228.1 Accumulated Provision for Property Insurance	36,798,159	38,001,667	-3.17%
24	228.2 Accumulated Provision for Injuries and Damages	10 001 177	11 100 070	4 500
25	228.3 Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits	10,961,477	11,128,272	-1.50%
26		71,251,411	44,970,186	58.44%
27	228.4 Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions 229 Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds	194,305,799	189,459,290	2.56%
28		1,318	2,243,806	-99.94%
	230 Asset Retirement Obligations Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities	7,160,145	4,453,043	60.79%
30		320,478,310	290,256,263	10.41%
i i	Current and Accrued Liabilities	and the second s		<b>3.</b>
31	231 Notes Payable	-	-	-
32	232 Accounts Payable	102,856,895	99,473,440	3.40%
33	233 Notes Payable to Associated Companies	-	-	-
34	234 Accounts Payable to Associated Companies	15,832,169	7,021,464	125.48%
35	235 Customer Deposits	7,215,417	8,113,459	-11.07%
36	236 Taxes Accrued	128,253,825	132,621,196	-3.29%
37	237 Interest Accrued	10,449,036	11,882,783	-12.07%
39	238 Dividends Declared	-	-	-
40	241 Tax Collections Payable	2,567,240	1,386,961	85.10%
41	242 Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities	56,715,874	54,859,330	3.38%
42	243 Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current	1,192,887	2,388,703	-50.06%
43	244 Derivative Instrument Liabilities	29,155,980	51,483	>300.00%
44	245 Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges	-	-	-
	Total Current and Accrued Liabilities	354,239,325	317,798,820	11.47%
46	Deferred Credits		' '	
47	252 Customer Advances for Construction	49,997,718	45,193,740	10.63%
48	253 Other Deferred Credits	124,713,000	45,237,585	175.68%
49	254 Regulatory Liabilities	37,383,507	32,137,737	16.32%
50	255 Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits	2,916,870	3,497,059	-16.59%
51	257 Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt	2,510,570	5,457,555	-10.5970
52	281-283 Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	173,560,485	151,894,547	14.26%
	Total Deferred Credits	388,571,579	277,960,667	39.79%
	TOTAL LIABILITIES and OTHER CREDITS	\$ 2,534,970,010		8.21%
55	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,554,970,010	2,042,001,000	0.2170

<sup>56 1/</sup> This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory
Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. As such, subsidiaries are presented using the
equity method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presentation in FERC Form 1, plus Canadian
Montana Pipeline Corp.

<sup>61</sup> Certain 2007 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 presentation.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (1) Nature of Operations

NorthWestern Corporation, doing business as NorthWestern Energy, provides electricity and natural gas to approximately 656,000 customers in Montana, South Dakota and Nebraska. We have generated and distributed electricity in South Dakota and distributed natural gas in South Dakota and Nebraska since 1923 and have distributed electricity and natural gas in Montana since 2002.

The financial statements for the periods included herein have been prepared by NorthWestern Corporation (NorthWestern, we or us), pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (2) Significant Accounting Policies

#### Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements are presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the FERC as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. This report differs from GAAP due to FERC requiring the presentation of subsidiaries on the equity method of accounting, which differs from Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 94 "Consolidation of All Majority-Owned Subsidiaries" (SFAS No. 94). SFAS No. 94 requires that all majority-owned subsidiaries be consolidated (see Note 3). The other significant differences consist of the following:

- Comparative statements of net income per share are not presented;
- Removal costs of transmission and distribution assets are reflected in the Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated depreciation of \$194.3 million and \$165.4 million as of December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment as compared to regulatory liabilities for GAAP purposes;
- Goodwill is reflected in the balance sheets as a utility plant adjustment of \$355.1 million as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to goodwill for GAAP purposes (see Note 6);
- The write-down of plant values associated with the 2002 acquisition of the Montana operations is reflected in the Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated depreciation of \$192.8 million for both December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, in accordance with regulatory treatment as compared to plant for GAAP purposes;
- The current portion of gas stored underground is reflected in the Balance Sheets as current and accrued assets, as compared to materials and supplies for GAAP purposes;
- Current and long-term debt is classified in the Balance Sheets as all long-term debt in accordance with regulatory treatment, while GAAP presentation reflects current and long-term debt on separate lines; and
- Accumulated deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified in the Balance Sheets as gross deferred debits and credits, respectively, while GAAP presentation reflects either a net deferred tax asset or liability.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for such items as long-lived asset

values and impairment charges, long-lived asset useful lives, tax provisions, asset retirement obligations, uncollectible accounts, our QF obligation, environmental costs, unbilled revenues and actuarially determined benefit costs. We revise the recorded estimates when we get better information or when we can determine actual amounts. Those revisions can affect operating results.

#### Revenue Recognition

For our South Dakota and Nebraska operations, as prescribed by the applicable regulatory authorities, electric and natural gas utility revenues are based on billings rendered to customers. For our Montana operations, as prescribed by the Montana Public Service Commission (MPSC), operating revenues are recorded monthly on the basis of consumption or services rendered. Customers are billed monthly on a cycle basis. To match revenues with associated expenses, we accrue unbilled revenues for electrical and natural gas services delivered to customers, but not yet billed at month-end.

#### Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at average cost. Inventory consisted of the following (in thousands):

Fuel Stock
Materials and supplies
Gas stored underground (including the non- current portion reflected in utility plant)

December 31,							
	2008		2007				
\$	4,875	\$	4,726				
	19,308		17,951				
	78,656		72,965				
\$	102,839	\$	95,642				

#### **Regulation of Utility Operations**

Our regulated operations are subject to the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 71, Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulations (SFAS No. 71). Accounting under SFAS No. 71 is appropriate provided that (i) rates are established by or subject to approval by independent, third-party regulators, (ii) rates are designed to recover the specific enterprise's cost of service, and (iii) in view of demand for service, it is reasonable to assume that rates are set at levels that will recover costs and can be charged to and collected from customers.

Our financial statements reflect the effects of the different rate making principles followed by the jurisdiction regulating us. The economic effects of regulation can result in regulated companies recording costs that have been, or are expected to be, allowed in the ratemaking process in a period different from the period in which the costs would be charged to expense by an unregulated enterprise. When this occurs, costs are deferred as regulatory assets on the balance sheet and recorded as expenses in the periods when those same amounts are reflected in rates. Additionally, regulators can impose liabilities upon a regulated company for amounts previously collected from customers and for amounts that are expected to be refunded to customers (regulatory liabilities).

If all or a separable portion of our operations becomes no longer subject to the provisions of SFAS No. 71, an evaluation of future recovery of the related regulatory assets and liabilities would be necessary. In addition, we would determine any impairment to the carrying costs of deregulated plant and inventory assets.

#### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

We are exposed to market risk, including changes in interest rates and the impact of market fluctuations in the price of electricity and natural gas commodities as discussed further in Note 7. To manage these risks, we may use both derivative and non-derivative contracts that may provide for settlement in cash or by delivery of a commodity, including:

- Forward contracts, which commit us to purchase or sell energy commodities in the future,
- Option contracts, which convey the right to buy or sell a commodity at a predetermined price, and
- Swap agreements, which require payments to or from counterparties based upon the differential between two prices for a predetermined contractual (notional) quantity.

SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (SFAS No. 133), as amended, requires that all derivatives be recognized in the Balance Sheet, either as assets or liabilities, at fair value, unless they meet the normal purchase and normal sales criteria. The changes in the fair value of recognized derivatives are recorded each period in current earnings or accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI), depending on whether a derivative is designated as part of a hedge transaction and the type of hedge transaction.

For contracts in which we are hedging the variability of cash flows related to forecasted transactions that qualify as cash flow hedges, the changes in the fair value of such derivative instruments are reported in AOCI. The relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item must be documented to include the risk management objective and strategy and, at inception and on an ongoing basis, the effectiveness of the hedge in offsetting the changes in the cash flows of the item being hedged. Gains or losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to earnings in the periods in which earnings are affected by the variability of the cash flows of the related hedged item. Any ineffective portion of all hedges would be recognized in current-period earnings. Cash flows related to these contracts are classified in the same category as the transaction being hedged.

We have applied the normal purchases and normal sales scope exception, as provided by SFAS No. 133 and interpreted by Derivatives Implementation Guidance Issue C15, to certain contracts involving the purchase and sale of gas and electricity at fixed prices in future periods. Revenues and expenses from these contracts are reported on a gross basis in the appropriate revenue and expense categories as the commodities are received or delivered.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at original cost, including contracted services, direct labor and material, allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC), and indirect charges for engineering, supervision and similar overhead items. All expenditures for maintenance and repairs of utility property, plant and equipment are charged to the appropriate maintenance expense accounts. A betterment or replacement of a unit of property is accounted for as an addition and retirement of utility plant. At the time of such a retirement, the accumulated provision for depreciation is charged with the original cost of the property retired and also for the net cost of removal. Also included in utility plant are assets under capital lease, which are stated at the present value of minimum lease payments.

AFUDC represents the cost of financing construction projects with borrowed funds and equity funds. While cash is not realized currently from such allowance, it is realized under the ratemaking process over the service life of the related property through increased revenues resulting from a higher rate base and higher depreciation expense. The component of AFUDC attributable to borrowed funds is included as a reduction to net interest charges, while the equity component is included in other income. We determine the rate used to compute AFUDC in accordance with a formula established by the FERC. This rate averaged 8.9% and 8.7% for Montana for 2008 and 2007, respectively, and 8.8% and 8.7% for South Dakota for 2008 and 2007, respectively. Interest capitalized totaled \$0.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 and \$0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 for Montana and South Dakota combined.

We capitalize preliminary survey and investigation charges related to the determination of the feasibility of transmission or generation utility projects in deferred debits. Upon commencement of construction, these costs are transferred to construction work in

progress, and upon completion, these costs will be transferred to utility plant. These costs totaled approximately \$6.7 million and \$1.8 million as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Capitalized costs are charged to operating expense if the development of the project is no longer feasible.

We may require contributions in aid of construction from customers when we extend service. Amounts used from these contributions to fund capital additions were \$6.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 and \$14.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2007.

We record provisions for depreciation at amounts substantially equivalent to calculations made on a straight-line method by applying various rates based on useful lives of the various classes of properties (ranging from three to 40 years) determined from engineering studies. As a percentage of the depreciable utility plant at the beginning of the year, our provision for depreciation of utility plant was approximately 3.3% and 3.5% for 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Depreciation rates include a provision for our share of the estimated costs to decommission three coal-fired generating plants at the end of the useful life of each plant. The annual provision for such costs is included in depreciation expense and the accumulated provision is included in accumulated depreciation.

# Stock-based Compensation

Under our equity-based incentive plans, we have granted restricted stock awards to all eligible employees and members of the Board. We discuss these awards in further detail in Note 16. We account for these awards using SFAS No. 123R, Share-Based Payment (SFAS No. 123R), which requires companies to recognize compensation expense for all equity-based compensation awards issued to employees that are expected to vest. Under SFAS No. 123R, we recognize the fair value of compensation cost ratably or in tranches (depending if the award has cliff or graded vesting) over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award. As forfeitures of restricted stock grants occur, the associated compensation cost recognized to date is reversed.

## **Income Taxes**

Exposures exist related to various tax filing positions, which may require an extended period of time to resolve and may result in income tax adjustments by taxing authorities. We have reduced deferred tax assets or established liabilities based on our best estimate of future probable adjustments related to these exposures. On a quarterly basis, we evaluate exposures in light of any additional information and make adjustments as necessary to reflect the best estimate of the future outcomes. We believe our deferred tax assets and established liabilities are appropriate for estimated exposures; however, actual results may differ from these estimates. The resolution of tax matters in a particular future period could have a material impact on our Statement of Income and provision for income taxes.

### **Environmental Costs**

We record environmental costs when it is probable we are liable for the costs and we can reasonably estimate the liability. We may defer costs as a regulatory asset if we have prior regulatory authorization for recovery of these costs from customers in future rates. Otherwise, we expense the costs. If an environmental expense is related to facilities we currently use, such as pollution control equipment, then we capitalize and depreciate the costs over the remaining life of the asset, assuming the costs are recoverable in future rates or future cash flows.

Our remediation cost estimates are based on the use of an environmental consultant, our experience, our assessment of the current situation and the technology currently available for use in the remediation. We regularly adjust the recorded costs as we revise estimates and as remediation proceeds. If we are one of several designated responsible parties, then we estimate and record only our share of the cost. We treat any future costs of restoring sites where operation may extend indefinitely as a capitalized cost of plant retirement. The depreciation expense levels we can recover in rates include a provision for these estimated removal costs.

### **Emission Allowances**

We have sulfur dioxide (SO2) emission allowances and each allowance permits a generating unit to emit one ton of SO2 during or after a specified year. We have approximately 3,200 excess SO2 emission allowances per year for years 2017 through 2031, however these allowances have no carrying value in our financial statements and the market for these years is presently illiquid. These emission allowances are not subject to regulatory jurisdiction. When excess SO2 emission allowances are sold, we reflect the gain in operating income and cash received is reflected as an investing activity.

## Accounting Standards Issued

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (SFAS No. 141R), which replaces SFAS No. 141. SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any non controlling interest in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. The Statement also establishes disclosure requirements, which will enable users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS No. 141R applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. SFAS No. 141R will become effective for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009; accordingly, any business combinations we engage in after this date will be recorded and disclosed in accordance with this statement. Based on our evaluation of SFAS No. 141R, if any of our unrecognized tax benefits reverse after adoption, they will affect the income tax provision in the period of reversal rather than utility plant adjustments. See Note 12, Income Taxes, for further information.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS No. 161). SFAS No. 161 changes the disclosure requirements for derivative instruments and hedging activities, requiring enhanced disclosures about (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (SFAS No. 133), and its related interpretations, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. This statement will become effective for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. We are still evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 161, if any, but do not expect the statement to have a material impact on our financial statements.

# **Accounting Standards Adopted**

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* (SFAS No. 162). SFAS No. 162 supersedes the existing hierarchy contained in the U.S. auditing standards. The existing hierarchy was carried over to SFAS No. 162 essentially unchanged. The Statement became effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to the auditing literature. The new hierarchy did not change current accounting practice in any area.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*, which permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses related to these financial instruments reported in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. This option would be applied on an instrument by instrument basis. If elected, unrealized gains and losses on the affected financial instruments would be recognized in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. This statement was effective beginning January 1, 2008. We have assessed the provisions of the statement and elected not to apply fair value accounting to our eligible financial instruments. As a result, adoption of this statement had no impact on our financial results.

