YEAR ENDING 2009

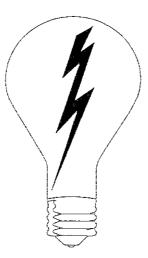
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ANNUAL REPORT ZEID APR 30 A 11: 32 OF

AUSTIC CERVICE OCALYISSION

NorthWestern Energy

ELECTRIC UTILITY



TO THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION STATE OF MONTANA **1701 PROSPECT AVENUE** P.O. BOX 202601 HELENA, MT 59620-2601

Electric Annual Report

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Sch. 1	IDENTIFICATION	
1 2 3	Legal Name of Respondent:	NorthWestern Corporation
4 5	Name Under Which Respondent Does Business:	NorthWestern Energy
6 7 8 9	Date Utility Service First Offered in Montana:	Electricity - Dec 12, 1912 Natural Gas - Jan 01, 1933 Propane - Oct 13, 1995
10 11	Person Responsible for Report:	Kendall G. Kliewer
12 13	Telephone Number for Report Inquiries:	(406) 497-2759
14 15 16 17 18	Address for Correspondence Concerning Report:	40 East Broadway Street Butte, MT 59701
	If direct control over respondent is held by another e address, means by which control is held and percen entity:	
	N/A	

Sch. 2	BOARD OF DIRECTORS	
	Director's Name & Address (City, State)	Remuneration
1		
2	See Northwestern Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K	
	to the SEC for the Corporate Board of Directors.	
4		
5		
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5 6 7 8 9		
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43		

Sch. 3		OFFICERS	
	Title	Department Supervised	Name
1			
2			
3			
4	President & Chief Executive Officer	Executive	Robert Rowe
5			
7	Vice President,	Tax, Internal Audit, Credit	Brian Bird
8	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer	Financial Planning and Analysis	
9	Shiel Financial Shiels and Treasurer	Controller and Treasury Functions	
10		Investor Relations and Business Development	
11		Cash Management and Financial Applications	
12		Information Technology	
13		Energy Risk Management	
14		Flight Services, Executive Compensation	
15			
16	Interim General Counsel &	Legal Services	Tim Olson
17	Corporate Secretary	Corporate Secretary	
18		Records Management	
19		Risk Management	
20 21	Vice President,	Retail Operations - MT/SD/NE	Curt Pohl
22	Retail Operations	Construction, Asset Management	Call Poli
23		Organizational Development & Labor Relations	
24		Large Project Development	
25		Safety/Health/Environmental Services	
26		Support Services	
27			
28	Vice President,	Transmission and Supply Compliance	David Gates
29	Wholesale Operations	Energy Supply	
30		Production and Generation	
31			
32	Vice President,	Government & Regulatory Affairs	Patrick Corcoran
33 34	Government & Regulatory Affairs		
34	Vice President,	Corporate Communications	Bobbi Schroeppel
36	Customer Care, Communications &	Account and Analysis	DODDI Genroepper
37	Human Resources	Systems and Support	
38		Revenue Collection, Customer Interaction	
39		Key Accounts/Customer Education	
40		Human Resources	
41			
42	Chief Audit & Compliance Officer	Internal Audit	Michael Nieman
43		Enterprise Risk	
44 45	Vice President, Controller	Cipendial Departies	Kondoli Klower
45 46		Financial Reporting Accounting	Kendall Kliewer
40		Accounts Payable/Payroll	
48		Compensation and Benefits	
49			
50			
R	eflects active officers as of April 24, 2010.		
	······································		

Sch. 4		TE STRUCTURE	7		
	Subsidiary/Company Name	Line of Business	Earni	ings (000)	% of Total
Regulate	ed Operations (Jurisdictional & Non-Jurisdictio	nal)	S	74,202	101.07%
	NorthWestern Corporation:				
	Montana Utility Operations	Electric Utility (including CU4) Natural Gas Utility Natural Gas Pipeline (including CMP) Propane Utility Natural Gas Funding Trust - (Bond Transition Financing) 1/			
	South Dakota Utility Operations	Electric Utility Natural Gas Utility			
	Nebraska Utility Operations	Natural Gas Utility			
nregula	ated Operations		\$	(782)	-1.07%
	Direct Subsidiaries:				
	NorthWestern Services, LLC	Nonregulated natural gas marketing, property management			
	Clarkfoot and Blackfoot, LLC	Milltown hydroelectric facility			
	NorthWestern Investments, LLC	Holds non-utility assets			
	Risk Partners Assurance, Ltd.	Captive insurance company			
	Mountain States Transmission Intertie, LLC	Will hold new transmission infrastructure assets			
	Indirect Subsidiaries:				
	Montana Generation, LLC	Non-regulated energy marketing			
Fotal Co	prporation		\$	73,420	100.00%
	1/ While the Natural Gas Funding Trust (the Tru information pertaining to the Trust is reported it is reflected on the equity basis in this prese	to the MPSC on a semi-annual basis,			

Sch. 5		CORPORATE ALLOCATIONS	DNS			
	Departments Allocated	Description of Services	Allocation Method	\$ to MT EI & Gas Utilities	MT %	\$ to Other
- 01 0						
1400×4	Cantroller	Includes the following departments: Controller, Accounting Accounts Payable, Payroll, Financial Reporting and Compensation & Benefits	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	\$38,273,500	85.99%	\$6,235,318
005555	Custamer Care	Includes the following departments: Customer Care Combined, Customer Care SD&NE CC MT, Business Develop, Corp Communications & Contributions, Human Resources and Print Services	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	18,837,676	74.17%	6,560,559
2 2 6 6 6 6 6	Legal Department	Includes the following departments: Chief Legal, Record Services, Risk Mgmt	Overthead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, tabor, and margin.	15,162,086	87.95%	2,077,128
6 0 7 7 8 8 5 5 5 5 8 8	Finance	Includes the following departments: CFO, Treasury, FP&A Tax , Investor Relations, Corporate Aircraft, IT CS, IT Applications Infrastructure, Licensing & Leasing and Capital Related Exp.	Overthead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	13,933,113	74,11%	4,868,627
22 2 2 2 4 2 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5	Regulatory and Gov't Affairs	Includes the following departments: Regulatory Affairs, Load Research, Government Affairs, Reg Support Services, Community Relations & Public Affairs.	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formuta consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	3,441,276	83.82%	664,376
333303	Executive Department	Includes the following departments: CEO	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	2,611,983	70.87%	1,073,416
335 35	Audit & Controis	Includes the following departments: Audit and Controls, Enterprise Risk Management Internal Audit	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	791,631	73.00%	292,795
4 4 4 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0	Retail Operations	Includes the following departments: Sioux Falls Facilities and Mail Services	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.	482, 144	73.00%	178,327
#REF!	TOTAL			\$93,533,409	80.99%	\$21,950,546

ΠΤΙΓΙΤΥ	Charges % of Total Charges to Utility Affil Rev to MT Utility		\$0	\$0			\$28,800 33.6% \$28.800		\$2,422,506	\$28,800 \$28,800
AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS - PRODUCTS & SERVICES PROVIDED TO UTILITY	Method to Determine Price						Tariff Rates			
FILIATE TRANSACTIONS - PRODU	Products & Services						Transportation			
AFI	Affiliate Name	Nonutility Subsidiaries	9 Total Nonutility Subsidiaries	10 Total Nonutility Subsidiaries Revenues		Utility Subsidiaries	14 Canadian-Montana Pipeline Corporation	15 Total Utility Subsidiaries	16 Total Utility Subsidiaries Revenues	17 TOTAL AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS
Sch. 6		<u>مرم م 4 م 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 </u>	6	5 	<u>4 4</u>	13	5 7	15	161	17 T

Sch. 7		AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS - PRODUC	TS & SERVICES PROVIDED BY UTILI	ſY	········	
				Charges	% of Total	Revenues
	Affiliate Name	Products & Services	Method to Determine Price	to Affiliate	Affil, Exp,	to MT Utility
1						
2	Nonutility Subsidiaries					į
3						
4						
5			l			
6						
7						
8			<u> </u>	 		
1	Total Nonutility Subsidiaries			\$0		\$0
10	Total Nonutility Subsidiaries Expenses			\$168,472		
11						
12						
13	Utility Subsidiaries					
	Natural Gas Funding Trust	Metering and billing services	Negotiated Contract Rate	\$1,000,000	95.8%	\$1,000,000
14						
15	Total Utility Subsidiaries			\$1,000,000		\$1,000,000
16	Total Utility Subsidiaries Expenses			\$1,067,814		
17	TOTAL AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS			\$1,000,000		\$1,000,000

Sch. 8		MONT	ANA	UTILITY INCO	MES	STATEMENT -	ELE	CTRIC			
		Account Number & Title		This Year Cons. Utility		n Jurisdictional Adjustments	í	This Year Montana cluding CU4)		Last Year Montana	% Change
1 2 3	400	Operating Revenues	s	794,543,777	s	120,005,468	Ş	674,538,309	s	727,504,889	-7.28%
4	Total Ope	erating Revenues	1	794.543.777		120,005,468		674,538.309		727,504,889	-7.28%
5 6 7		Operating Expenses									
8	401	Operation Expenses		492,243,020		61,073,585		431,169,435		514,971,256	-16.27%
9	402	Maintenance Expense	Ī	40,293,692		8,136,401		32,157,291		25,583,270	25.70%
10	403	Depreciation Expense		72,729,976		15,628,076		57,101,900		47,570,170	20.04%
11	404-405	Amort. of Electric Plant		4,053,464		577,819		3,475,645		3,090,853	12.45%
12	406	Amort. of Plant Acquisition Adj.		(4,815,137)		(9,521,712)		4,706,575		94,914	>300.00%
13	407.3	Regulatory Amortizations - Debit		18,442,995		(367,224)		18,810,219		26,755,469	-29.70%
14	407.4	Regulatory Amortizations - Credit	-	(17,033,194)		+		(17,033,194)		(1,119,740)	>-300.00%
15	408.1	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		62,816,322		4,523,342		58,292,980		56,175,145	3.77%
16	409.1	Income Taxes - Federal		(31,616,554)		(7,856,229)		(23,760,325)		2,633,572	>-300.00%
17		- Other		(4,083,549)		(1,104,838)		(2,978,711)		331,751	>-300.00%
18	410.1	Deferred Income Taxes-Dr.		78,090,758		20,613,316		57,477,442		37,008,510	55.31%
19	411.1	Deferred Income Taxes-Cr.		(29,069,722)		(6,433,653)		(22,636,069)		(27,910,332)	18.90%
20	411.4	Investment Tax Credit Adj.		(456,492)		(456,492)		-		-	
21	411.6	Gain from Disposition of Property				-		-	ł	~	-
22	411.7	Loss from Disposition of Property	1			-		-		-	-
23	411.8	SO2 Allowances		(6,245)		(6,245)		-		-	-
24											
25	Total Ope	erating Expenses		681,589,334		84.806,146		596,783,188		685,184,838	-12.90%
26	NET OPE	RATING INCOME	S	112,954,443	\$	35,199,322	\$	77,755,121	\$	42,320,051	83.73%

This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. As such, subsidiaries are presented using the equity method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presentation in FERC Form 1, plus Canadian Montana Pipeline Corporation and the Colstrip 4 79 and 143 MW Trusts.

Sch. 9		MONTANA REVEN	IUES - ELECTRIC			
	Account Number & Title	This Year Cons. Utility	Non Jurisdictional Adjustments	This Year Montana (Including CU4)	Last Year Montana	% Chang
1 2 3	Sales to Ultimate Consumers					
4	440 Residential	\$ 266,581,141	\$ 44,120,408	\$ 222,460,733	\$ 236,764,945	-6.04
5	442 Commercial	333,562,049	66,157,405	267,404,644	286,003,769	-6.50
6	Industrial	43.778.880	-	43,778,880	55,105,086	-20.55
7	444 Public Street, Highway Lighting				-	
8	& Other Sales to Public Authorities	15.688.001	1,928,867	13,759,134	14,424,938	-4.62
9	448 Interdepartmental Sales	1.132.467	-	1,132,467	1,199,720	-5.61
10						ļ
11	Total Sales to Ultimate Consumers	660,742.538	112,206,680	548.535,858	593,498,458	-7.5
12	447 Sales for Resale	85,539,368	5,652,828	79,886,540	86,189,707	-7.3
13						
14	Total Sales of Electricity	746,281,906	117,859,508	628,422,398	679,688,165	-7.5
15 16			-	-	(2,917,769)	100.0
17	Total Revenue Net of Rate Refunds	746,281,906	117,859.508	628,422,398	676,770,396	-7.1
18						1
19	Other Operating Revenues					
20	450 Forfeited Discounts & Late Pymt Rev	442,163	442,163	-	~	
21	451 Miscellaneous Service Revenue	135,325	135,325	+	-	
22	453 Sales of Water & Water Power	-	-	-	-	
23	454 Rent From Electric Property	2,788,635	165,719	2,622,916	2,487,765	5.4
24	456 Other Electric Revenues	44,895,748	1,402,753	43,492,995	48,246,728	-9.8
25						
26	Total Other Operating Revenue	48,261,871	2.145,960	46,115,911	50,734,493	-9.1
27	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 794,543,777	\$ 120,005,468	\$ 674,538,309	\$ 727,504,889	-7.2