## (3) Equity Investments

The following table presents our equity investments reflected in the investments in associated companies on the Balance Sheets (in thousands):

:	December 31,					
		2008		2007		
Clark Fork & Blackfoot, LLC	\$	(7,673)	\$	(7,287)		
Colstrip 4 79 MW Trust		56,355		51,811		
Colstrip 4 143 MW Trust		29,320		24,771		
Natural Gas Funding Trust		1,627		1,482		
NorthWestern Services, LLC		(9,745)		(9,941)		
NorthWestern Investments, LLC		96,028		96,505		
Risk Partners Assurance, Ltd.		2,523		2,410		
Total Investments in Subsidiary Companies	\$	168,435	\$	159,751		

# (4) Property, Plant and Equipment

The following table presents the major classifications of our property, plant and equipment (in thousands):

	December 31,					
	2008	2007				
Land and improvements	\$ 45,902	\$ 42,374				
Building and improvements	142,388	139,482				
Storage, distribution, and transmission	2,114,815	2,025,242				
Generation	182,465	175,218				
Construction work in process	13,392	23,014				
Other equipment	232,917	215,334				
	2,731,879	2,620,664				
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,351,149)	(1,285,388)				
	\$ 1,380,730	\$ 1,335,276				

Plant and equipment under capital lease were \$36.2 million and \$42.3 million as of December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively, which included \$35.2 million and \$37.2 million as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, related to a long-term power supply contract with the owners of a natural gas fired peaking plant.

## (5) Asset Retirement Obligations

We have identified asset retirement obligations, or ARO, liabilities related to our electric and natural gas transmission and distribution assets that have been installed on easements over property not owned by us. The easements are generally perpetual and only require remediation action upon abandonment or cessation of use of the property for the specified purpose. The ARO liability is not estimable for such easements as we intend to utilize these properties indefinitely. In the event we decide to abandon or cease the use of a particular easement, an ARO liability would be recorded at that time.

Our regulated utility operations have, however, previously recognized removal costs of transmission and distribution assets as a component of depreciation in accordance with regulatory treatment. Generally, the accrual of future non-ARO removal obligations is not required. However, long-standing ratemaking practices approved by applicable state and federal regulatory commissions have allowed provisions for such costs in historical depreciation rates. These removal costs have accumulated over a number of years based on varying rates as authorized by the appropriate regulatory entities. These amounts do not represent SFAS No. 143, *Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations*, legal retirement obligations. As of December 31, 2008 and 2007, we have recognized accrued removal costs of \$194.3 million and \$165.4 million, respectively, which are classified as accumulated depreciation. In addition, for our generation properties, we have accrued decommissioning costs since the generating units were first put into service in the amount of

\$14.3 million and \$13.8 million as of December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively, which are classified as accumulated depreciation.

In connection with the adoption of FASB Interpretation No. 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations* (FIN 47), we have recorded a conditional asset retirement obligation of \$6.3 million and \$3.9 million, as of December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively, which increases our utility plant and asset retirement obligations. This is primarily related to Department of Transportation requirements to cut, purge and cap retired natural gas pipeline segments. The initial recording of the obligation had no income statement impact due to the deferral of the adjustments through the establishment of a regulatory asset pursuant to SFAS No. 71. We measure the liability at fair value when incurred and capitalize a corresponding amount as part of the book value of the related assets. The increase in the capitalized cost is included in determining depreciation expense over the estimated useful life of these assets. Since the fair value of the ARO is determined using a present value approach, accretion of the liability due to the passage of time is recognized each period and recorded as an other regulatory asset until the settlement of the liability.

The change in our conditional ARO during the year ended December 31, 2008, is as follows (in thousands):

Liability at January 1, 2008	\$ 4,453
Accretion expense	345
Liabilities incurred	227
Liabilities settled	(55)
Revisions to cash flows	2,190
Liability at December 31, 2008	\$ 7,160

# (6) Utility Plant Adjustments

Our utility plant adjustments balance is related to our adoption of fresh-start reporting upon emergence from Chapter 11 bankruptcy on November 1, 2004. Since we are a regulated utility, our regulated property, plant and equipment is kept at values included in allowable costs recoverable through utility rates, and the excess of reorganization value over the fair value of assets and liabilities on the date of our emergence of \$435.1 million was recorded as a utility plant adjustment.

As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, we increased our accumulated deferred income taxes by \$77.5 million and decreased other deferred credits by \$2.4 million, with a corresponding decrease to utility plant adjustments. The decrease to utility plant adjustments is consistent with the guidance in SFAS No. 109 and the requirements of fresh-start reporting, as our uncertain tax positions relate to periods prior to our emergence from bankruptcy.

The utility plant adjustments balance is not amortized; rather, it is evaluated for impairment at least annually. We evaluated our utility plant adjustments balance during the fourth quarters of 2008 and 2007 and determined that it was not impaired.

## (7) Risk Management and Hedging Activities

We have applied the normal purchases and normal sales scope exception, as discussed above in Note 2, to certain contracts involving the purchase and sale of gas and electricity at fixed prices in future periods. Revenues and expenses from these contracts are reported on a gross basis in the appropriate revenue and expense categories as the commodities are received or delivered

While we enter into most of our derivative transactions for the purpose of managing commodity price risk, we only apply hedge accounting where specific criteria are met and it is practicable to do so. To apply hedge accounting, the transaction must be designated as a hedge and it must be highly effective in offsetting the hedged risk. Additionally, for hedges of commodity price risk, physical delivery for forecasted commodity transactions must be probable. We use the mark-to-market method of accounting for derivative contracts for which we do not elect or do not qualify for hedge accounting. Under the mark-to-market method of accounting, we record the fair value of these derivatives as assets and liabilities, with changes reflected in our Statements of Income. The market prices and quantities used to determine fair value reflect management's best estimate considering various factors; however, future

market prices and actual quantities will vary from those used in recording the derivative asset or liability, and it is possible that such variations could be material.

# **Commodity Prices**

Regulated Utilities - Certain contracts for the physical purchase of natural gas associated with our regulated gas utilities do not qualify for normal purchases under SFAS No. 133. Since these contracts are for the purchase of natural gas sold to regulated gas customers, the accounting for these contracts is subject to SFAS No. 71. We use derivative financial instruments to reduce the commodity price risk associated with the purchase price of a portion of our future natural gas requirements and minimize fluctuations in gas supply prices to our regulated customers. We record assets or liabilities based on the fair value of these derivatives, with offsetting positions recorded as regulatory liabilities or regulatory assets on the Balance Sheets. Upon settlement of these contracts, associated proceeds or costs are refunded to or collected from our customers consistent with regulatory requirements. At December 31, 2008, we had a derivative instrument liability in the Balance Sheet, and an offsetting other regulatory asset of \$29.2 million.

#### **Interest Rates**

During 2006, we issued \$170.2 million of Montana Pollution Control Obligations and \$150 million of Montana First Mortgage Bonds. In association with these refinancing transactions, we implemented a risk management strategy of utilizing interest rate swaps to manage our interest rate exposures associated with anticipated refinancing transactions. These swaps were designated as cash-flow hedges under SFAS No. 133 with the effective portion of gains and losses, net of associated deferred income tax effects, recorded in AOCI in our Balance Sheets. We settled \$320.2 million of forward starting interest rate swap agreements, and received aggregate settlement payments of approximately \$14.6 million in 2006. We reclassify these gains from AOCI into interest on long-term debt in our Statements of Income during the periods in which the hedged interest payments occur. AOCI includes unrealized pre-tax gains related to these transactions of \$11.7 million and \$12.8 million at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. We expect to reclassify approximately \$1.2 million of pre-tax gains on these cash-flow hedges from AOCI into interest on long-term debt during the next twelve months. We have no further interest rate swaps outstanding.

# (8) Related Party Transactions

Accounts receivable from and payables to associated companies primarily include intercompany billings for direct charges, overhead, and income tax obligations. The following table reflects our accounts receivable from and accounts payable to associated companies (in thousands):

	December 31,				
		2008		2007	
Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies:					
Clark Fork & Blackfoot, LLC	\$	7,007	\$	6,438	
NorthWestern Investments, LLC		750		-	
Risk Partners Assurance, Ltd.		18		18	
	\$	7,775	\$	6,456	
Accounts Payable to Associated Companies:					
Colstrip Unit 4 79 MW Trust	\$	9,096	\$	4,419	
Colstrip Unit 4 143 MW Trust		6,088		1,816	
Natural Gas Funding Trust		54		59	
NorthWestern Services, LLC		594		727	
	\$	15,832	\$	7,021	

## (9) Fair Value Measurements

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 became effective for most fair value measurements, other than leases and certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities, beginning January 1, 2008.

The statement establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy and requires fair value disclosures based upon this hierarchy. The statement also requires that fair value measurements reflect a credit-spread adjustment based on an entity's own credit standing. Consideration of our own credit risk did not have a material impact on our fair value measurements.

The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy our assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2008 (in thousands):

	Quoted Pric in Active Markets fo Identical Ass or Liabiliti (Level 1)	or sets es			Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Margin Cash Collateral Offset		Total Net Fair Value (1)	
Regulated gas derivative										
liability (2)	\$		\$	(29,156)	\$		\$		\$	(29,156)
Net derivative liability	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	(29,156)	\$	noarona-	\$	-200	\$	(29,156)

- (1) Fair value was determined using internal models based on quoted external commodity prices.
- (2) The changes in the fair value of these derivatives are deferred as a regulatory asset or liability until the contracts are settled. Upon settlement, associated proceeds or costs are passed through the applicable cost tracking mechanism to customers.

We classify assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement of each individual asset and liability taken as a whole. Normal purchases and sales transactions, as defined by SFAS No. 133, and certain other long-term power purchase contracts are not included in the fair values by source table as they are not recorded at fair value. See Note 7 for further discussion.

## (10) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

Due	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
2009	\$ 108,000	\$ 12,000
2018	55,000	_
2023		55,000
2016	150,000	150,000
2014	225,000	225,000
2023	Approximation of the second	7,550
2023	patemagene	13,800
2023	170,205	170,205
	(56) 708 149	(64) 633,491
	2009 2018 2023 2016 2014 2023 2023	Due         2008           2009         \$ 108,000           2018         55,000           2023         —           2016         150,000           2014         225,000           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2023         —           2024         —

## Unsecured Revolving Line of Credit

Our \$200 million unsecured revolving line of credit will mature on November 1, 2009 and does not amortize. The facility bears interest at a variable rate based upon a grid, which is tied to our credit rating from Fitch, Moody's, and S&P. The 'spread' or 'margin' ranges from 0.625% to 1.75% over the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). The facility bears interest at a rate of approximately 1.21%, which is 0.75% over LIBOR, as of December 31, 2008, and we had \$17.1 million in letters of credit and \$108 million of borrowings outstanding. The weighted average interest rate on the outstanding revolving credit facility borrowings was 2.1% as of December 31, 2008.

Commitment fees for the unsecured revolving line of credit were \$0.3 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

The credit facility includes covenants, which require us to meet certain financial tests, including a maximum debt to capitalization ratio not to exceed 65%. The amended and restated line of credit also contains covenants which, among other things, limit our ability to engage in any consolidation or merger or otherwise liquidate or dissolve, dispose of property, and enter into transactions with affiliates. A default on the South Dakota or Montana First Mortgage Bonds would trigger a cross default on the credit facility; however a default on the credit facility would not trigger a default on any other obligations.

## Secured Debt

# First Mortgage Bonds and Pollution Control Obligations

The South Dakota Mortgage Bonds are two series of general obligation bonds we issued under our South Dakota indenture. All of such bonds are secured by substantially all of our South Dakota and Nebraska electric and natural gas assets. During 2008, we repaid our South Dakota Pollution Control Obligations that were also secured by our South Dakota indenture.

The Montana First Mortgage Bonds and Montana Pollution Control Obligations are secured by substantially all of our Montana electric and natural gas assets.

## Refinancing Transaction

During the second quarter of 2008, we issued \$55.0 million of South Dakota mortgage bonds at a fixed interest rate of 6.05%, and used the proceeds to redeem our 7.0%, \$55 million South Dakota mortgage bonds due in 2023. Consistent with our historical regulatory treatment, the remaining deferred financing costs of approximately \$1.1 million were recorded in unamortized loss on reacquired debt and will be amortized over the life of the debt. The new mortgage bonds will mature May 1, 2018, and are secured by our South Dakota electric and natural gas assets. This transaction will reduce our annual interest expense by approximately \$0.5 million.

# Subsidiary Long-Term Debt

Our subsidiary, CLH, has a \$100 million loan, which is secured by its interest in Colstrip Unit 4 and is nonrecourse to NorthWestern Corporation. The loan bears interest at a floating rate of 3.17% as of December 31, 2008, which is 1.25% over LIBOR, and matures in December 2009. Covenants associated with this debt limit CLH's ability to, among other things, incur additional indebtedness, create liens, engage in any consolidation or merger or otherwise liquidate or dissolve itself, issue equity interest, dispose of property, make investments, enter into transactions with affiliates, enter into negative pledge clauses, enter into contracts, and exceed certain limits related to pension plan liabilities and environmental.

Covenants associated with our CLH loan, along with an existing temporary waiver with respect to such loan, require that we seek FERC approval to legally move the assets of the owner participant trust from NorthWestern Corporation to Colstrip Lease Holdings, LLC, by January 30, 2009. In addition, other covenants with respect to our CLH loan limit our unfunded benefit obligation to \$100 million for our Montana pension plan and to \$15 million for our South Dakota pension plan. Our unfunded obligation as of December 31, 2008, for each of these plans exceeded these limits, which triggered a technical default of the loan. In January 2009, we requested and received a waiver of both of these requirements.

### Maturities of Long-Term Debt

The aggregate minimum principal maturities of long-term debt during the next five years are \$108 million in 2009 and zero in 2010 through 2013.

## (11) Financial Instruments

The following disclosure of the estimated fair value of financial instruments is made in accordance with the requirements of SFAS No. 107, *Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments*. The estimated fair-value amounts have been determined using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is necessarily required in interpreting market data to develop estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we would realize in a current market exchange.

We used the following methods and assumptions to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

- The carrying amounts of cash and working funds, special deposits, and investments approximate fair value due to the short maturity of the instruments.
- We determined fair values for debt based on interest rates that are currently available to us for issuance of debt with similar terms and remaining maturities, except for publicly traded debt, which is based on market prices.

The fair value estimates presented herein are based on pertinent information available to us as of December 31, 2008 and 2007.