Sch. 10	MONTANA OI	PERATION & MAIN	ENANCE EXPENS	ES - ELECTRIC		
				This Year		
02.96		This Year Cons.	Non Jurisdictional	Montana	Last Year	
	Account Number & Title	Utility	Adjustments	(Including CU4)	Montana	% Change
1	Power Production Expenses					
2	Steam Power Generation-Operation					
3	500 Supervision & Engineering	S 763,431	\$ 737.332	\$ 26,099	s -	-
4	501 Fuel	47,131,845	29,619,568	17,512,277	3.787,404	>300.00%
5	502 Steam Expenses	1,916,107	755,449	1,160,658		_
6	503 Steam from Other Sources	1,010,101		1,100,000	_	_
7	505 Electric Plant	899.751	678,140	221,611	_	_
8	506 Miscellaneous Steam Power	2,311,075	668,374	1,642,701		l _
9	507 Rents	35.366	3.726	31,640		_
	Total Operation-Steam Power Gen.	53.057,575	32,462.589	20.594,986	3,787,404	>300.00%
, ,	Steam Power Generation-Maintenance	55,057,575	JZ,402,J09	20.394,900	5.101,404	
11		000.070	164 707	000 045		
12	510 Supervision & Engineering	838,042	451,727	386,315	-	-
13	511 Structures	717,427	219,650	497,777	-	-
14	512 Steam Boiler Plant	6,391,605	2,541,630	3,849,975		-
15	513 Electric Plant	2,399,466	729,948	1,669,518	-	-
16	514 Miscellaneous Steam Plant	920.211	335.300	584,911	-	
I >>>	Total Maintenance-Steam Power Gen.	11,266,751	4,278,255	6,988,496	-	-
	Total Steam Power Generation	64,324,326	36,740,844	27,583,482	3,787,404	>300.00%
19	Hydro Power Generation-Operation				1	
20	535 Supervision & Engineering			-	- 1	-
21	536 Water for Power	-	-	-		-
22	537 Hydraulic Expenses	-	-	-	- 1	-
23	538 Electric Expenses	-	-	-	-	-
24	539 Miscellaneous Hydrautic Power	-	-	-	-	-
25	540 Rents	-	-	-	-	-
26	Total Operation-Hydro Power Gen.	-	-		-	-
27	Hydro Power Generation-Maintenance					
28	541 Supervision & Engineering			-	-	-
29	542 Structures	-	-	-	-	-
30	543 Reservoirs, Dams & Waterways			-	-	- 1
31	544 Electric Plant	-	-	-	-	-
32	545 Miscellaneous Hydro Plant	-	-	-		
	Total Maintenance-Hydro Power Gen.	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Hydraulic Power Generation	-	•	-	-	-
	Other Power Generation-Operation					
36	546 Supervision & Engineering	87,153	87,153	-	-	- 1
37	547 Fuel	567,017	567,017	-		-
38	548 Generation Expenses	373,282	373,282	-		-
39	549 Miscellaneous Other Power	16,432	16,432	-	-	-
	Total Operation-Other Power Gen.	1,043,884	1.043,884	-		-
41	Other Power Generation-Maintenance		110 10,004			
42	551 Supervision & Engineering	87,509	87,509	-	-	
42	552 Structures	01,009	606,10	_		
43	553 Generating & Electric Plant	68,445	68,445	-		-
	554 Miscellaneous Other Power Plant	34,823	34,823	-	-	-
45	Total Maintenance-Other Power Gen.	190,777	<u> </u>			-
	Total Other Power Generation	1,234,661	1,234,661	-	-	
	Other Power Supply Expenses	1,234,001	100,4001	-		
		220 706 000	7 765 600	202.000.000	430,288,454	-25.16%
49	555 Purchased Power	329,796,089	7,765,690	322,030,399	4.30,200,454	-23.10%
50	556 System Control & Load Dispatch	178,946	178.946	-	0.047.000	> 200 200
51	557 Other Expenses	(7.558,369)	10.964	(7,569,333)		>-300.00%
	Total Other Power Supply Expenses	322.416,666	7,955,600	314,461,066		-27.36%
53	Total Power Production Expenses	387,975.653	45,931,105	342,044,548	436.693,393	-21.67%

Image: constraint of the second sec	Sch. 10	MONTAN	A OPERATION & M	AINTENANCE EXP	ENSES - ELECTR	IC	
Account Number & Title Utility Adjustments Including CL44 Montana 3: Change 1 Transmission-Operation -							1
1 Transmission-Depration 2.756.301 239.622 2.516.379 2.700.023 4.559 5 500 Supervision & Engineering 2.756.301 239.622 2.516.379 2.700.023 4.559 7 551.1 Load Dispatch-Reliability 845.528 638.347 32.87 551.2 Load Disp-An/Schedu 1.365.103 195.223 1.169.88 1.354.165 1.369 10 561.4 Relia Pin/StobevRTO 2.7664 2.7664 - - 11 561.8 SchobevRTO 2.7664 1.554.168 - - 12 561.8 SchobevRises 1.350.132 175.330 1.174.802 788.732 52.82 15 560 Overthead Lines 1.469.852 5.82.82 5.844.023 4.304.022 4.519 15 565 Transmission 1.830.280 1.027.848.022 4.303.900 1.1374.912 20.179 16 564.923 52.027 52.627 52.627 22.755 22.759 52.6			This Year Cons.	Non Jurisdictional	Montana	Last Year	
2 Transmission-Deration 23 3 Transmission-Operation 239,022 2,516,379 2,700,023 4,500 6 560 Sporvision & Engineering 2,756,301 239,022 2,516,379 2,700,023 4,500 7 561:1. Load Disparch: Reliability 844,528 - 845,528 6363,347 22,877 7 561:1. Load Disparch: Neithorito/Op 800,510 126,522 1,169,880 1,154,166 1,360 15 561.5. Reliab, Plans, Stids 902,210 - - - - 15 51.5. Transmission Service Studies 4,000 - - - - 14 562. Station Expenses 1,350,132 175,330 1,174,802 786,732 52,829 15 563 Overhead Lines 34,879 384,739 1,360,602 2,364,023 344,237 300,006 22,829 15 563 Supervision & Engineering 24,766 44,805 2,222 20,771 21,439,959 11,878,912 20,77		Account Number & Title	Utility	Adjustments	(Including CU4)	Montana	% Change
3 Transmission-Operation 2,756,301 239,022 2,516,379 2,700,023 6,809 7 551.1 Ladd Dispatch-Reliability 644,528 - 541,527 571,33 506,729 14,289 9 551.1 Ladd Disp-AnviSchedu 1,366,103 195,223,377 577,313 506,729 14,289 9 551.3 Ladd Disp-AnviSchedu 1,366,103 195,223 1,169,380 - - 561.5 Fraismission Service Studies 4,000 4,000 - </td <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1						
4 Transmission-Operation 2,756,301 239,822 2,516,379 2,700,023 6,600 5 5600 Specification -	2	Transmission Expenses					
5 560 Supervision & Engineering 2.756.301 229.922 2.516.379 2.700.023 6.607 7 561:1 Load Dispatch- Reliability 845.528 0.817.579 2.700.023 6.607 7 551:1 Load DispKnitor/Op 605.510 229.377 579.133 505.6729 14.269 9 551:3 Load DispKnitor/Op 805.510 229.372 1,169.880 1,154.186 1.369 151:5 Feliao, Plan, Stds 90.210 - - - 551:5 Transmission Service Studies 4.000 4.000 - - 551:5 Station Expenses 1.350.132 175.330 1.174.802 768.732 52.822 563:5 Transmission Service Studies 4.000 - - - - 76:55 Transmission Service Studies 1.350.132 175.330 2.079.120 3.43.090.662 2.245.99 3.900.993 1.727.900 67.732 52.822 5.662.223 2.079.120 3.74.237 5.900.993	3						
5 560 Supervision & Engineering 2.756.301 229.922 2.516.379 2.700.023 6.607 7 561:1 Load Dispatch- Reliability 845.528 0.817.579 2.700.023 6.607 7 551:1 Load DispKnitor/Op 605.510 229.377 579.133 505.6729 14.269 9 551:3 Load DispKnitor/Op 805.510 229.372 1,169.880 1,154.186 1.369 151:5 Feliao, Plan, Stds 90.210 - - - 551:5 Transmission Service Studies 4.000 4.000 - - 551:5 Station Expenses 1.350.132 175.330 1.174.802 768.732 52.822 563:5 Transmission Service Studies 4.000 - - - - 76:55 Transmission Service Studies 1.350.132 175.330 2.079.120 3.43.090.662 2.245.99 3.900.993 1.727.900 67.732 52.822 5.662.223 2.079.120 3.74.237 5.900.993	4	Transmission-Operation					
6 691 Load Dispatching 945.528 638.247 32.87% 7 551.1 Load DispMonitor/Op 805.510 228.377 579.133 506.729 14.28% 9 561.3 Load DispNoricachu 1.368.103 1155.223 1.169.880 1.154.188 1.36% 15 561.5 Friatsmission Service Studies 4.000 4.000 - - - 15 561.5 Sch.Sys&Cirv Sirv-RTD 384.739 384.739 324.739 920.686 1.038.89 -	5		2 756 301	239 922	2 516 379	2 700 023	-6.80%
7 591.1 Load Disparton-Fellability 845.528 228.377 571.32 506.729 14.289 9 591.3 Load DispMonitor/Op 805.510 228.377 571.33 506.729 14.289 9 591.3 Load DispMonitor/Op 805.510 228.377 571.13 506.729 14.289 15 Fellap, Plan, Stds 90.270 90.210 - - - 15 516.8 Sention Service Studies 4.000 4.000 - - - 16 Station Expenses 1.350.132 175.330 1.174.802 768.732 52.822 17 565 Toransmission Service Studies 4.000 -			2,100,001	200,022	2,010,010		-
8 561.2 Lace Disp-MontionOp 805.510 225.377 577.9133 506.729 14.289 10 561.4 Relia Plin/StdDev-RTO 27.664 27.664 27.664 -			845 528	_	845 528	636 347	32 87%
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11 561:5 Reliab, Plan, Stats 90,210 - - - 12 561:8 Sch, Sys&Crit Srv-RTO 4 - - - 14 562: Station Expenses 1.350.132 1174.802 768.732 528.293 15 563: Overhead Lines 348.979 384.799 (35,760) 920.886 - - 16 565: Transmission of Elsc by Others 11.056.852 5.692.829 5.364.023 4.308.062 2.24.619 17 565: Transmission 1.830.280 (248.865) 2.282 664.603 539.203 137.29 - - - - - - - 340.002 2.24.619 23.699 540.23 2.0.755 22.282 666.412 166.639 519.713 420.190 23.699 519.713 420.190 23.699 540.23 20.755 542.37 540.23 20.755 542.37 550.57 347.396 540.23 27.797 577 347.396 542	1				1,109,000	1,104,100	1.5076
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21 Transmission-Maintenance 686.412 166.699 519.713 420.100 23.899 22 568 Supervision & Engineering 686.412 166.699 519.713 420.100 23.899 23 569 Structures 27.669 846 26.823 20.755 29.293 24 569.1 Maintenance of Computer Software 779.300 -	19	567 Rents	648,685	2,282	646,403	539,930	19.72%
21 Transmission-Maintenance 686.412 166.699 519.713 420.100 23.899 22 568 Supervision & Engineering 686.412 166.699 519.713 420.100 23.899 23 569 Structures 27.669 846 26.823 20.755 29.293 24 569.1 Maintenance of Computer Software 779.300 -	20	Total Operation-Transmission	21,129,224	6,789,716	14,339.508	11,878,912	20.71%
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24 569.1 Maintenance of Computer Software 535,057 - 535,057 347,396 54.02% 25 569.3 Maintenance of Computer Software 779,300 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· ;</td> <td></td> <td>29.23%</td>					· ;		29.23%
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29 572 Underground Lines 3,999 3,999 - - - 11 Total Maintenance-Transmission Plant 7.771,944 842,298 6,929,646 5,285,114 31.129 21 Total Maintenance-Transmission 7.771,944 842,298 6,929,646 5,285,114 31.129 33 Total Transmission Expenses 28,901,168 7,632,014 21.269,154 17.164,026 23.923 34 Distribution Expenses 28,901,168 7,632,014 21.269,154 17.164,026 23.923 35 Distribution Expenses 28,901,168 7,632,014 21.269,154 17.164,026 23.923 36 Distribution Expenses 1,034,588 240,750 793,838 893,257 -11.139 36 S8 taion Expenses 1,034,588 240,750 793,838 893,257 -11.139 37 584 Underground Lines 2,108,479 21.866,452 2,144,219 -1.029,440 -9.219 38 S81 Load Dispatching 2,761,535 -3.	ł !					•	
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41 584 Underground Lines 1,974,353 622,074 1,352,279 1,403,331 -3.649 42 585 Street Lighting & Signal Systems 975,630 41,052 934,578 1,029,440 -9.219 43 586 Meters 3,202,598 545,463 2,657,135 2,751,536 -3.439 44 587 Customer Installations 1,974,121 233,769 1,740,352 1,741,954 -0.099 45 588 Miscellaneous Distribution 2,044,395 437,650 1,606,745 1,656,616 -3.019 46 589 Rents 70,646 - 70.646 29.198 141.969 47 Total Operation-Distribution 17.375,642 3.500,754 13.874,888 14.355,729 -3.359 48 Distribution-Maintenance - <td>40</td> <td>583 Overhead Lines</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,886,452</td> <td></td> <td>-12.02%</td>	40	583 Overhead Lines			1,886,452		-12.02%
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46 589 Rents 70,646 - 70,646 29,198 141,969 47 Total Operation-Distribution 17,375,642 3,500,754 13,874,888 14,355,729 -3,359 48 Distribution-Maintenance - </td <td> .</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td>	.						1
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49 590 Supervision & Engineering 1,770,485 494,010 1,276,475 1,571,144 -18.769 50 591 Structures -			11.010.042	3,500,734	13.074,000	14,000,129	-3.3374
50 591 Structures - <	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 770 405	101.010	4 070 470	4 574 444	10 700
51 592 Station Equipment 1,201,486 199,564 1,001,922 1,022,071 -1.979 52 593 Overhead Lines 10,926,009 1,577,391 9,348,618 10,950,975 -14.639 53 594 Underground Lines 1,954,143 316.734 1,637,409 1,673,673 -2.179 54 595 Line Transformers 466,674 12,231 454,443 521,970 -12.949 55 596 Street Lighting, Signal Systems 789,347 96,269 693,078 614,086 12.869 56 597 Meters 1,229,648 38,734 1,190,914 1,159,230 2.739 57 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant 25,134 - - - 58 Total Maintenance-Distribution 18.362,926 2,760.067 15.602,859 17,513,149 -10.919			1,770,485	494,010	1,276,475	1,5/1,144	-18.76%
52 593 Overhead Lines 10,926,009 1,577,391 9,348,618 10,950,975 -14.639 53 594 Underground Lines 1,954,143 316.734 1,637,409 1,673,673 -2.179 54 595 Line Transformers 466,674 12,231 454,443 521,970 -12.949 55 596 Street Lighting, Signal Systems 789,347 96,269 693,078 614,086 12.869 56 597 Meters 1,229,648 38,734 1,190,914 1,159,230 2.739 57 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant 25,134 - - 58 Total Maintenance-Distribution 18.362,926 2,760.067 15.602,859 17,513,149 -10.919	• •			-	-		-
53 594 Underground Lines 1,954,143 316,734 1,637,409 1,673,673 -2.179 54 595 Line Transformers 466,674 12,231 454,443 521,970 -12.949 55 596 Street Lighting, Signal Systems 789,347 96,269 693,078 614,086 12.869 56 597 Meters 1,229,648 38,734 1,190,914 1,159,230 2.739 57 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant 25,134 - - - 58 Total Maintenance-Distribution 18.362,926 2,760.067 15.602,859 17,513,149 -10.919		• •					[
54 595 Line Transformers 466,674 12,231 454,443 521,970 -12.949 55 596 Street Lighting, Signal Systems 789,347 96,269 693,078 614,086 12.869 56 597 Meters 1,229,648 38,734 1,190,914 1,159,230 2.739 57 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant 25,134 - - - 58 Total Maintenance-Distribution 18.362,926 2,760.067 15.602,859 17,513,149 -10.919							-14.63%
55 596 Street Lighting, Signal Systems 789,347 96,269 693,078 614,086 12.869 56 597 Meters 1,229,648 38,734 1,190,914 1,159,230 2.739 57 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant 25,134 - - - 58 Total Maintenance-Distribution 18.362,926 2,760.067 15.602,859 17,513,149 -10.919	53	-		316,734		1,673,673	-2.17%
56 597 Meters 1,229,648 38,734 1,190,914 1,159,230 2.739 57 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant 25,134 25 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>12,231</td> <td>454,443</td> <td>521,970</td> <td>-12.94%</td>				12,231	454,443	521,970	-12.94%
56 597 Meters 1,229,648 38,734 1,190,914 1,159,230 2.739 57 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant 25,134 - <td>54</td> <td></td> <td>700 047</td> <td>96 269</td> <td>693,078</td> <td>614,086</td> <td>12.86%</td>	54		700 047	96 269	693,078	614,086	12.86%
57 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant 25.134 -	. F	596 Street Lighting, Signal Systems	/89,34/				
58 Total Maintenance-Distribution 18.362,926 2,760.067 15.602,859 17,513,149 -10.919	55				1,190,914	1,159,230	2.73%
	55 56 57	597 Meters 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant	1,229,648	38,734	1,190,914	1,159,230	2.73%
	55 56 57	597 Meters 598 Miscellaneous Distribution Plant	1,229,648 25.134	38,734 25,134	~		2.73%