The estimated fair value of financial instruments is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	December 31, 2008					December 31, 2007			
	Carrying Amount		Fair Value		Carrying Amount			Fair Value	
Assets:	-		-						
Cash and working funds	\$	11,251	\$	11,251	\$	12,706	\$	12,706	
Special deposits		4,028		4,028		3,310		3,310	
Investments		472		472		990		990	
Liabilities:									
Long-term debt (including current									
portion)		708,149		625,698		633,491		635,714	

# (12) Income Taxes

The components of the net deferred income tax liability recognized in our Balance Sheets are related to the following temporary differences (in thousands):

	December 31,					
		2008		2007		
Excess tax depreciation	\$	(133,462)	\$	(107,384)		
Regulatory assets		(14,144)		(11,179)		
Regulatory liabilities		707		(2,289)		
Unbilled revenue		2,289		3,624		
Unamortized investment tax credit		1,571		1,883		
Compensation accruals		5,258		5,034		
Reserves and accruals		22,967		27,537		
Utility plant adjustments amortization		(59,674)		(50,914)		
Net operating loss (NOL) carryforward		62,917		62,258		
AMT credit carryforward		5,862		5,483		
Capital loss carryforward		-		6,376		
Valuation allowance		(3,331)		(9,858)		
Other, net		75		2,264		
	\$	(108,965)	\$	(67,165)		

A valuation allowance is recorded when a company believes that it will not generate sufficient taxable income of the appropriate character to realize the value of their deferred tax assets. We have a valuation allowance of \$3.3 million as of December 31, 2008, against certain state NOL carryforwards as we do not believe these assets will be realized.

At December 31, 2008 we estimate our total federal NOL carryforward to be approximately \$350.2 million. If unused, \$158.1 million will expire in the year 2023, and \$192.1 million will expire in the year 2025. We estimate our state NOL carryforward as of December 31, 2008 is approximately \$495.2 million. If unused, \$308.5 million will expire in 2010, \$33.8 million will expire in 2011, and \$152.9 million will expire in 2012. Management believes it is more likely than not that sufficient taxable income will be generated to utilize these NOL carryforwards except as noted above.

We have elected under Internal Revenue Code 46(f)(2) to defer investment tax credit benefits and amortize them against expense and customer billing rates over the book life of the underlying plant.

## **FIN 48**

We adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. FIN 48 provides that a tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not threshold shall initially and subsequently be measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of

being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, we increased our deferred tax assets by \$77.5 million and decreased other deferred credits by \$2.4 million, with a corresponding decrease to utility plant adjustments. The decrease to utility plant adjustments is consistent with the guidance in SFAS No. 109 and the requirements of fresh-start reporting, as our uncertain tax positions relate to periods prior to our emergence from bankruptcy. The change in unrecognized tax benefits is as follows (in thousands):

	 2008	2	007
Unrecognized Tax Benefits at January 1	\$ 111,124	\$	100,264
Gross increases - tax positions in prior period	6,468		13,228
Gross decreases - tax positions in prior period	(2,487)		(2,368)
Unrecognized Tax Benefits at December 31	\$ 115,105	\$	111,124

Our unrecognized tax benefits include approximately \$78.3 million related to tax positions as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, that if recognized, would impact our annual effective tax rate. We do not anticipate total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change due to the settlement of audits or the expiration of statutes of limitations within the next twelve months.

Our policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. During the year ended December 31, 2008, we have not recognized expense for interest or penalties, and do not have any amounts accrued at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, for the payment of interest and penalties.

Our federal tax returns from 2000 forward remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

# (13) Jointly Owned Plants

We have an ownership interest in four electric generating plants, all of which are coal fired and operated by other companies. We have an undivided interest in these facilities and are responsible for our proportionate share of the capital and operating costs while being entitled to our proportionate share of the power generated. Our interest in each plant is reflected in the Balance Sheets on a pro rata basis and our share of operating expenses is reflected in the Statements of Income. The participants each finance their own investment.

Information relating to our ownership interest in these facilities is as follows (in thousands):

	Big S	tone (SD)	Nea	ıl #4 (IA)	Coy	vote (ND)	Colstrip Unit 4 (MT)		
December 31, 2008 Ownership percentages Plant in service Accumulated depreciation	\$	23.4% 58,026 34,636	\$	8.7% 29,771 20,708	\$	10.0% 43,406 26,795	\$	30.0% 266,627 21,462	
December 31, 2007 Ownership percentages Plant in service Accumulated depreciation	\$	23.4% 55,691 34,933	\$	8.7% 29,686 19,816	\$	10.0% 42,655 25,567	\$	30.0% 257,129 14,139	

## (14) Operating Leases

We lease vehicles, office equipment and facilities under various long-term operating leases. At December 31, 2008 future minimum lease payments for the next five years under non-cancelable lease agreements are as follows (in thousands):

2009		\$ 1,551
2010	ı	1,141
2011	<i>4</i> (	723
2012		500
2013		65

Lease and rental expense incurred was \$2.1 million and \$30.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

## (15) Employee Benefit Plans

### Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

We sponsor and/or contribute to pension and postretirement health care and life insurance benefit plans for employees, which includes two cash balance pension plans. The plan for our South Dakota and Nebraska employees is referred to as the NorthWestern Corporation pension plan, and the plan for our Montana employees is referred to as the NorthWestern Energy pension plan.

In accordance with SFAS No. 158, Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans, and SFAS No. 87, Employers' Accounting for Pensions, we utilize a number of accounting mechanisms that reduce the volatility of reported pension costs. Differences between actuarial assumptions and actual plan results are deferred and are recognized into earnings only when the accumulated differences exceed 10% of the greater of the projected benefit obligation or the market-related value of plan assets. If necessary, the excess is amortized over the average remaining service period of active employees. SFAS No. 158 also requires that a plan's funded status be recognized as an asset or liability. See Note 17 for further discussion on how these costs are recovered through rates charged to our customers.

# Plan Amendment

In 2008, we amended our NorthWestern Corporation and NorthWestern Energy pension plans to close the plans to new employees effective January 1, 2009. New employees will be eligible to participate in the defined contribution plan.

## Benefit Obligation and Funded Status

Following is a reconciliation of the changes in plan benefit obligations and fair value and a statement of the funded status (in thousands):

	Pension Benefits				Other Postretirement Benefits				
	December 31,				December 31,				
		2008 2007		2008			2007		
Reconciliation of Benefit Obligation	·								
Obligation at beginning of period	\$	376,872	\$	387,562	\$	46,494	\$	53,063	
Service cost		8,405		8,947		563		581	
Interest cost		22,875		21,799		2,367		2,442	
Plan Amendments		49							
Actuarial loss (gain)		405		(21,106)		(1,275)		(6,219)	
Gross benefits paid		(19,947)		(20,330)		(3,826)		(3,373)	
Benefit obligation at end of period	\$	388,659	\$	376,872	\$	44,323	\$	46,494	

	Pension Benefits			Other Postretirement Benefits				
	December 31,				December 31,			
		2008		2007		2008		2007
Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets								
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of								
period	\$	330,446	\$	301,100	\$	16,455	\$	13,358
Return on plan assets		(101,005)		27,038		(5,063)		892
Employer contributions		32,734		22,638		4,855		5,578
Gross benefits paid		(19,947)		(20,330)		(3,826)		(3,373)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	\$	242,228	\$	330,446	\$	12,421	\$	16,455
Funded Status	\$	(146,431)	\$	(46,426)	\$	(31,902)	\$	(30,039)
Unrecognized net actuarial (gain) loss								Name of State of Stat
Unrecognized prior service cost								
Accrued benefit cost	\$	(146,431)	\$	(46,426)	\$	(31,902)	\$	(30,039)

The total projected benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for the pension plans with projected benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were \$388.7 million and \$242.2 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2008. The total accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for the pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were \$386.5 million and \$242.2 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2008.

The total projected benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for the pension plans with projected benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were \$376.9 million and \$330.4 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2007. The total accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for the pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were \$374.9 million and \$330.4 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2007.

Our oversight of the investments held in these plans is rigorous and we believe our investment strategies are prudent. Due to the unprecedented decline in equity markets, we experienced plan asset market losses during 2008 in excess of 30%. Our benefit obligations are remeasured annually using a December 31 measurement date, which resulted in an increase to the pension plans' unfunded status of approximately \$100 million, of which approximately \$86 million is related to our Montana plan. As a result of this increase in unfunded status, we have increased our 2009 funding projections for the Montana pension plan to be approximately \$47 million, as compared with our previous funding estimate of \$17 million.

# **Balance Sheet Recognition**

The accrued pension and other postretirement benefit obligations recognized in the accompanying Balance Sheets are computed as follows (in thousands):

	Pension Benefits December 31,			Other Postretirement Benefits				
					December 31, 2008			
		2008		2007		2008		2007
Accrued benefit cost		(62,390)		(91,629)		(34,046)		(37,885)
Amounts not yet reflected in net periodic								
benefit cost								
Prior service cost		(1,980)		(2,177)				
Accumulated gain (loss)		(82,061)		47,380		2,144		7,846
Net amount recognized	\$	(146,431)	\$	(46,426)	\$	(31,902)	\$	(30,039)

### **Plan Assets**

Our investment strategy provides for the following asset allocation, within an allowable range of plus or minus 5%:

	Pension Benefits	Other Benefits
Debt securities	30.0%	30.0%
Domestic equity securities	60.0	60.0
International equity securities	10.0	10.0

The percentage of fair value of plan assets held in the following investment types by plan are as follows:

	NorthWestern Ene	rgy Pension	NorthWestern Corporation NorthWestern Pension Health and W December 31, December			0,
	December	31,			31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Cash and cash						
equivalents	0.1%	0.2%	%	0.2%	%	0.1%
Debt securities	31.2	29.8	0.7	2.4	31.2	30.3
Domestic equity						
securities	58.6	58.8	56.6	59.2	58.8	58.6
International equity						
securities	10.1	11.2	9.1	11.4	10.0	11.0
Participating group						
annuity contracts	<del></del>		33.6	26.8	national and	
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Our investment goals with respect to managing the pension and other postretirement assets are to meet current and future benefit payment needs while maximizing total investment returns (income and appreciation) after inflation within the constraints of diversification, prudent risk taking, and the Prudent Man Rule of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). Each plan is diversified across asset classes to achieve optimal balance between risk and return and between income and growth through capital appreciation. We review the asset mix on a quarterly basis. Generally, the asset mix will be rebalanced to the target mix as individual portfolios approach their minimum or maximum levels.

We calculate the market related value of plan assets based on the fair market value of plan assets. Debt and equity securities are recorded at their fair market value each year-end as determined by quoted closing market prices on national securities exchanges or other markets as applicable. The participating group annuity contracts are valued based on discounted cash flows of current yields of similar contracts with comparable duration.

Our investment policy allows for all or a portion of each benefit plan to be invested in commingled funds, including mutual funds, collective investment funds, bank commingled funds and insurance company separate accounts. These pooled investment funds must have an adequate asset base relative to their asset class and be invested in a diversified manner and have a minimum of three years of verified investment performance experience or verified portfolio manager investment experience in a particular investment strategy and have management and oversight by an Investment Advisor registered with the SEC. The direct holding of company stock is not permitted; however, any holding in a diversified mutual fund or collective investment fund is permitted. The policy prohibits any transactions that would threaten the tax exempt status of the fund and actions that would create a conflict of interest or transactions between fiduciaries and parties in interest as defined under ERISA.

Our investment policy for fixed income investments consist of U.S. as well as international instruments. Core domestic portfolios can be invested in government, corporate, asset-backed and mortgage-backed obligation securities. The portfolio may invest in high yield securities, however, the average quality must be rated at least "investment grade" by rating agencies including Moodys and S&P. In addition, the NorthWestern Corporation pension plan assets also include a participating group annuity contract in the John Hancock General Investment Account, which consists primarily of fixed-income securities.

Equity investments consist primarily of U.S. stocks including large, mid and small cap stocks, which are diversified across investment styles such as growth and value. Non-U.S. equities are utilized with exposure to developing and emerging markets. Derivatives, options and futures are permitted for the purpose of reducing risk but may not be used for speculative purposes.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The measurement dates used to determine pension and other postretirement benefit measurements for the plans are December 31, 2008 and 2007. The actuarial assumptions used to compute the net periodic pension cost and postretirement benefit cost are based upon information available as of the beginning of the year, specifically, market interest rates, past experience and management's best estimate of future economic conditions. Changes in these assumptions may impact future benefit costs and obligations. In computing future costs and obligations, we must make assumptions about such things as employee mortality and turnover, expected salary and wage increases, discount rate, expected return on plan assets, and expected future cost increases. Two of these items generally have the most impact on the level of cost: (1) discount rate and (2) expected rate of return on plan assets.

For 2008 and 2007, we set the discount rate using a yield curve analysis, which projects benefit cash flows into the future and then discounts those cash flows to the measurement date using a yield curve. This is done by constructing a hypothetical bond portfolio whose cash flow from coupons and maturities matches the year-by-year, projected benefit cash flow from our plans.

The expected long-term rate of return assumption on plan assets for both the pension and postretirement plans was determined based on the historical returns and the future expectations for returns for each asset class, as well as the target asset allocation of the portfolios.

The health care cost trend rates are established through a review of actual recent cost trends and projected future trends. Our retiree medical trend assumptions are the best estimate of expected inflationary increases to our healthcare costs. Due to the relative size of our retiree population (under 800 members), the assumptions used are based upon both nationally expected trends and our specific expected trends. Our average increase remains consistent with the nationally expected trends.

The weighted-average assumptions used in calculating the preceding information are as follows:

: •	Pen	sion Benefits		Other Pos	stretirement Bene	fits		
_	De	December 31,			December 31,			
_	2008	2007	2006	2008	2007	2006		
Discount rate	6.25%	6.25%	5.75%	6.00-6.25%	5.75-6.00%	5.50%		
Expected rate of return on								
assets	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		
Long-term rate of increase in compensation levels (nonunion)	3.58	3.58	3.61	3.55	3.55	3.55		
Long-term rate of increase in compensation levels	3.50	2.50	3.01	0.00	5.55			
(union)	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50		

The postretirement benefit obligation is calculated assuming that health care costs increased by 9.5% in 2008 and the rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care benefits thereafter was assumed to decrease gradually to 4.5% by the year 2029.

# **Net Periodic Cost**

The components of the net costs for our pension and other postretirement plans are as follows (in thousands):

		I	Pensio	n Benefits				Other P	ostret	irement Be	enefits	
		December 31,				December 31,						
•	:	2008		2007		2006	2	008	2	007	20	006
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost												
Service cost	\$	8,405	\$	8,947	\$	9,049	\$	563	\$	580	\$	741
Interest cost		22,875		21,800		20,791		2,367		2,442		2,775
Expected return on plan assets		(27,212)		(24,422)		(21,458)		(1,316)		(1,068)		(829)
Amortization of transitional obligation												_
Amortization of priorservice cost		246		242		242						
Recognized actuarial (gain) loss		(818)						(599)		(259)		117
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$	3,496	\$	6,567	\$	8,624	S	1,015	S	1,695	- 5	2,804

We estimate amortizations from regulatory assets into net periodic benefit cost during 2008 will be as follows (in thousands):

			O	ther
	Pensio	Postretirement Benefits		
Prior service cost	\$	246	\$	_
Accumulated gain		3,880		(42)

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the costs each year as well as on the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation. The following table sets forth the sensitivity of retiree welfare results (in thousands):

Effect of a one percentage point increase in assumed health care cost trend	
on total service and interest cost components	\$ 173
on postretirement benefit obligation	1,646
Effect of a one percentage point decrease in assumed health care cost trend	
on total service and interest cost components	\$ (152)
on postretirement benefit obligation	(1,468)

### Cash Flows

On August 17, 2006, the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA) was signed into law, with changes that impact the funding calculation for benefit plans. PPA encouraged plan sponsors to fully fund their defined benefit pension plans by 2011, and meet incremental plan funding thresholds applicable for each year prior to 2011. PPA imposed certain consequences on plans beginning in 2008 if these thresholds were not met. The determination of our pension funding amounts are based on annual actuarial studies prepared for each plan in accordance with contribution guidelines established by PPA as discussed above, ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code.