Schedule 10A

5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	Account Number & Title Customer Accounts Expenses Customer Accounts-Operation 901 Supervision 902 Meter Reading 903 Customer Records & Collection 904 Uncollectible Accounts	This Year Cons. Utility 2,010,562	Non Jurisdictional Adjustments	This Year Montana (Including CU4)	Last Year Montana	% Change
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 T 11 12	Customer Accounts Expenses Customer Accounts-Operation 901 Supervision 902 Meter Reading 903 Customer Records & Collection 904 Uncollectible Accounts	Utility 2,010,562	{ ·			% Change
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 T 11 12	Customer Accounts Expenses Customer Accounts-Operation 901 Supervision 902 Meter Reading 903 Customer Records & Collection 904 Uncollectible Accounts	2,010,562	Adjustments	(Including CU4)	Montana	% Change
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 T 11 12	Customer Accounts-Operation 901 Supervision 902 Meter Reading 903 Customer Records & Collection 904 Uncollectible Accounts	· · ·				-
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 7 11 11	Customer Accounts-Operation 901 Supervision 902 Meter Reading 903 Customer Records & Collection 904 Uncollectible Accounts	· · ·				
4 C 5 6 7 8 9 10 T 11 12	901 Supervision 902 Meter Reading 903 Customer Records & Collection 904 Uncollectible Accounts	· · ·				1
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	901 Supervision 902 Meter Reading 903 Customer Records & Collection 904 Uncollectible Accounts	· · ·				1
6 7 8 9 10 T 11 12	902 Meter Reading 903 Customer Records & Collection 904 Uncollectible Accounts	· · ·	-			ĺ
7 8 9 10 T 11 12	903 Customer Records & Collection 904 Uncollectible Accounts	· · ·		4 959 997	-	2 4 4 57
8 9 10 T 11 12	904 Uncollectible Accounts		650,665	1,359,897	1,318,833	3.11%
9 10 T 11 12		7,263,426	749,831	6,513,595	6,352,734	2.53%
10 T 11 12		1,304,510	170,950	1,133,560	1,134,234	-0.06%
11 12	905 Miscellaneous Customer Accts.	71,316	71.380	(64)	(87)	25.91%
12	Fotal Customer Accounts Expenses	10,649,814	1,642,826	9,006,988	8,805,714	2.29%
	Customer Service & Information					ł
13						1
	Customer Service-Operation					ł
15	907 Supervision	-	-	- 	-	-
16	908 Customer Assistance	4,372,286	1,474,985	2,897,301	2,986,215	-2.98%
17	909 Inform. & Instruct, Advertising	737,803	176,593	561,210	561,834	-0.11%
18	910 Misc. Customer Service & Info.	721,969	-	721,969	696,034	3.73%
	otal Customer Service & Info. Expense	5,832,058	1,651,578	4,180,480	4,244,083	-1.50%
20						l
21	Sales Expenses					ĺ
22						1
23 S	Sales-Operation					ť
24	911 Supervision	-	-	. .	-	-
25	912 Demonstrating & Selling	(1,064)	-	(1,064)	112,865	-100.94%
26	913 Advertising	213,994	58,586	155,408	355,274	-56.26%
27	916 Miscellaneous Sales	-	-		-	
28 T	otal Sales Expenses	212,930	58,586	154,344	468,139	-67.03%
29						
30	Administrative & General Expenses					
31						
32 A	dmin. & General-Operation					
33	920 Admin. & General Salaries	25,041,119	3,981,932	21,059,187	19,049,669	10.55%
34	921 Office Supplies & Expenses	7,515,046	1,537,197	5,977,849	4,851,339	23.22%
35	922 Admin. Expense Transferred-Cr.	(7,245,222)	(2,656,649)	(4,588,573)	(3,367,495)	
36	923 Outside Services Employed	5,666,786	685,822	4,980,964	4,973,884	0.14%
37	924 Property Insurance	1,021,825	303,516	718,309	373,326	92.41%
38	925 Injuries & Damages	8,767,169	734,401	8,032,768	3,810,412	110.81%
39	926 Employee Pensions & Benefits	5,500,337	574,809	4,925,528	(3,968,017)	224.13%
40	927 Franchise Requirements	-	-	-	-	-
41	928 Regulatory Commission Expenses	987,494	20,628	966,866	869,055	11.25%
42	929 Duplicate Charges-Cr.	-	-	-	•	- 1
43	930 Miscellaneous General Expenses	11,490,733	426,918	11,063,815	10,579,059	4.58%
44	931 Rents	1,779.940	359,478	1,420.462	1,354,054	4.90%
	otal Operation-Admin. & General	60,525,227	5,968,052	54,557,175	38,525,286	41.61%
46 A	dmin, & General-Maintenance					
47	935 General Plant	2.701,294	65,004	2.636.290	2.785,007	-5.34%
48 T	otal Maintenance-Admin. & General	2,701,294	65,004	2,636,290	2,785,007	-5.34%
49 T	otal Admin. & General Expenses	63,226,521	6,033.056	57,193,465	41,310,293	38.45%
50 T	OTAL OPER. & MAINT. EXPENSES	\$ 532,536,712	\$ 69,209,986	\$ 463,326,726	\$ 540,554,526	-14.29%

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Schedule 10B

Sch.11	MONTANA TAXES OTHER	THAN INCOME - ELE	CTRIC	
		This Year		
	Description	(Including CU4)	Last Year	% Change
1				
2	Taxes associated with Payroll/Labor	\$3,513,904	\$3,409,270	3.07%
3	Property Taxes	51,259,527	48,894,774	4.84%
4	Electric Energy License Tax	257,129	-	100.00%
5	Crow Tribe RR and Utility Tax	34,872	38,294	-8.94%
6	City Tax	3,258	4,922	-33.81%
7	Consumer Counsel Tax	466,629	593,978	-21.44%
8	Public Service Commission Tax	1,245,861	1,588,541	-21.57%
9	Heavy Highway Use Tax	11,593	13,633	-14.96%
10	Vehicle Use Tax	137,247	135,413	1.35%
11	Wholesale Energy Transaction Tax	1,483,854	1,415,100	4.86%
12	Delaware Franchise Tax	750	81,220	-99.08%
13	Pollution Control Tax	(121,644)	-	-100.00%
14				
15				
16				
17	TOTAL TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME	\$58,292,980	\$56,175,145	3.77%
18		1 <u>i</u>	- 49	· · · ·
19				

Sch. 12	PAYMENTS FOR SE	RVICES TO PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES 1/	
	Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total
4			
	360NETWORKS (USA) INC ADVENTURE DIVERS INC	Network Services Barge Delivery Services	96,69(183,733
	ALCO OIL & GAS PRODUCTION	Engineering and Fabrication Services	343,16
	ALME CONSTRUCTION, INC.	Welding Services	315,63-
	AMERICAN INNOVATIONS INC	Software Licensing Fees	123,84
	ARCADIS	Engineering Services	980,331
	AREVA T&D ENERGY	Software Support Services	432,255
	AREVA T&D INC	Software Support Services	266,06
	ASPLUNDH TREE EXPERT CO	Tree Trimming	3,250,786
	ASSOCIATED ARBORISTS	Vegetation Management	524,780
11	AUTOMOTIVE RENTALS INC	Fleet Management	6,732,54
12	B & B CONTRACTING INC	Construction	147,21
13	BALHOFF WILLIAMS LLC	Legal Services	640,59
14	BART ENGINEERING COMPANY	Engineering Services	214,92
15	BILL FIELD TRUCKING INC	Equipment Transportation	344,59
16	BISON ENGINEERING INC	Engineering Services	76,43
17	BONDHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS GROUP	Settlement Support Services	123,52
18	BRANDENBURG INDUSTRIAL SERVICE	Construction	109,60
19	BROWNING, KALECZYC, BERRY & HOVEN	Legal Services	398,55
20	CA INC	Software Maintenance Agreements	77,39
21	CARDINAL UTILITY CONSTRUCTION	Construction	293,25
	CENTRAL AIR SERVICE INC	Aerial Pilot Services	387,91
23	CENTRAL COPTERS INC	Flight Services	131,98
24	CENTRON SERVICES INC	Collection Services	92,03
25	CESSNA AIRCRAFT COMPANY	Aircraft Maintenance	328,02
26	CINC LLC	Strategic Consulting and Government Relations	111,02
27	CLEM WILLIAMS & DATSOPOULOS	Legal Services	120,00
	CONTINENTAL STEEL WORKS	Fabrication Services	930,01
29	CON-WAY TRANSPORTATION SERVICES	Freight Services	108,73
	CREST KROGH & NORD LLC	Legal Services	102,95
	CURTIS, MALLET-PREVOST, COLT & MOSLE LLP	Legal Services	468,76
	DAVENPORT, EVANS, HURWITZ & SMITH, LLP	Legal Services	82,07
	DAVEY TREE SURGERY COMPANY	Tree Trimming	713,20
	DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP	Audit Services	1,490,96
1		Professional Services	75,60
	DEWILD GRANT RECKERT & ASSOCIATES CO.	Engineering Services	106,83
	DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO LLP	Legal Services	1,969,87
		Computer Licensing	354,33
	DISTRIBUTION CONSTRUCTION CO	Gas Pipeline Construction	224,23
	DJ&A P.C. CONSULTING ENGINEERS	Engineering Services	118,30
1	DNV GLOBAL ENERGY CONCEPTS	Engineering Services	81,74 476 24
	DOWL HKM EDISON ELECTRIC INSTITUTE	Professional Services	176,24
		Membership Dues	205,00
	EDM INTERNATIONAL INC	Anchor Rod Inspection Services	83,59
1	EDWARDS JET CENTER	Charter Services Audit Services	77,72
	EIDE BAILLY EIM ENERGY INSURANCE MUIT IAI		83,10 505.00
1	EIM ENERGY INSURANCE MUTUAL ELM LOCATING & UTILITY SERVICE	Insurance Premiums	1,984,74
	EMC CORPORATION HEADQUARTERS	Locating Services and Excavation Notifications Software Support Services	1,984,74
	ENERGY SHARE OF MONTANA	USBC Services	746,44
	EXEC AIR MONTANA INC	Flight Services	746,44 77,90
	FACTORY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY	Insurance Premiums	805,27
	FAEGRE & BENSON LLP	Legal Services	299,21
	FAIRBANKS MORSE ENGINE	Construction	82,60
	FALLS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY	Construction	263,62
	FISHNET SECURITY	Software Support Services	635,53
	FITCH INC	Debt Rating Services	145,00
	GARTNER GROUP INC	IT Consulting	143,00
1	GILLESPIE PRUDHON & ASSOCIATES	Engineering Services	97,37
	GLACIER ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE	Engineering Services	97,37 133,05
	GRANT THORNTON LLP	Audit/Accounting Services	141,639
	GREAT DIVIDE ENERGY CONSULTING	Energy Consulting	141,63
	GREENE ESPEL P.L.L.P.	Legal Services	80,127
	1 & H CONTRACTING INC	Concrete Services	107,022
			107,022