Due to the volatility of equity markets in 2008, we and other plan sponsors experienced significant plan asset market losses, requiring significant increases in funding levels to meet the requirements of PPA. In December 2008, Congress passed the Worker, Retiree, and Employer Recovery Act of 2008, which providing for relief under PPA by allowing smoothing of assets, and decreasing the funding targets for each year through 2011. Asset smoothing allows the use of asset averaging, including expected returns, for a 24-month period in the determination of funding requirements. We anticipate making contributions of approximately \$49.9 million to our pension and other postretirement benefit plans in 2009. For our postretirement welfare benefits, our policy is to contribute an amount equal to the annual actuarially determined cost that is also recoverable in rates. We generally fund our 401(h) and VEBA trusts monthly, subject to our liquidity needs and the maximum deductible amounts allowed for income tax purposes.

We estimate the plans will make future benefit payments to participants as follows (in thousands):

	Pensi	on Benefits	Other Postretirement Benefits		
2009	\$	20,856	\$	3,743	
2010		21,642		3,881	
2011		22,551		3,815	
2012		23,410		3,816	
2013		24,936		3,959	
2014-2018		146,139		21,359	

# **Defined Contribution Plan**

Our defined contribution plan permits employees to defer receipt of compensation as provided in Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the plan, employees may elect to direct a percentage of their gross compensation to be contributed to the plan. We contribute various percentage amounts of the employee's gross compensation contributed to the plan. Matching contributions for the year ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 were \$5.3 million and \$4.7 million, respectively.

## (16) Stock-Based Compensation

### **Restricted Stock Awards**

Under our long-term incentive plans administered by the Human Resources Committee of our Board, we have granted service-based restricted stock to all eligible employees and members of our Board. Under these plans, a total of 1,300,000 shares have been set aside for restricted stock. We may issue new shares or reuse forfeited shares to deliver shares to employees for equity grants. As of December 31, 2008, there were 626,361 shares of common stock remaining available for grants. The remaining vesting period for awards previously granted ranges from one to three years if the service requirements are met. Nonvested shares do not receive dividend distributions. The long-term incentive plans provide for accelerated vesting in the event of a change in control.

In accordance with SFAS No. 123R, we account for our service-based restricted stock awards using the fixed accounting method, whereby we amortize the value of the market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant (grant-date fair value) to compensation expense over the service period either ratably or in tranches. We reverse any expense associated with restricted stock that is canceled or forfeited during the performance or service period. Compension recognized for restricted stock awards was \$3.2 million and \$7.0

million for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, an income tax benefit was recognized of \$0.2 million and \$4.4 million, respectively.

Summarized share information for our restricted stock awards is as follows:

		car Ended cember 31, 2008	Aver	eighted- age Grant- Fair Value		ear Ended ecember 31, 2007		nted-Average nt-Date Fair Value
Beginning nonvested grants	\$	361,313	\$	34.45	\$	476.105	\$	29.54
Granted	·	3.500	Ŧ	25.84	•	4,208	·	31.72
Vested		(135,818)		34.28		(107,973)		31.94
Forfeited	*	(34,923)		34.59		(11,027)		34.37
Remaining nonvested grants	\$	194,072	\$	34.39	\$	361,313	\$	34.45

As of December 31, 2008, we had \$2.2 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to the nonvested portion of outstanding restricted stock awards, which is reflected in other paid-in capital in our Balance Sheets. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.5 years. The total fair value of shares vested was \$4.7 million and \$3.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

# **Director's Deferred Compensation**

Nonemployee directors may elect to defer up to 100% of any qualified compensation that would be otherwise payable to him or her, subject to compliance with our 2005 Deferred Compensation Plan for Nonemployee Directors and Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code. The deferred compensation may be invested in NorthWestern stock or in designated investment funds. Compensation deferred in a particular month is recorded as a deferred stock unit (DSU) on the first of the following month based on the closing price of NorthWestern stock or the designated investment fund. The DSUs are marked-to-market on a quarterly basis with an adjustment to directors compensation expense. Based on the election of the nonemployee director, following separation from service on the Board, other than on account of death, he or she shall be paid a distribution either in a lump sum or in approximately equal installments over a designated number years (not to exceed 10 years). During the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, DSUs issued to members of our Board totaled 33,750 and 30,563, respectively. Total compensation expense attributable to the DSUs during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

# (17) Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

We prepare our financial statements in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 71, as discussed in Note 2. Pursuant to this pronouncement, certain expenses and credits, normally reflected in income as incurred, are deferred and recognized when included in rates and recovered from or refunded to the customers. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recorded based on management's assessment that it is probable that a cost will be recovered or that an obligation has been incurred. Accordingly, the following table reflects our major classifications of regulatory assets and liabilities (in thousands of dollars) that will be recognized in expenses and revenues in future periods when the matching revenues are collected or refunded. Of these regulatory assets and liabilities, supply costs are the only items earning a rate of return. The remaining regulatory items have corresponding assets and liabilities that will be paid for or refunded in future periods. Because these costs are recovered as paid, they do not earn a return. We have specific orders to cover approximately 97% of our regulatory assets and 100% of our regulatory liabilities.

			December 31,			
	Note Reference	Remaining Amortization Period	2008			2007
Pension	15	Undetermined	\$	148,534	\$	47,091
Postretirement benefits	15	Undetermined		25,010		21,099
Environmental clean-up		Various		15,904		14,765
Energy supply						
derivatives		1 Year		29,156		51
Income taxes	12	Plant Lives		16,466		11,279
Other		Various		18,360		13,894
Total regulatory assets			\$	253,430	\$	108,179
Gas storage sales		31 Years	\$	12,933	\$	13,354
Supply costs		1 Year		5,465		7,491
Energy supply						
derivatives		1 Year		3,785		5,720
Environmental clean-up		2 Years		1,411		2,208
State & local taxes & fees		1 Year		9,701		1,462
Other		Various		4,089		1,903
Total regulatory				<del></del>		
liabilities			_\$_	37,384		32,138

### Pension and Postretirement Benefits

We adopted the recognition and disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 158 effective December 31, 2006, which required that the unfunded portion of plan benefit obligations be recorded in the balance sheet and remeasured at each year end, with a corresponding adjustment in accumulated other comprehensive income recorded to retained earnings. As the costs associated with these plans are recovered in rates, these adjustments were classified as regulatory assets / liabilities in accordance with regulatory treatment. In 2008, we experienced significant plan asset market losses due to market volatility, which resulted in increases in the unfunded portion of the plan benefit obligation as of the December 31, 2008, measurement date, which is reflected in the increase in regulatory assets above.

Historically, the MPSC rates have allowed recovery of pension costs on a cash basis. The MPSC approved a revised accounting order in 2008 to provide for the recognition of the average of the cash funding for the 8-year period including calendar years 2005 – 2012 due to the significant increase in cash funding projections (see Note 18 for further discussion). The portion of the regulatory asset related to our Montana pension plan will amortize as cash funding amounts exceed accrual expense as determined by SFAS No. 158. The South Dakota Public Utilities Commission (SDPUC) allows recovery of pension costs on an accrual basis. The MPSC allows recovery of SFAS No. 106 costs on an accrual basis.

### Environmental clean-up

Environmental clean-up costs are the estimated costs of investigating and cleaning up contaminated sites we own. We discuss the specific sites and clean-up requirements further in Note 20. In December 2007, the SDPUC approved our settlement with SDPUC Staff related to our natural gas rate case, which included a provision allowing us to include approximately \$1.4 million annually in rates to recover MGP environmental clean-up costs. This was partially offset by a requirement to return approximately \$2.3 million (\$0.8 million annually) of previous insurance recoveries to customers. The SDPUC's approval of our settlement provides reasonable assurance that we will recover future South Dakota related MGP costs. Therefore, we recorded net regulatory assets (with a corresponding reduction to regulatory credits) of \$12.6 million in December 2007 to offset the previously recorded South Dakota MGP related liabilities.

#### **Income Taxes**

Tax assets primarily reflect the effects of plant related temporary differences such as removal costs, capitalized interest and contributions in aid of construction that we will recover or refund in future rates. We amortize these amounts as temporary differences reverse.

## State & Local Taxes & Fees

Under Montana law, we are allowed to track the increases in the actual level of state and local taxes and fees and recover these amounts. In 2006, the MPSC authorized recovery of approximately 60% of the estimated increase in our local taxes and fees (primarily property taxes) as compared to the related amount included in rates during our last general rate case in 1999. In 2007, we filed a general rate case in Montana, which reestablishes the amount of state and local taxes and fees collected in base rates.

# Gas Storage Sales

A regulatory liability was established in 2000 and 2001 based on gains on cushion gas sales in Montana. This gain is being flowed to customers over a period that matches the depreciable life of surface facilities that were added to maintain deliverability from the field after the withdrawal of the gas. This regulatory liability is a reduction of rate base.

## (18) Regulatory Matters

## Colstrip Unit 4

In January 2008, we announced that we had retained a financial advisor to assist us in the evaluation of our strategic options related to our joint ownership interest in this facility. Options reviewed included selling our ownership through a competitive bid process, putting the asset in rate base in Montana, or retaining the asset and contracting future sales of the plant output. On June 10, 2008, we entered into an agreement to sell our interest in Colstrip Unit 4 for \$404 million in cash, subject to certain working capital adjustments. The agreement provided a timeline of 120 days for us to explore the viability of placing this asset into our Montana utility rate base.

The 2007 Montana House Bill 25 (HB 25), labeled *The Generation Reintegration Act*, largely removed the remaining remnants of deregulation from Montana law that began in 1997 by eliminating customer choice for all customers except for the largest industrial customers using more than five MWs, and permits utilities to build and own electric generation assets that would be included in utility cost of service. In addition, the bill provided for a timely advanced approval process for electricity supply resource projects and requires carbon offsets to reduce carbon dioxide emissions.

Consistent with this bill and in accordance with the agreement with the purchaser, on June 30, 2008, we submitted a filing with the MPSC to initiate a review process to determine if it would be in the public interest to place our interest in Colstrip Unit 4 into rate base at an equivalent value to the negotiated selling price including certain adjustments. The determination of the selling price was based on a number of factors, including the existing below market commitments of 111 MWs to our Montana regulated electric supply load. The MPSC accepted the application and ordered the asset be placed into utility rate base effective January 1, 2009, at a value of \$407 million. The order included a capital structure of 50% equity and 50% debt, an authorized return on equity of 10% and cost of debt of 6.5%, which are set for 34 years or the life of the plant. The difference in rate base value of \$407 million and the negotiated price of \$404 million reflects termination fees of approximately \$6.3 million offset by avoided sale transaction fees of approximately \$3.3 million.

# Mill Creek Generating Station

In August 2008, we filed a request with the MPSC for advanced approval to construct a 150 MW natural gas fired facility at an estimated cost of \$206 million. The Mill Creek Generating Station would provide regulating resources to balance our transmission system in Montana to maintain reliability and enable additional wind power to be integrated onto the network to meet future renewable energy portfolio needs. As part of the MPSC filing, we requested a capital structure of 50% equity and 50% debt and an

authorized return on equity of 10.75%. A procedural schedule is currently in place and we anticipate an MPSC decision during the second quarter of 2009.

## Pension Accounting Order

Due to the significant decline in equity markets resulting in plan asset market losses, we have significantly increased our 2009 funding projections for the Montana pension plan. Pension costs in Montana are included in expense on a pay as you go (cash funding) basis. In 2005, the MPSC authorized recognition of pension costs based on an average of the annual funding for 2005 through 2009. To decrease volatility to both earnings and customer rates, we requested and received approval from the MPSC for a revised accounting order to recognize pension expense for calendar years 2008 through 2012 based on an average of the funding for 2005 through 2012.

## **Property Tax Settlement**

We resolved our dispute with the Montana Department of Revenue over property tax assessments related to the years 2005 through 2008. We had previously paid the taxes for those years but protested portions of those property taxes, as permitted by state law. As a result of this settlement, we agreed to withdraw the protest and receive a refund of approximately \$4.7 million of the previously paid property taxes. We have a property tax tracker in Montana, which allows us to track the annual increases in property taxes from amounts in rates. Therefore, in December 2008, we filed a tax tracker adjustment to reduce our electric and natural gas transmission and distribution rates beginning January 1, 2009, to reflect lower 2008 Montana property taxes and the portion of the refund to be returned to customers, which was approximately \$2.6 million.

### Montana Electric and Natural Gas Rate Case

In July 2007, we filed a request with the MPSC for an electric transmission and distribution revenue increase of \$31.4 million, and a natural gas transmission, storage and distribution revenue increase of \$10.5 million. In December 2007, we and the Montana Consumer Counsel (MCC) filed a joint stipulation with the MPSC to settle our electric and natural gas rate cases. Specific terms of the stipulation included:

- An annual increase in base electric rates of \$10 million and base natural gas rates of \$5 million;
- Interim rates effective January 1, 2008;
- Capital investment in our electric and natural gas system totaling \$38.8 million to be completed in 2008 and 2009 on which we will not earn a return on, but will recover depreciation expense;
- A commitment of 21 MWs of unit contingent power from Colstrip Unit 4 at Mid-Columbia (Mid-C) Index prices minus \$19 per MWH, but not less than zero, to electric supply for a period of 76 months beginning March 1, 2008; and
- We will submit a general electric and natural gas rate filing no later than July 31, 2009, based on a 2008 test year.

On July 1, 2008, the MPSC approved the stipulated agreement, finalizing the Montana electric and natural gas rate case. The approval of the inclusion of our interest in Colstrip Unit 4 in rate base negated the commitment of 21 MWs of unit contingent power.

## **FERC Transmission Rate Case**

In October 2006, we filed a request with the FERC for an electric transmission revenue increase. In May 2007, we implemented interim rates, which were subject to refund plus interest pending final resolution. We filed settlement documents on February 15, 2008, and on October 16, 2008, FERC approved the settlement. We have been recognizing revenue consistent with the settlement terms since we implemented interim rates in May 2007, which has resulted in an annualized margin increase of approximately \$3.0 million. We deferred a portion of the interim rates billed from May 2007 through November 2008 and, in accordance with the settlement agreement, refunded approximately \$5.4 million to customers in December 2008.

# (19) Commitments and Contingencies

# **Qualifying Facilities Liability**

In Montana we have certain contracts with Qualifying Facilities, or QFs. The QFs require us to purchase minimum amounts of energy at prices ranging from \$65 to \$138 per MWH through 2029. Our estimated gross contractual obligation related to the QFs is approximately \$1.5 billion through 2029. A portion of the costs incurred to purchase this energy is recoverable through rates, totaling approximately \$1.2 billion through 2029. Upon adoption of fresh-start reporting, we computed the fair value of the remaining liability of approximately \$367.9 million to be approximately \$143.8 million based on the net present value (using a 7.75% discount factor) of the difference between our obligations under the QFs and the related amount recoverable.

The following table summarizes the change in the QF liability (in thousands):

	December 31,					
		2008		2007		
Beginning QF liability	\$	158,132	\$	147,893		
Unrecovered amount		(7,246)		(1,223)		
Interest expense		11,955		11,462		
Ending QF liability	\$	162,841	\$	158,132		

The following summarizes the estimated gross contractual obligation less amounts recoverable through rates (in thousands):

	 Gross Obligation	ecoverable Amounts	Net
2009	\$ 61,586	\$ 53,322	\$ 8,264
2010	63,589	53,835	9,754
2011	65,323	54,357	10,966
2012	67,111	54,904	12,207
2013	69,816	55,462	14,354
Thereafter	1,131,757	853,215	278,542
Total	\$ 1,459,182	\$ 1,125,095	\$ 334,087

## Long Term Supply and Capacity Purchase Obligations

We have entered into various commitments, largely purchased power, coal and natural gas supply and natural gas transportation contracts. These commitments range from one to 23 years. Costs incurred under these contracts were approximately \$563.0 million and \$442.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. As of December 31, 2008 our commitments under these contracts are \$480 million in 2009, \$339 million in 2010, \$156 million in 2011, \$144 million in 2012, \$131 million in 2013, and \$487 million thereafter. These commitments are not reflected in our Financial Statements.

# **Environmental Liabilities**

Our liability for environmental remediation obligations is estimated to range between \$22.0 million to \$43.2 million. As of December 31, 2008, we have a reserve of approximately \$31.5 million. Environmental costs are recorded when it is probable we are liable for the remediation and we can reasonably estimate the liability. Over time, as specific laws are implemented and we gain experience in operating under them, a portion of the costs related to such laws will become determinable, and we may seek authorization to recover such costs in rates or seek insurance reimbursement as applicable; therefore, we do not expect these costs to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or ongoing operations.

Manufactured Gas Plants - Approximately \$26.9 million of our environmental reserve accrual is related to manufactured gas plants. A formerly operated manufactured gas plant located in Aberdeen, South Dakota, has been identified on the Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System (CERCLIS) list as contaminated with coal

tar residue. We are currently investigating, characterizing, and initiating remedial actions at the Aberdeen site pursuant to work plans approved by the South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources. In 2007, we completed remediation of sediment in a short segment of Moccasin Creek that had been impacted by the former manufactured gas plant operations. Our current reserve for remediation costs at this site is approximately \$13.4 million, and we estimate that approximately \$10 million of this amount will be incurred during the next five years.

We also own sites in North Platte, Kearney and Grand Island, Nebraska on which former manufactured gas facilities were located. During 2005, the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ) conducted Phase II investigations of soil and groundwater at our Kearney and Grand Island sites. On March 30, 2006 and May 17, 2006, the NDEQ released to us the Phase II Limited Subsurface Assessment performed by the NDEQ's environmental consulting firm for Kearney and Grand Island, respectively. We have conducted limited additional site investigation, assessment and monitoring work at Kearney and Grand Island. At present, we cannot determine with a reasonable degree of certainty the nature and timing of any risk-based remedial action at our Nebraska locations.

In addition, we own or have responsibility for sites in Butte, Missoula and Helena, Montana on which former manufactured gas plants were located. An investigation conducted at the Missoula site did not require entry into the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) voluntary remediation program, but required preparation of a groundwater monitoring plan. The Butte and Helena sites were placed into the MDEQ's voluntary remediation program for cleanup due to excess regulated pollutants in the groundwater. We have conducted additional groundwater monitoring at the Butte and Missoula sites and, at this time, we believe natural attenuation should address the conditions at these sites; however, additional groundwater monitoring will be necessary. In Helena, we continue limited operation of an oxygen delivery system implemented to enhance natural biodegradation of pollutants in the groundwater and we are currently evaluating limited source area treatment/removal options. Monitoring of groundwater at this site is ongoing and will be necessary for an extended time. At this time, we cannot estimate with a reasonable degree of certainty the nature and timing of risk-based remedial action at the Helena site or if any additional actions beyond monitored natural attenuation will be required.

Milltown Dam Removal - Our subsidiary, Clark Fork and Blackfoot, LLC (CFB), owns the former Milltown Dam site, and previously operated a three MW hydroelectric generation facility located at the confluence of the Clark Fork and Blackfoot Rivers. Dam removal activities were initiated during the first quarter of 2008 and are expected to be complete in 2009. Our remaining obligation to the State of Montana related to this site is approximately \$0.6 million, which will be solely funded through the transfer of land and water rights associated with the former Milltown Dam operations to the State of Montana.

**Coal-Fired Plants** - We have a joint ownership interest in four electric generating plants, all of which are coal fired and operated by other companies. We have an undivided interest in these facilities and are responsible for our proportionate share of the capital and operating costs while being entitled to our proportionate share of the power generated. In addition, a significant portion of the electric supply we procure in the market is generated by coal-fired plants.

Global Climate Change - There is a growing concern nationally and internationally about global climate change and the contribution of emissions of greenhouse gases including, most significantly, carbon dioxide. This concern has led to increased interest in legislation at the federal level, actions at the state level, as well as litigation relating to greenhouse emissions, including a US Supreme Court decision holding that the EPA relied on improper factors in deciding not to regulate carbon dioxide emissions from motor vehicles under the Clean Air Act. Increased pressure for carbon dioxide emissions reduction also is coming from investor organizations. Specifically, coal-fired plants have come under scrutiny due to their emissions of carbon dioxide.

In addition, there is a gap between proposed emissions reduction levels and the current capabilities of technology, as there is no currently available commercial scale technology that would achieve the proposed reduction levels. Such technology may not be available within a timeframe consistent with the implementation of climate change legislation or at all. To the extent that such technology does become available, we can provide no assurance that it will be suitable for installation at the generation facilities we have a joint interest in, or on a cost effective basis. If legislation or regulations are passed at the federal or state levels imposing mandatory reductions of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases on generation facilities, the cost to us and / or our customers could be significant.

Clean Air Act - The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 and subsequent amendments stipulate limitations on sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxide emissions from coal-fired power plants. We comply with these existing emission requirements through purchase of sub-bituminous coal, and we believe that we are in compliance with all presently applicable environmental protection requirements and regulations with respect to these plants.

In June 2008, the Sierra Club filed a lawsuit in U.S. District Court in South Dakota against NorthWestern and the other joint owners of the Big Stone plant alleging certain violations of the Clean Air Act. For further discussion see the Litigation – Sierra Club section below.

Clean Air Mercury Rule – In March 2005, the EPA issued the Clean Air Mercury Regulations (CAMR) to reduce the emissions of mercury from coal-fired facilities through a market-based cap-and-trade program. Although the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit struck down CAMR, the state of Montana has finalized its own rules more stringent than CAMR's 2018 cap that would require every coal-fired generating plant in the state to achieve reduction levels by 2010. The joint owners currently plan to install chemical injection technologies to meet these requirements. We estimate our share of the capital cost would be approximately \$1 million, with ongoing annual operating costs of approximately \$3 million. If the Montana rules are maintained in their current form and enhanced chemical injection technologies are not sufficiently developed to meet the Montana levels of reduction by 2010, then adsorption/absorption technology with fabric filters at the Colstrip Unit 4 generation facility would be required, which could represent a material cost. Recent tests have shown that it may be possible to meet the Montana rules with more refined chemical injection technology combined with adjustments to boiler/fireball dynamics at a minimal cost. We are continuing to work with the other Colstrip owners to determine the ultimate financial impact of these rules.

### Other

We continue to manage equipment containing polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) oil in accordance with the EPA's Toxic Substance Control Act regulations. We will continue to use certain PCB-contaminated equipment for its remaining useful life and will, thereafter, dispose of the equipment according to pertinent regulations that govern the use and disposal of such equipment.

We routinely engage the services of a third-party environmental consulting firm to assist in performing a comprehensive evaluation of our environmental reserve. Based upon information available at this time, we believe that the current environmental reserve properly reflects our remediation exposure for the sites currently and previously owned by us. The portion of our environmental reserve applicable to site remediation may be subject to change as a result of the following uncertainties:

- We may not know all sites for which we are alleged or will be found to be responsible for remediation; and
- Absent performance of certain testing at sites where we have been identified as responsible for remediation, we cannot estimate with a reasonable degree of certainty the total costs of remediation.

# Legal and Other Contingencies

## Colstrip Energy Limited Partnership

In December 2006, the MPSC issued an order finalizing certain qualifying facility rates for the periods July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2006. Colstrip Energy Limited Partnership (CELP) is a qualifying facility with which we have a power purchase agreement through 2025. Under the terms of the power purchase agreement with CELP, energy and capacity rates were fixed through June 30, 2004 (with a small portion to be set by the MPSC's determination of rates in the annual avoided cost filing), and beginning July 1, 2004 through the end of the contract, energy and capacity rates are to be determined each year pursuant to a formula. CELP filed a complaint against NorthWestern and the MPSC in Montana district court on July 6, 2007 which contests the MPSC's order. CELP is disputing inputs in to the rate-setting formula, used by us and approved by the MPSC on an annual basis, to calculate energy and capacity payments for the contract years 2004, 2005 and 2006. CELP is claiming that NorthWestern breached the power purchase agreement causing damages, which CELP asserts are not presently known but believed to be approximately \$22 million for contract years 2004, 2005 and 2006. If the MPSC's order is upheld in its current form, we anticipate reducing our QF liability by approximately \$25 to \$50 million as our estimate of energy and capacity rates for the remainder of the contract period would be reduced. A temporary restraining order was agreed to by the parties and has been issued restraining us from implementing the rates finalized by

the MPSC order pending an ultimate decision on CELP's complaint. On June 30, 2008, the state district court judge granted our motions to enforce the contractual arbitration provision and to stay all discovery and proceedings against us, pending the decision of the required contract arbitration. The state district court, on June 30, 2008, also granted a motion by the MPSC to bifurcate, having the effect of separating the issues between contract/tort claims and the administrative appeal of the MPSC's orders; which we supported. The order also stayed the appellate decision pending a decision in our arbitration proceedings. Arbitration is scheduled for June 2009. We believe that we will prevail in the arbitration and intend to vigorously defend our positions.

# Colstrip Unit 4 Coal Royalties

Relative to our joint ownership in Colstrip Unit 4, the Mineral Management Service of the United States Department of Interior (MMS) issued two orders to Western Energy Company (WECO) in 2002 and 2003 to pay additional royalties concerning coal sold to Colstrip Units 3 and 4 owners. The orders assert that additional royalties are owed as a result of WECO not paying royalties in connection with revenue received by WECO from the Colstrip Units 3 and 4 owners under a coal transportation agreement during the period October 1, 1991 through December 31, 2001. On April 28, 2005, the appeals division of the MMS issued an order that reduced the amount claimed based upon the applicable statute of limitations. Further, on September 28, 2006, the MMS issued an order to pay additional royalties on the basis of an audit of WECO's royalty payments during the three years 2002 to 2004. WECO appealed these orders to the Interior Board of Land Appeals of the United States Department of Interior (IBLA) who affirmed the orders on September 12, 2007. WECO filed a complaint and request for declaratory ruling in the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia in January 2008 seeking relief from the orders issued by the MMS and affirmed by the IBLA, and we continue to monitor the appeals process. The Colstrip Units 3 and 4 owners and WECO currently dispute the responsibility of the expenses if the MMS position prevails. We believe that the Colstrip Units 3 and 4 owners have reasonable defenses in this matter. However, if the MMS position prevails and WECO succeeds in passing the expense responsibility to the owners, our share of the alleged additional royalties would be 15 percent, or approximately \$6.0 million, and we would have ongoing royalty expenses related to coal transportation. The parties have an agreement in principle to resolve this dispute. If the matter is resolved as contemplated, it would not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. We expect the parties to finalize the agreement during the first half of 2009.

## Blue Dot Bankruptcy

During the second quarter of 2008, our subsidiary Blue Dot Services, LLC (Blue Dot) lost an arbitration matter with an insurance carrier and the insurance carrier was awarded \$3.5 million plus interest related to a dispute that originated in 2007. The award was partially satisfied by \$2.5 million in letter of credit draws by the insurance carrier and approximately \$300,000 in cash. On September 5, 2008, Blue Dot and its subsidiaries filed a petition for protection under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code in United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware. We classified Blue Dot as a discontinued operation in 2003. We do not anticipate Blue Dot's ultimate liquidation will have a material adverse effect, if any, on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## **Bozeman Explosion**

On March 5, 2009, a natural gas explosion occurred in downtown Bozeman, Montana. The explosion resulted in one fatality, the destruction of three buildings (and the several places of business located within the destroyed buildings), and ancillary damage to nearby buildings and vehicles. Our investigation of this incident is ongoing. While litigation has not been commenced with respect to this incident, claims have been made against NorthWestern. We have paid our deductible and tendered the defense of any claims which may arise out of this incident to our insurance carrier. Our total available insurance coverage is approximately \$150 million.

## **McCarthy**

On March 16, 2009, Monsignor John F. McCarthy, as the duly appointed personal representative for the estate of Father James C. McCarthy, filed a complaint in the Montana Second Judicial District Court, Butte-Silver Bow County against us, one of our employees and other unknown individuals and entities. The complaint arises out of an April 2007 natural gas explosion and alleges negligence and strict liability with respect to the maintenance and operation of the natural gas distribution system that served Fr. McCarthy's residence. The explosion destroyed a four-plex residence and nearby properties sustained damages. Fr. McCarthy died in November 2007. The plaintiff seeks unspecified compensatory and punitive damages and other equitable relief, costs and attorney's fees. The investigation of this incident is ongoing, and while we cannot predict an outcome, we intend to vigorously defend against

this complaint. We have filed a notice of removal to remove the case from Montana state court to the Butte Division of the U.S. District Court for the District of Montana. Such removal is pending.

We are also subject to various other legal proceedings, governmental audits and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these other actions will not materially affect our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

## (20) Common Stock

We have 250,000,000 shares authorized consisting of 200,000,000 shares of common stock with a \$0.01 par value and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a \$0.01 par value. Of these shares, 2,265,957 shares of common stock are reserved for the incentive plan awards. For further detail of grants under this plan see Note 16.

## Repurchase of Common Stock

On May 23, 2008, we announced plans to initiate a share buyback program for approximately 3.1 million shares, which is equal to the number of shares in the disputed claims reserve established under our Plan of Reorganization that was confirmed by the bankruptcy court in 2004. We purchased 1.9 million shares from the disputed claims reserve and the remaining shares were purchased using privately negotiated transactions, at our discretion. The actual number and timing of share purchases were subject to market conditions, restrictions related to price, volume, timing, and applicable SEC rules. The total aggregate purchase price was approximately \$77.7 million.

Shares tendered by employees to us to satisfy the employees' tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock awards totaled 41,289 and 33,196 during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and are reflected in treasury stock. These shares were credited to treasury stock based on their fair market value on the vesting date.

Sch.	19	MONTANA PLANT IN SERVIO	CE - NATURAL GAS	S (INCLUDES CMP	")
	}		This Year	Last Year	
		Account Number & Title	Montana	Montana	% Change
	1	Intangible Plant			
	2	2301 Organization	\$12,873	\$12,873	0.00%
	3	2302 Franchises and Consents	114,169	114,169	0.00%
	4	2303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	1,816,958	593,468	206.16%
	5	Total Intangible Plant	1,944,000	720,510	169.81%
	6				
	7	Underground Storage Plant			
1	8	2350 Land and Land Rights	4,459,907	4,403,501	1.28%
	9	2351 Structures and Improvements	3,027,231	3,012,261	0.50%
	10	2352 Wells	7,807,401	7,807,401	0.00%
	11	2353 Lines	7,942,838	7,942,838	0.00%
	12	2354 Compressor Station Equipment	7,313,518	7,358,334	-0.61%
	13	2355 Measuring & Regulating Equip.	2,923,787	2,162,564	35.20%
	14		225,030	225,030	0.00%
	15	2357 Other Equipment	853,905	834,494	2.33%
		Total Underground Storage Plant	34,553,617	33,746,423	2.39%
	17				
	18	Transmission Plant			
	19		7,417,710	6,968,929	6.44%
	20	2366 Structures and Improvements	9,889,933	9,651,947	2.47%
	21	2367 Mains	177,210,958	165,898,693	6.82%
	22	2368 Compressor Station Equipment	18,237,948	17,851,270	2.17%
	23	2369 Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	13,262,575	13,029,675	1.79%
1	24	2370 Communication Equipment		-	-
1	24	2371 Other Equipment	75,019	268,974	-72.11%
		Total Transmission Plant	226,094,143	213,669,488	5.81%
	26	D: 1.71 D1			
	27	Distribution Plant	200 550	000.550	0.000/
	28		902,556	902,556	0.00%
İ	29	2375 Structures and Improvements	71,404	71,404	0.00%
	30	2376 Mains	99,633,481	94,313,819	5.64%
	31	2377 Compressor Station Equipment	2 700 044	2 200 624	10 170/
	32	2378 M&R Station EquipGeneral	2,706,814	2,290,621	18.17%
	33	2379 M&R Station EquipCity Gate	57 700 207	-	1 010/
	34 35	2380 Services	57,790,227	56,876,005	1.61% 5.96%
	- [	2381 Customers Meters and Regulators	49,921,253	47,111,688	5.90%
	36 37			-	- '
	38	2383 House Regulators 2384 House Regulator Installations		-	-
	39	•	56,334	56,33 <b>4</b>	0.00%
	40			JU,JJ4	0.00%
	41	2387 Other Equipment	26,216	26,216	0.00%
		Total Distribution Plant	211,108,285	201,648,643	4.69%

Sch.	19	cont.	MONTANA PLANT IN SERVICE - NA	TURAL GAS (INCL	UDES CMP)	
				This Year	Last Year	
			Account Number & Title	Montana	Montana	% Change
	1					
	2		General Plant			
	3	2389	Land and Land Rights	101,675	101,675	0.00%
	4		Structures and Improvements	707,791	696,605	1.61%
	5	2391	Office Furniture and Equipment	159,409	170,937	-6.74%
	6	2392	Transportation Equipment	6,120,066	6,046,711	1.21%
	7	2393	Stores Equipment	7,507	8,413	-10.77%
	8	2394	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	3,615,320	3,216,396	12.40%
	9		Laboratory Equipment	818,417	742,637	10.20%
	10	2396	Power Operated Equipment	1,927,961	1,936,873	-0.46%
	11	2397	Communication Equipment	1,834,188	1,722,116	6.51%
	12	2398	Miscellaneous Equipment	80,198	83,542	-4.00%
	13	2399	Other Tangible Property	·	-	-
İ			General Plant	15,372,532	14,725,905	4.39%
	15	Total (	Gas Plant in Service	489,072,577	464,510,969	5.29%
	16					
	17	4101	Gas Plant Allocated from Common	30,606,804	29,223,045	4.74%
	18	2105	Gas Plant Held for Future Use	4,900	4,900	0.00%
	19	2107	Gas Construction Work in Progress	4,132,850	2,684,290	53.96%
	20	2117	Gas in Underground Storage	74,458,593	70,172,936	6.11%
	21					
	22					
	23	TOTA	L GAS PLANT	\$598,275,724	\$566,596,140	5.59%
	24					
	25					
	26		CONSOLIDATED	Decem	ber 31,	
	27		PLANT IN SERVICE	2008	2007	
	28			-		
	29	Monta	ana Electric	\$ 1,394,151,266	\$ 1,343,863,437	
	30		vstone National Park	11,699,040	11,658,388	
	31		rip Unit 4	87,205,999	83,990,140	
	32		ana Natural Gas (Includes CMP)	489,072,577	464,510,969	
	33	Comr	mon	92,523,261	88,234,399	
			send Propane	1,500,355	1,453,165	
	35	South	Dakota Electric	409,396,824	391,601,736	
	36	South	Dakota Natural Gas	135,070,061	122,382,899	
			Dakota Common	42,027,354	42,726,864	
			Retirement Obligation	6,269,604	3,907,613	
	39	TOTA	L PLANT	\$ 2,668,916,341	\$ 2,554,329,610	

Sch. 20	MONTANA DEPRECIA	TION SUMMAR	Y - NATURAL G	AS (INCLUDES C	
		Montana	This Year	Last Year	Current
	Functional Plant Class	Plant Cost	Montana	Montana	Avg. Rate
1	Accumulated Depreciation				
2					
3	Production and Gathering		\$ -	\$ -	-
4					
5	Underground Storage	33,735,171	19,347,679	18,854,382	1.71%
6				,	
7	Other Storage			-	
8					
9	Transmission	212,956,630	79,143,947	75,701,757	1.74%
10					
11	Distribution	201,490,586	90,842,118	84,981,212	2.70%
12					
13	General and Intangible	15,140,486	8,843,134	9,143,844	5.68%
14					
15	Common	28,241,063	14,886,267	12,919,534	7.47%
16					
17					
18	Total Accum Depreciation	\$491,563,936	\$213,063,145	\$201,600,729	2.28%
19					
20					
21					ī
22	Consolidated		Decem		
23	Accumulated Deprec	iation	2008	2007	
24	1				
1	Montana Electric		\$652,606,520	\$610,454,677	
1	Yellowstone National Park		7,755,794	7,462,625	
1	Colstrip Unit 4		38,674,170	37,664,198	
	Montana Natural Gas (Includes (	CMP)	198,176,878	188,681,195	
	Common		43,541,925	39,653,707	
1	Townsend Propane		521,410	480,339	
1	South Dakota Electric		217,665,844	207,981,811	
32	South Dakota Natural Gas		53,212,037	1	
1	South Dakota Common		15,161,327	15,157,562	
1	Acquisition Writedown		115,982,411	123,364,837	
1	Basin Creek Capital Lease		5,026,172	3,015,704	
1	FIN 47		403,740	255,716	
F i	CWIP-Capital Retirement Clearing	<del></del>	-589,906	-648,326	
38	Total Consolidated Accum De	preciation	\$1,348,138,322	\$1,282,471,518	

Sch. 21	MONTANA MATERIALS & SUPPLIES (	ASS	IGNED & AL	LOC	ATED) - NAT	URAL GAS
			This Year		Last Year	%Change
	Account Number & Title		Montana		Montana	
1						
2	154 Plant Materials & Operating Supplies					
3	Assigned and Allocated to:					
4	Operation & Maintenance		-		-	-
5	Construction		-		-	-
6	Storage Plant	\$	141,555	\$	243,832	-41.95%
7	Transmission Plant		926,235		1,543,846	-40.00%
8	Distribution Plant		2,028,418		1,752,679	15.73%
9						
10	Total MT Materials and Supplies		\$3,096,208		\$3,540,357	-12.55%
11						
12						
13	Consolidated		Decem	ber	31,	
14	Materials and Supplies		2008		2007	
15						
16	Montana Natural Gas	ŀ	\$3,096,208		\$3,540,357	
17	Montana Electric	ļ	9,607,588		8,276,602	
18	Colstrip Unit 4	ŀ	1,666,828		1,559,279	
19	South Dakota		4,937,004		4,574,946	,
20			,			
21	Total Consolidated Materials and Supplies		\$19,307,628		\$17,951,184	

Sch. 22	MONTANA REGULATORY CAPITAL S	TRUCTURE & CO	STS - NATURAL (	GAS
		% Capital		Weighted
	Commission Accepted - Most Recent 1/	Structure	% Cost Rate	Cost
1				
2	Docket Number: 2000.8.113			
3	Order Number: 6271c			
4			·	
5	Common Equity	45.00%	10.75%	4.84%
6	Preferred Stock	6.97%	i i	0.45%
7	QUIPS Preferred	7.86%	i i	0.67%
8	Long Term Debt	40.17%	7.13%	2.86%
9	Other	10.1170	1.10%	2.00,0
1 :	TOTAL	100.00%		8.82%
11	10172	100.0070		0.02 /0
12		% Capital		Weighted
13	NorthWestern Corporation Consolidated	Structure	% Cost Rate 2/	Cost
14	Northwestern corporation consolidated	Structure	70 COSt Nate 27	COST
15	Common Equity	54.63%	10.75%	5.87%
16	Preferred Stock	0.00%	i i	0.00%
17	QUIPS Preferred	4	1	0.00%
17		0.00%		
19	Long Term Debt	45.37%	5.76%	2.61%
	Other TOTAL	100.000/		8.48%
21	TOTAL	100.00%		0.4070
l I	1/ Docket 2000.8.113, Order 6271c specifies the authorized	d assitat atmostores as	nd conscious d conto	for the
23	regulated gas utility effective May 8, 2001.	i capital structure ar	iu associateu costs	ioi tile
24	regulated gas utility effective May 6, 2001.			
	2/ The cost of debt represents Montana jurisdiction only, as	roflected on Cabad	ulo 24	
26 26	27 The cost of debt represents Montana jurisdiction only, as	reflected on Sched	ule 24.	
20 27				
27 28				
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Sch. 23	STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		101010000000000000000000000000000000000	
Section 1984	Description	This year	Last Year	% Change
1	Increase/(decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents:			
2	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
3	Net Income	\$ 67,601,004	\$ 53,191,154	27.09%
4	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:			
5	Depreciation	79,758,326	81,031,947	-1.57%
6	Amortization, Net	(1,043,731)	(556,565)	-87.53%
7	Other Noncash Charges to Net Income, Net	4,994,829	(2,465,509)	>300.00%
8	Deferred Income Taxes, Net	41,424,645	29,773,876	39.13%
9	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments, Net	(580,189)	(531,229)	-9.22%
10	Change in Operating Receivables, Net	1,389,563	26,635,221	-94.78%
11	Change in Materials, Supplies & Inventories, Net	(7,197,797)	(3,124,179)	-130.39%
12	Change in Operating Payables & Accrued Liabilities, Net	11,451,044	(977,858)	>300.00%
13	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)	(641,253)	(507,828)	-26.27%
14	Change in Other Assets & Liabilities, Net	(23,159,947)	(2,935,660)	>-300.00%
15	Other Operating Activities:			
16	Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies	(8,683,838)	(3,572,780)	-143.06%
17	Change in Regulatory Assets	20,470,034	22,912,870	-10.66%
18	Change in Regulatory Liabilities	7,180,108	(2,158,411)	>300.00%
19	Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Operating Activities	192,962,798	196,715,050	-1.91%
20	Cash Inflows/Outflows From Investment Activities:			
21	Construction/Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(124,562,480)	(117,084,191)	-6.39%
22	(Net of AFUDC)	( , , , , , , ,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
23	Proceeds from Sale of Assets	199,613	1,841,686	-89.16%
24	Other Investing Activities:		,- ,	
25	Investments in and Advances to Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies	_	(141,256,832)	100.00%
26	Distribution from Subsidiaries	_	- /	
27	Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Investing Activities	(124,362,867)	(256,499,337)	51.52%
28	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\	
29	Proceeds from Issuance of:			
30	Long-Term Debt	55,000,000	_	100.00%
31	Credit Facilities Borrowings/Repayments, Net	96,000,000	_	100.00%
32	Long-Term Debt of Subsidiary Companies	-	100,000,000	-100.00%
33	Payment for Retirement of:			,55,75
34	Credit Facilities Borrowings/Repayments, Net	_	(38,000,000)	100.00%
35	Long-Term Debt	(76,350,000)		>-300.00%
36	Long-Term Debt of Subsidiary Companies	(13,226,580)		-50.42%
37	Capital Lease Obligations, Net	(1,388,310)		-22.47%
38	Dividends on Common Stock	(49,833,215)		-5.39%
39	Other Financing Activities:	(,,,	(,,	
40	Exercise of Warrants		68,833,514	-100.00%
41	Debt Financing Costs	(1,550,011)		10.63%
42	Treasury Stock Purchases	(78,706,635)	(895,688)	>-300.00%
43	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	(70,054,751)	<del></del>	-199.19%
44	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,454,820)		-113.42%
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	12,706,259	1,865,161	>300.00%
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 11,251,439	\$ 12,706,259	-11.45%
47		1 4 11,201,100	0 12,100,200	
	This financial statement is presented on the heart of the accounts		D	
	This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting requirement			
	Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts.			
	method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presenta	tion in FERC Form	1, plus Canadian M	ontana
51	Pipeline Corp.			
52				

Sch 24	4		MONT	MONTANA LONG TERM DEBT	)EBT 1/				
		<u> </u>	Maturity	Principal	Net	Outstanding Per Balance	Yield to	Annual Net Cost	Total
	Description	Date	Date	Amount	Proceeds	Sheet	Maturity	Inc. Prem./Disc.	Cost %
	1 First Mortgage Bonds								
	6.04% Sei	09/13/06	09/01/16	\$150,000,000	\$148,302,298	\$149,943,650	6.040%	\$9,307,440	6.21%
	4 5.8/5% Series, Due 2014	11/01/04	11/01/14	161,000,000	161,000,000	161,000,000	5.6/5%	9,934,063	6 10%
	o lotal ritst Mortgage Dolius			000,000,1100	4000,000,200	000,010,010		00 - '7£3'01 <del>0</del>	2
	6 7 7 <b>Pollution Control Bonds</b> 8 4.65% Series, Due 2023	04/27/06	08/01/23	\$170,250,000	\$164,451,956	\$170,205,000	4.650%	\$8,467,855	4.98%
	9 10 Total Pollution Control Bonds			\$170.250.000	\$164.451.956	\$170,205,000		\$8,467,855	4.98%
· ·									
		00,700	00,70,00	\$6 170 175	\$6 170 47E	\$78,044		\$13.620	7008 8
<del>- ?</del>	13 Other Capital Leases - Fleet Lease	03/24/02	00/27/09	\$6 179 475	\$6 179 475	\$78 944		\$13,620	3.05 /0
	A TOTAL I ONG TERM DERT			\$487 429 475	\$479 933 729	\$481 227 594		\$27 723 578	5.76%
- +									
<u> </u>									
<del>-</del>		imounts due v	within 1 year	of \$103,515. It als	o does not include	amounts associ	ated with th	ne Basin Creek	
<del>-</del> - ∂	contract, which totals \$37,808,587.								
2 2	21								
	22								
- 5	23								
- 2	24								•
~ ~	25								
7 0	20								
ι ベ 	28								
	29								
<u>—</u>	30								
. ന് 	32					44 miles (10 mil			

Sch. 25					PREFEF	RRED STOCK				
	Series	Issue Date Mo./Yr.	Shares Issued	Par Value	Call Price	Net Proceeds	Cost of Money	Principal Outstanding	Annual Cost	Embed. Cost %
	NOT APPLICABLE									
3 4										
5										
6 7										
8										
9 10		,								
11										
12 13		-								
14 15										
16										
17 18										
19										
20 21										
22										
22 23 24 25									•	
25										
26 27										
28 29 30										
30									·	
31	TOTAL				<u> </u>			:		<b>_</b>

Sch. 26				COMMON	STOCK				
		Avg. Number	Book	,	Dividends				
14.5		of Shares	Value	Earnings	Per				Price/
100		Outstanding	Per Share	Per	Share	Retention	Marke	t Price	Earnings
		1/		Share	(Declared)	Ratio	High	Low	Ratio
1 2									
3	January	38,972,551	\$21.36				\$29.60	\$27.13	
4 5 6 7	February	38,972,551	21.58				29.70	25.67	
	March	38,972,551	21.41	\$0.60	\$0.33		26.33	24.04	
8 9 10	April	38,972,551	21.51				26.13	24.54	
11	May	38,972,551	21.63				26.67	23.71	
13	June	38,972,551	21.35	0.24	0.33		26.80	25.24	
15 16	July	38,190,492	21.42				28.50	23.78	
17	August	38,256,793	21.45				26.39	23.69	
19	September	35,910,281	21.00	0.35	0.33		26.69	21.79	
21 22	October	35,910,281	21.08				25.49	16.47	
23	November	35,928,050	21.15				21.34	17.02	
25 26	December	35,928,118	21.25	0.59	0.33		23.65	19.27	
	TOTAL Year End	37,975,554	\$21.25	\$1.78	\$1.32	25.84%	\$23.47		13.2

27 TOTAL Year End 37,975,554 \$21.25 \$1.78 \$1.32 25.84% \$23.47 28 29 30 1/ Monthly shares are actual shares outstanding at month-end. Total year-end shares are average shares for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008. 32 33 34 35 36

Sch. 27								
	Description	This Year	Last Year	% Change				
1	Rate Base							
2	101 Plant in Service	\$501,042,791	\$478,235,813	4.77%				
3	108 Accumulated Depreciation	(208,260,252)	(196,936,048)	-5.75%				
4	7 todamarated popresidation	(200,200,202)	(100,000,010)	33,5				
	Net Plant in Service	\$292,782,539	\$281,299,765	4.08%				
6	Additions:	\$232,702,000	Ψ201,233,703	4.0076				
7	154, 156 Materials & Supplies	\$4,234,378	\$4,196,508	0.90%				
8		\$4,234,376	φ4, 190,500	0.3078				
ì		22 245 524	22 404 020	0.710/				
9	Other Additions 1/	33,245,524	33,481,828	-0.71%				
10		007.470.000	007.070.000	0.500				
	Total Additions	\$37,479,902	\$37,678,336	-0.53%				
12	Deductions:							
13		\$27,781,049	\$22,589,837	22.98%				
14	252 Customer Advances for Construction	10,100,167	7,978,281	26.60%				
15	255 Accumulated Def. Investment Tax Credits							
16		37,698,914	38,196,997	-1.30%				
17								
18	Total Deductions	\$75,580,130	\$68,765,115	9.91%				
19	Total Rate Base	\$254,682,311	\$250,212,986	1.79%				
20	Adjusted Rate Base	\$254,682,311	\$250,212,986	1.79%				
21	Net Earnings	\$21,533,687	\$14,443,030	49.09%				
22	Rate of Return on Average Rate Base	8.455%	5.772%	46.48%				
23	Rate of Return on Average Equity 2/	9.936%	4.741%	109.58%				
24	Trace of return on Average Equity _Er	3.330 /0	7.77170	100.0070				
25	Major Normalizing and							
ŀ	Major Normalizing and							
26	Commission Ratemaking Adjustments	(2222 242)	20 200 204	100 500/				
27	Rate Schedule Revenues	(\$280,213)	\$3,289,684	-108.52%				
28	Funding Trust Regulatory Liability	104,702	102,684	1.97%				
29	2007 Property Tax Refund 3/	(1,204,688)	0	-100.00%				
30	Depreciation Related to Stipulation 4/	(215,556)	0	-100.00%				
31	_	1						
32	Non-Allowables:							
33	Advertising	161,248	281,201	-42.66%				
34	Dues, Contributions, Other	19,839	53,845	-63.16%				
35		,0,000	30,013	***************************************				
36	Associated Income Taxes 5/	1,178,992	(899,995)	231.00%				
37	7 is sociated income Taxes <u>s</u> r	1,170,332	(000,000)	201.0070				
	Total Adjustments	(\$235,675)	\$2,827,419	-108.34%				
	Revised Net Earnings		\$17,270,449	23.32%				
1	Revised Net Carnings	\$21,298,012	\$17,270,449	23.32 /6				
40	Data Bass & F. C.							
41	Rate Base Adjustment		<u>.                                    </u>	100 555				
42	Stipulation with MCC 4/	(\$6,402,000)	\$0	-100.00%				
43	<del></del>							
	Revised Rate Base	\$248,280,311	\$250,212,986	-0.77%				
45	Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base	8.578%	6.902%	24.28%				
46	Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity 2/	9.527%	9.218%	3.36%				
47								
48	1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Ass	set that provides an of	fset to the accumu	ulated				
	deferred taxes.							
50				[				
51	   2/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital struct	ure approved in Dock	at D2000 8 113					
52	22 Return on Equity calculated using the capital struct	are approved in DOCK	J. D2000.0.113.	Į				
	2/ During December 2009		fee 000	)7 nst				
	3/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estin	tate was booked for ta	ixes from year 200	ii, net				
l .	of legal costs.							
55								
	4/ Per NWE/MCC Stipulation Agreement Docket No.							
	allocated to natural gas as a rate base reduction and in	nclusion of a comparal	ole portion of annu	al				
	depreciation expense for year 2008.							
59				1				
i .	5/ Associated Income taxes include an interest synch	ronization adjustment	based upon the a	pproved				
l .	capital structure in Docket D2000.8.113.	•	,					
		······································		Schedule 27				

Sch. 27	cont. MONTANA EARNED F	RATE OF RETURN	I - GAS	
	Description	This Year	Last Year	% Change
1				
2	Detail - Other Additions			
3	FAS 109 Regulatory Asset 2/	(\$666,649)	(\$735,153)	9.32%
4	Gas Stored Underground	32,096,313	32,096,313	0.00%
5	Cost of Refinancing Debt	1,303,746	1,403,709	-7.12%
6	SAP Development Costs	512,114	716,959	-28.57%
7				
8	Total Other Additions	\$33,245,524	\$33,481,828	-0.71%
9				
10	Detail - Other Deductions			222 222/
11	Personal Injury and Property Damage	\$769,173	\$37,624	>300.00%
12	Storage Gas Sales 2000 & 2001	13,143,430	13,563,946	-3.10%
13	Gross Cash Requirements	5,775,887	6,608,131	-12.59%
14	Bond Refinancing CTC - GP	4,298,064	4,298,064	0.00%
15	Bond Refinancing CTC - RA	13,689,232	13,689,232	0.00%
16	MPSC/MCC Taxes	23,128	0	100.00%
17	T-4-1 Other B. d 6	007.000.044	#20.40C.007	4.200/
	Total Other Deductions	\$37,698,914	\$38,196,997	-1.30%
19				
20				
21				
22 23				
24 25				
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44				

Sch. 28	MC	ONTANA COMPOSITE STATISTICS - NATURAL GAS (INCLU	DES	CMP)
		Description		Amount
1				
2		Plant (Intrastate Only)		
3				
4	101	Plant in Service (Includes Allocation from Common)	\$	519,679,381
5	105	Plant Held for Future Use		4,900
6	107	Construction Work in Progress		4,132,850
7	117	Gas in Underground Storage		74,458,593
8	151-163	Materials & Supplies		3,096,208
9		(Less):		
10	108, 111	Depreciation & Amortization Reserves		213,063,145
11	252	Contributions in Aid of Construction		10,677,654
12	<b>NET BOOK</b>	COSTS	\$	377,631,133
13				
14		Revenues & Expenses		
15		·		
16	400	Operating Revenues	\$	293,261,767
17		'		, ,
18	Total Opera	iting Revenues	\$	293,261,767
19				
20		Other Operating Expenses (including regulatory amortizations)	\$	228,903,478
21	403-407	Depreciation & Amortization Expenses	Ţ	12,722,846
22	<b>!</b>	Taxes Other than Income Taxes		21,919,141
23	l .	Federal & State Income Taxes		8,182,615
24				0,10=,010
1	1	iting Expenses	\$	271,728,080
	Net Operati		\$	21,533,687
27				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	415-421.1	Other Income		403,782
1	l .	Other Deductions		531,880
1	<u> </u>	IE BEFORE INTEREST EXPENSE		\$21,405,589
31				. ,,
32		Average Customers (Intrastate Only)		
33	[	Residential		155,391
34		Commercial		21,704
35		Industrial		305
36		Other (including interdepartmental)		143
I .	TOTAL AVE	ERAGE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS		177,543
38				,
39		Other Statistics (Intrastate Only)		
40		Average Annual Residential Use (Dkt)		86.4
41		Average Annual Residential Cost per (Dkt)		\$12.02
42		Average Residential Monthly Bill		\$86.55
43		7.10.4go (toolaonilai montiny bili		Ψ00.00
44	ł .	Plant in Service (Gross) per Customer		\$2,927
<u> </u>	L		L	<del></del>

Sch. 29		Montana Cust	omer Informatio	n- Natural Gas,	1/	
		Population			Industrial	
	City	Census 2000	Residential	Commercial	& Other	Total
1	Absarokee	1,234	468	77	2	547
2	Amsterdam	- 1	55	8	-	63
3	Anaconda	9,417	3,356	321	5	3,682
4	Augusta	284	195	44	1.	240
5	Belfry	219	5	<u>-</u>	-	5
6	Belgrade	5,728	5,164	708	1	5,873
7	Big Mountain	-	187	35	-	222
8	Big Sandy	703	294	65	-	359
9	Big Timber	1,650	928	174	9	1,111
10	Bigfork	1,421	1,267	202	-	1,469
11	Billings	89,847	17	3	2	22
12	Bonner	1,693	62	5	-	67
13	Boulder	1,300	477	80	2	559
14	Bozeman	27,509	18,879	3,005	10	21,894
15	Browning	3,877	1,026	161	2	1,189
16	Buffalo	-	5	-	-	5
17	Butte	33,892	12,420	1,374	40	13,834
18	Cardwell	40	17	5	-	22
19	Carter	62	30	10	-	40
20	Chester	871	364	120	3	487
21	Chinook	1,386	702	130	6	838
22	Choteau	1,802	854	170	3	1,027
23	Churchill	-	448	49	-	497
24	Clancy	1,406	692	34	1	727
25	Clinton	-	365	19	1	385
26	Columbia Falls	3,645	3,300	348	4	3,652
27	Columbus	1,748	1,037	156	6	1,199
28 29	Conrad	2,753	1,124	198	15	1,337
30	Coram Corvallis	337	113	21	-	134
31	Cut Bank	443 3,105	1,121 43	92 10	1	1,213 54
32	Deer Lodge	3,103	1,607	206	7	1,820
33	Dillon	3,752	2,029	331	5	2,365
34	Drummond	318	2,029	55	2	2,303
35	East Glacier Park	396	125	42	1	168
36	East Helena	1,642	1,961	119	1	2,081
37	Elliston	225	98	13	<u> </u>	111
38	Essex		75	14	1	90
39	Fairfield	659	397	88	4	489
40	Florence	901	1,175	73	1	1,249
41	Floweree		42	7	_	49
42	Fort Belknap	1,262	352	54	-	406
43	Fort Benton	1,594	638	151	1	790
44	Fort Harrison	.,	-	6	58	64
45	Fort Shaw	274	105	13	-	118
46	Galata	-	3	-	_	3
47	Gallatin Gateway	-	165	39	-	204
48	Garneill	-	9	1	-	10
49	Garrison	112	22	5	-	27
50	Gildford	185	80	28	-	108
51	Gransdale	-	-	-	-	-
52	Great Falls	56,690	943	48	4	995

Sch. 29			omer Informatio	n- Natural Gas,		
		Population			Industrial	
	City	Census 2000	Residential	Commercial	& Other	Total
1	Greycliff	56	46	6	-	52
2	Hall	-	63	12	-	75
3	Hamilton	3,705	3,859	676	6	4,541
4	Harlem	848	320	68	2	390
5	Harlowton	1,062	530	102	2	634
6	Havre	9,621	4,493	635	9	5,137
7	Helena	45,819	16,905	2,325	35	19,265
8	Hingham	157	84	29	-	113
9	Hungry Horse	934	243	37	-	280
10	Inverness	103	33	13		46
11	Jefferson City	295	145	13	2	160
12	Joplin	210	93	25	_	118
13	Judith Gap	164	66	16	_	82
14	Kalispell	14,223	11,593	1,999	17	13,609
15	Kremlin	126	48	13	-	61
16	Laurel	6,255	11	1	_	12
17	Ledger	0,233	6	'	Ţ	6
18	Lewistown	6,178	2,933	477	13	3,423
19	Livingston	l ' '		555	17	3,423 4,568
20	_	7,348	3,996			
21	Logan	-	45	4	-	49
	Lohman		3	1	-	4
22	Lolo	3,388	1,514	95	-	1,609
23	Loma	92	40	20	-	60
24	Manhattan	1,396	730	100	1	831
25	Martin City	331	117	15	-	132
26	Milltown		71	8		79
27	Missoula	57,053	29,048	3,705	52	32,805
28	Montana City		702	63	-	765
29	Moore	186	3	-	-	3
30	Philipsburg	914	419	78	-	497
31	Ramsay	-	39	7	-	46
32	Red Lodge	2,177	1,754	267	7	2,028
33	Reedpoint	185	109	16	1	126
34	Roberts	-	161	20	-	181
35	Rocker	-	32	8	-	40
36	Rudyard	275	132	28	-	160
37	Ryegate	-	4	1	-	5
38	Shawmut	-	23	4	-	27
39	Shelby	3,216	9	3	-	12
40	Sheridan	659	408	72	-	480
41	Silver Star	-	20	4	-	24
42	Silverbow	-	4	•	2	6
43	Simms	373	155	17	-	172
44	Somers	556	361	19.	-	380
45	Springdale	-	1	. <b>-</b>	-	1
46	Stevensville	1,553	1,547	243	5	1,795
47	Sun River	131	109	16	-	125
48	Three Forks	1,728	822	127	1	950
49	Turah	-	113	2	-	115
50	Twin Bridges	400	209	52	-	261

Sch. 29		Montana Custo	omer Informatio	n- Natural Gas,	1/	
		Population			Industrial	
	City	Census 2000	Residential	Commercial	& Other	Total
1	Valier	498	306	66	4	376
2	Vaughn	701	328	21	1	350
3	Victor	859	469	76	1	546
4	Walkerville		241	10	-	251
5	Warm Springs	_		1	_	1
6	West Glacier		106	38	3	147
7	Whitefish	5,032	3,876	484	4	4,364
8	Whitehall	1,044	688	110	2	800
9	Whitlash	- 1	2		-	2
10	Williamsburg	_ [	1	_	-	1
11	Willow Creek	209	98	13	-	111
12	Wolf Creek	203	52	29	1	82
13	VVOII OTEEK	-	52	25	'	02
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46					,	
47						
48	Total	447,863	155,391	21,762	387	177,540

<sup>1/</sup> Customer populations represent an average of the 12 month period from 01/01/08 through 12/31/08.

1 2 3 E	Department Utility Operations	Year Beginning	Year End	Average
<b>\$</b>	Utility Operations			
<b>\$</b>	Utility Operations	ļ ;	•	
3  E:		l i		
,	Executive	7	5	6
	Safety, Health & Environmental	13	13	13
	Financial, Risk Mgmt. & Information Services	117	112	115
6 H	łuman Resources & Administration	25	23	24
7 U	Itility Services & Division Administration	642	675	659
8 R	Regulatory Affairs	21	22	22
9 Tı	ransmission	177	175	176
10 Le	.egal	6	8	7
11				
12			1	
13				
14				
15				
16				
17 <b>TO</b>	OTAL EMPLOYEES	1,008	1,033	1,021

Sch. 31	MONTANA CONSTRUCTION BUDGET 2009 (A	SSIGNED & ALLOCATE	ED)
	Project Description	Total Company	Total Montana
1			
2	Electric Operations		
4	BZN Big Sky Meadow Substation 25MVA	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000
	BZN Sourdough 4.16 Cutover to 12.5	995,081	995,081
	Elec Dist MDOT Relocations	1,600,000	1,600,000
7	Elec Trans Jack Rabbit Auto 100MVA Bank Replacement	2,600,424	2,600,424
8	Elec Trans Woodside-Victor "A" MDOT Reroute	835,515	835,515
	MT Growth Transformer purchases	5,600,000	5,600,000
10			
11	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	35,764,106	35,764,106
. 12	All Other Projects SD	19,408,460	
13	Total Electric Utility Construction Budget	68,303,586	48,895,126
14			
15	Natural Gas Operations		
16	Gas Trans Meriwether Rd Compressor Station	4,007,728	4,007,728
17	Gas Transmission - Pipeline Integrity Management Projects	3,340,268	3,340,268
. 18	Gas Transmission MDOT relocations	938,580	938,580
19			
20			
21	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	12,331,394	12,331,394
22	All Other Projects SD/NE	3,584,166	
23	Total Natural Gas Utility Construction Budget	24,202,136	20,617,970
24			
25	Common		
	MT Fleet and Equipment replacements	3,307,000	3,307,000
27	IT AM-FM GIS and automated scheduling	1,175,000	1,175,000
	Communications - mobile radios	929,436	929,436
	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	2,799,205	2,799,205
	(Includes IT, Communications, Facillities, Cust Serv)		
	All Other Projects SD/NE	4,378,308	
32			
	Total Common Utility Construction Budget	12,588,949	8,210,641
34			
	CU4 capital additions - PPL invoice	4,200,000	4,200,000
36			
37	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each	-	-
38			
39			
40			
	Total Colstrip Unit 4 Construction Budget	4,200,000	4,200,000
42	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION BUDGET	\$109,294,671	\$81,923,737

1. 32		MONTANA TRAN		ISTRIBUTION and S			
				ion System-Sales ar			(A 44 ADTLU-)
	<b>N</b> .4 4 b	Peak Day o		Peak Day Volum		Monthly Volumes	·····
4	Month	Total Company	Montana	Total Company	Montana	Total Company 6,240,309	Montana 3,915,404
1	January					4,929,874	3,388,268
2	February					4,661,608	3,562,46
3	March		NOTA			3,461,418	2,968,79
4	April		NOTA	VAILABLE 1/	į		2,966,79
5	May					2,306,488	
6	June					1,987,974	2,891,75
7	July					1,481,687	3,115,20
8	August					1,540,717	3,115,20
9	September					1,823,114	
10	October					2,850,194	
11	November					3,348,979	3,143,05
12	December		07.0044.00 0.0044.70 N.6566.608			6,078,838	4,229,69
13	TOTAL					40,711,200	40,136,62
14							
15 16			Diet-ihti	on Custom Calan an	d Transportation		
17		Sales Vo		on System-Sales an Transportatio		Monthly Volumes	(MMRTII's)
	Month	Total Company	Montana	Total Company	Montana	Total Company	Montana
19	January	3,008,761	IVIOTILATIA	292,105	Montana	3,300,866	3,008,76
20		1				3,507,727	)
21	February March	3,183,208		324,519		2,826,382	
		2,481,051		345,331		2,319,961	
22	April	2,174,401		145,560			
23	May	1,794,964		63,361		1,858,325	
24	June	1,014,215		86,640		1,100,855	I .
25	July	624,178		76,233		700,411	
26	, ,	453,474		95,034	'	548,508	1 '
27	September	561,065	•	120,576		681,641	
28	1	886,147		104,857		991,004	
29		1,608,902		19,782		1,628,684	
30		2,466,610		101,701		2,568,311	2,466,61
31	TOTAL	20,256,976		1,775,699		22,032,675	20,256,97
32							
33					4 4.		
34		I D 1 D 0 D		stem-Sales and Tran		· \/=l /BABADT\!	0)
35		Peak Day & Pe		<b>.</b>		Volumes (MMBTU'	ntana
36		Total Company	Montana		Company		
	Month	11/	1/	Injection	Withdrawal	Injection	Withdrawa
38				2,131			2,378,37
39				1,646			1,605,59
40				537	1,833,186		1,289,17
41				241,958	878,703	004 700	564,77
42	<u> </u>			1,303,541	32,228	694,730	
43	l .			1,564,772		1,163,991	
44				1,937,825	1	1,449,619	
45	_			2,414,234		1,600,557	
46				2,791,201		2,150,804	
47	i .			991,200	222,176	57,579	040 7
48	j.			306,593			240,75
49		I		4,597	3,401,857	7 1 1 7 000	2,090,34
	TOTAL			11,560,235	13,097,872	7,117,280	8,169,0
51							1. 1
		t accumulated on	a daily basis,	therefore the peak da	ay and peak day vo	olumes are not availa	able.
53							
54							
55							

Sch. 33	SOURCES OF M	ONTANA COR	E NATURAL G	AS SUPPLY	
		Last Year	This Year	Last Year	This Year
		Volumes	Volumes	Avg. Commodity	Avg. Commodity
	Supply Location	MMBTU	MMBTU	Cost	Cost
1					
2	Canadian Pipeline	3,201,827		\$6,1400	
3	Havre Pipeline	6,194,693		5.9100	
4	Encana Pipeline	6,970,187		5.9560	
£	Intra Montana Purchase	3,412,060		5.9500	
6	TOTAL CORE SUPPLY LAST YEAR	19,778,767		\$5.9920	
7					
8	Canadian Pipeline		1,481,496		\$11.6460
9	Havre Pipeline		6,064,437		7.6630
10	Encana Pipeline		8,096,076		7.5690
	Colorado Interstate Pipleine		288,000		7.6560
11	Intra Montana Purchase		3,829,514		7.1750
12	TOTAL CORE SUPPLY THIS YEAR		19,759,523		\$7.8520
13					
14					
15					
16					

	Difference	692	692
SRAMS	Achieved Savings (Mcf or Dkt)	54,945	54,945
GEMENT PRO	Planned Savings (Mcf or Dkt)	54,253	54,253
SIDE MANA	% Change	70.	70.71%
ERVATION & DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS	Last Year Expenditures	\$606,409 who installs eligible es/rebates and/or	\$606,409
CONSERVATION	Current Year Expenditures	\$1,035,210	\$1,035,210
MONTANA CONS	Program Description	2 2008 Residential Gas DSM Program \$1,035,210 \$606,409 4 10-year life 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	TOTAL
Sch. 34		- 0 8 4 2 0 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	32

Sch. 35	MO	NTA	NA CONSUMP	TIC	N AND REVEN	IUES - NATURA	L GAS		
(Asia as a			Operating Re	eve	nues 1/	Dkt So	id 1/	Average C	
			Current		Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous
	Description		Year		Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
1	Sales of Natural Gas								
2									
3	Residential	\$	161,392,590	\$	128,451,060	13,425,659	12,100,691	155,391	152,941
4	Commercial		81,261,800		64,566,930	6,754,038	6,090,733	21,704	21,266
5	Industrial Firm		2,406,178		1,749,403	207,242	169,279	305	312
6	Public Authorities		671,947		529,675	57,555	51,610	82	82
7	Interdepartmental		589,300		461,134	51,268	45,756	58	59
8	Sales to Other Utilities 2/		1,783,993		1,499,959	201,935	198,114	3	3
9	TOTAL SALES		248,105,808		197,258,161	20,697,697	18,656,183	177,543	174,663
10			Operating	Re	venues		insported	Average 0	Customers
11			Current		Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous
12			Year		Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
	Transportation of Gas								
14									
	On System Transportation	\$	18,542,047	\$	17,647,421	18,496,520	17,386,087	248	241
	Off System Transportation & Storage		767,377		908,620	1,894,424	3,077,953	4	4
	Canadian Montana Pipeline		33,820	L	44,336				
	TOTAL TRANSPORTATION		19,343,244		18,600,377	20,390,944	20,464,040	252	245
19									
20									
21								1	
22								1	1
23				ļ				Ì	
24							1		
25							1		
26								I	
27								1	
28								1	
29									
	1/ Revenue and Dkts include unbilled	and	Canadian Mont	ana	Pipeline.				
31									Į.
	2/ Includes Sales to Other Utilities onl	y, as	compared to S	che	dule 9 which in	cludes all Sales i	for Resale.		1
33									
34	·								Ī
35									
36			• •						
37									
38									ļ
39									-
40									ļ
41									

Sch. 36a	Natural G	as Universa	System Be	nefits Prog	rams	
	Program Description	Actual Current Year Expenditures	Contracted or Committed Current Year Expenditures	Total Current Year Expenditures	Expected savings (Dkt)	Most recent program evaluation
1	Local Conservation	Experiditures	Experialitares	Experialitates	(DRI)	CValuation
2	E+ Residential Audit	307,002	_	307,002	34,765	2007
3	NWE Promotion	007,002	_	007,002	54,700	2007
4	NWE Labor	20,646		20,646		
5	NWE Admin. Non-labor	18	_	18		
6		(334)	1	(334)		
7	Market Transformation	(/	3	\		
8	Research & Development	A Section of the Control	Water State of	and the second		1000
					and the second	f. A.
10	Bill Assistance	1,581,255	-	1,581,255		
11	Free Weatherization	585,000	-	585,000	20,511	2007
12	Energy Share	-	-	-		
13	2008 Gas USB Revenue Shortfall	(170,649)	-	(170,649)		
14	NWE Promotion	-	-	-		
15	NWE Labor	15,354	-	15,354		
16	NWE Admin. Non-labor	130	-	130		
17	USB Interest & Svc Chg	(2,433)	-	(2,433)		
	Total	\$ 2,335,988	\$ -	\$ 2,335,988		
t i	Number of customers that recei		rate discounts		7,353	
1 1	Average monthly bill discount a	, ,			\$ 35.84	(a)
1	Average LIEAP-eligible househouse				n/a	
1	Number of customers that recei				555	
	Expected average annual bill sa		therization			Dkt
	Number of residential audits per				5,248	(c)
1	(a) Average monthly bill discount is for	•			•	
	(b) Total of all homes weatherized in 20					
27	(c) Total of all residential audits in 2008	3 including electric a	nd gas USB funds			

Sch. 36b	Montana Conservation	& Demand Si	ide Managen	nent Progra	ms	
	Program Description (These are Gas USB Programs	Actual Current Year Expenditures	Contracted or Committed Current Year Expenditures	Total Current Year Expenditures	Expected	Most recent program evaluation
	Local Conservation			The state of the state of		1000
2 3 4 5 6 7	E+ Energy Audit for the Home (Natural Gas)	\$ 307,002	\$ -	\$ 307,002	34,765	2007
8	Demand Response		12.00		2.70	110102
9 10 11 12 13 14						
15	Market Transformation					0.668.463.60
16 17 18 19 20 21	Research & Development					
23 24 25 26 27 28						
	Low Income			ingles of a separate of		
30 31 32 33 34	Free Weatherization (Natural Gas)	\$ 585,000	\$ -	\$ 585,000	20,511	2007
35	Other					12.25/38
36 37 38 39 40 41 46 47						
48	Total	\$ 892,002	\$ -	\$ 892,002	55,276	