12A		ICES TO PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES 1/	
	Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total
65	HAIDER CONSTRUCTION INC	Backhoe Services	192,3
	HARRINGTON'S FLOOR COVERING INC	Carpet Installation Services	76,2
	HARTELCO INC	Boring Services	101,3
	HAYS COMPANIES	Insurance Premiums	2,311,2
69	HDR ENGINEERING INC	Engineering Services	347,5
	HEATH CONSULTANTS INC	Gas Leak Surveys	401,1
71	HIGH MARK MEDIA	Marketing Service	86,1
72	INDEPENDENT INSPECTION COMPANY	Electric Line Inspection	1,184,2
73	INDEPENDENT POWER SYSTEMS INC	Installation of Renewal Energy Systems	219,6
74	INFRASOURCE UNDERGROUND	Construction	220,5
75	INTEGRATED DESKTOP SOLUTIONS INC	Drafting Services	161,7
76	INTERGRAPH CORPORATION	Software Consultants	99,4
77	ITRON	Hardware and Software Maintenance	639,7
78	JACOBSEN TREE EXPERTS	Tree Trimming	234,6
79	JOHNSON HEIDEPRIEM ABDALLAH AND JOHNSON LLF	Legal Services	190,0
80	JONES DAY	Legal Services	404,6
81	JSSI JET SUPPORT SERVICES INC	Flight Services	141,2
82	KEMA SERVICES INC	USB and DSM Programs and Services	7,520,4
83	KM CONSTRUCTION CO INC	Concrete Services	173,6
84	LANDMARK AVIATION -FSD	Charter Services	84,4
85	LANDS ENERGY CONSULTING	Energy Consultants	120,4
86	LARSON DIGGING INC	Construction	137,2
87	LC STAFFING SERVICE	Temporary Employment Services	338,4
88	LEONARD, STREET & DEINARD	Legal Services	534,0
89	LIEN TRANSPORTATION CO	Transportation Services	139,4
90	LOGAN SIMPSON DESIGN INC	Environmental Consulting	174,0
91	MANAGEMENT APPLICATIONS CONSULTING	Rate Case Consulting	159,9
92	MAPPCOR	Electric Reliability Services	202,1
93	MARSH USA INC	Consulting - Risk Management	119,5
94	MERCER HUMAN RESOURCE CONSULTING	Actuarial and Consulting Services	159,6
95 1	MERIDIAN IT INC	IT Services	168,5
96	MICHAEL J HANSON	Legal Consulting	90,0
97	MICROSOFT LICENSING GP	Computer Licensing	981,8
98	MILLS CONSTRUCTION INC	Construction	815,4
99 1	MONTANA-DAKOTA UTILITIES CO	Joint Trenching Services	114,9
100	MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE	Professional Services	191,2
101	MOODY'S KMV	Credit Professionals Fees	129,5
102	MOUNTAIN POWER CONSTRUCTION CO	Construction	384,4
103	MTS TESTING GROUP	Inspection Services	161,4
104 1	NATIONAL CENTER FOR APPROPRIATE TECHNOLOGY	Lab testing	1,449,3
105	NEWMECH COMPANIES INC	Construction	14,424,7
106 1	NEXANT INC	Energy Consulting	448,6
107	NORDIC DEVELOPMENT INC	Concrete Services	117,6
108	NORTHWEST ENERGY EFFICIENCY	Energy Services	309,6
109 0	OLSON LAND SERVICES	Professional Services	135,1
110	OPEN ACCESS TECHNOLOGY INT'L INC	Software Support Services	286,5
111 F	PAR ELECTRIC CONTRACTORS INC	Electric Construction and Maintenance	3,361,6
112 F	PAUL HASTINGS, JANOFSKY & WALKER LLP	Legal Services	128,2
113 F	PAUL, WEISS, RIFKIND, WHARTON & GARRIS	Legal Services	267,9
114 F	PAULSEN MARKETING	Advertising	1,310,6
	PBS&J	Land and Permitting Services	1,810,2
116 F	PICEK CONSTRUCTION CO INC	Construction	540,7
117 F	PONDERA ENGINEERS	Engineering Services	332,1
	POWER ENGINEERS INCORPORATED	Engineering Services	2,284,9
119 F	PRO PIPE SERVICES INC	Pipeline Fabrication Services	526,6
120 F	PROFESSIONAL MAILING & MARKETING	Mailing Services	2,825,8
121 F	RML INCORPORATED	Boring Services	132,3
122 F	ROCKY MOUNTAIN CONTRACTORS INC	Electric Construction and Maintenance	8,813,5
123 F	ROD TABBERT CONSTRUCTION INC	Construction	240,5
124 F	ROUNDS BROTHERS TRENCHING	Boring Services	84,4
125 S	SAP AMERICA INC	Software Maintenance	2,064,4
126 S	SCENIC CITY ENTERPRISES INC	Hydro Evacuation Services	240,98
127 S	SIME CONSTRUCTION	Construction	99,92
128 S	SMARTPROS LEGAL & ETHICS LTD	HR Consulting	94,31

Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total
130 SMITTY'S PLUMBING & HEATING INC	Plumbing Services	87.95
131 SOLAR PLEXUS	USB and DSM Programs and Services	121.04
132 SOUTH DAKOTA ELECTRIC UTILITY	Membership Dues	91,35
133 SPHERION CORPORATION	Temporary Employment Services	85.40
134 STATE LINE CONTRACTORS INC	Electric Construction and Maintenance	350,10
135 STINSON MORRISON HECKER LLP	Legal Services	102.7
136 STONE & WEBSTER CONSULTANTS	Power Generation Development	427.74
137 ISTONE & WEBSTER INC	Power Generation Development	1,490,94
138 SULLIVAN, TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC	Legal Services	
139 SUNDANCE SOLAR SYSTEMS	Installation of Renewal Energy Systems	113,63
140 TERRACON	Engineering Services	130,07
141 THE CLARO GROUP LLC	Health Insurance Consulting	260,03
142 THE ELECTRIC COMPANY		108,86
142 THE ELECTRIC COMPANY 143 THE ENERGY AUTHORITY INC		226,77
144 THE LE MYERS CO	Scheduling and Dispatching	479,15
144 THE LIBERTY CONSULTING GROUP	Storm Damage Restoration Professional Services	1,017,30
146 THOMAS KNAPP	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	83,75
140 THOMAS KNAPP 147 THRIVE INC	Legal Services	86,28
148 TODD BRUESKE CONSTRUCTION		104,82
149 TONY LASLOVICH CONSTRUCTION	Construction	388,12
150 TOWER SYSTEMS INC	Construction	222,40
	Construction	437,30
	Construction	133,76
152 TRADEMARK ELECTRIC INC	Electrical Contractors	407,62
	Locating Services and Excavation Notifications	112,98
154 VARSITY CONTRACTORS INC	Janitorial Services	254,64
	Billing Services	3,250,67
156 WALKER CONSTRUCTION INC	Construction	150,96
157 WASHINGTON FORESTRY CONSULTANT	Forestry Consultants	168,24
158 WINSTON & STRAWN LLP	Legal Services	818,36
159 WRIGHT AND SUDLOW, INC.	Concrete Services	95,69
160 WRIGHT TREE SERVICE INC	Tree Trimming	306,07
161 YAK & ABE CONSTRUCTION	Concrete Services	76,61
162 ZACHA UNDERGROUND CONSTRUCTION	Construction	86,16
163 Total of Payments Set Forth Above		\$ 105,374,60

Schedule 12B

Sch. 13	POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEES	POLITICAL CO	ONTRIBUTIONS	3
	Description	Total Company	Montana	% Montana
1 2	NorthWestern Energy does not make any			
1	contributions to Political Action Committees (PACs) or			
	candidates. The company may contribute to ballot			
	issue campaigns in accordance with various state		5 - -	
6	laws.			
(Q	There are three employee PACs:			
9	mere are arree employee FACs.			
-	a. Employees of NorthWestern Corporation			
11	(NorthWestern Energy) PAC;		-	
12				
	b. NorthWestern Energy Employees PAC; and			
14				
	c. NorthWestern Public Service Employees PAC.			
16				
1 1	All of the money contributed by members is dedicated to support political candidates. No			
	company funds may be spent in support of a			
	political candidate. Nominal administrative costs			
	for such things as duplicating, postage, and meeting			
1	expenses are paid by the company as provided by			
	law. These costs are charged to shareholder			
	expense.			
25			-	
26				
27			1	
28 29				
29 30				
30				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38				
39		<u>^</u>		
40	TOTAL Contributions	\$ -	\$	-

	Pension	Costs	1/			
1	Plan Name: NorthWestern Energy Pension Plan					
2	Defined Benefit Plan? Yes	Defi	ned Contributio	n Pla	an? No	
	Actuarial Cost Method? Projected Unit Credit		Code:			
4			e Plan Över Fu	ndec	I? No	
5						
	Item		Current Year		Last Year	% Change
	Change in Benefit Obligation	-				0.700/
	Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$	339,249,764	\$	327,143,594	3.70%
	Service cost		7,410,909		7,517,814	-1.42%
	Interest cost		20,786,204		19,934,599	4.27%
	Plan participants' contributions		-			-
	Amendments				48,933	-100.00%
	Actuarial (gain) loss		12,024,921		563,657	>300.00%
	Acquisition		-		(15 059 022)	-
	Benefits paid	-	(15,953,629)	·	(15,958,833)	0.03%
	Benefit obligation at end of year	\$	363,518,169	\$	339,249,764	7.15%
	Change in Plan Assets		-	e	297 200 444	-25.58%
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	213,753,883	\$	287,209,114	-25.56%
	Actual return on plan assets Acquisition		65,064,519		(88,636,398)	175.4170
	Employer contribution		- 80,600,000		31,140,000	- 158.83%
	Plan participants' contributions		00,000,000		31,140,000	100.0076
	Benefits paid		-		(15.958,833)	- 0.03%
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$	(15,953,629) 343,464,773	\$	213,753,883	60.68%
	Funded Status		(20,053,396)	·	(125,495,881)	84.02%
	Unrecognized net actuarial gain (loss)	Ţ	(20,055,590)	Ŷ	(120,490,001)	0-4.02.78
	Unrecognized prior service cost		-		-	
	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost	\$	(20,053,396)	\$	(125,495,881)	84.02%
	Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End		(20,000,000)	¥	(120,100,001)	0
	Discount rate		6.00%		6.25%	-4.00%
	Expected return on plan assets		8.00%		8.00%	1.0074
	Rate of compensation increase	3	50% Union &		.50% Union &	
00			5% Non-Union	-	5% Non-Union	
34	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs					
	Service cost	\$	7,410,909	\$	7,517,814	-1.42%
36	Interest cost		20,786,204		19,934,599	4.27%
37	Expected return on plan assets		(19,714,992)		(23,940,000)	17.65%
38	Amortization of prior service cost		246,361		246,361	
	Recognized net actuarial gain		3,787,402		(655,324)	>300.00%
40	Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis)	\$	12,515,884	\$	3,103,450	>300.00%
41	Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis)		-		-	
42	Pension Costs	S	28,410,000	Ş	30,590,000	-7.13%
43		1	5,392,697		5,928,299	-9.03%
44	Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End	S	(20,053,396)	\$	(125,495,881)	84.02%
45	Number of Company Employees:					
46	Covered by the Plan		3,225		3,205	0.62%
47	Not Covered by the Plan					
48	Active		1,095		1,075	1.86%
49	Retired		1,280		1,254	2.07%
1	Deferred Vested Terminated	1	850		876	-2.97%
50	1/ NorthWestern Corporation has a separate pension plan cov					

Sch. 14a	Pension	n Cost	S			
1	Plan Name: NorthWestern Energy 401k Retirement Savings F	Plan				
2	Defined Benefit Plan? No	Defi	ned Contribution	n Plan	? Yes	
	Actuarial Cost Method? N/A		Code: 401(k)			
	Annual Contribution by Employer: Variable		e Plan Over Fur	nded?	N/A	
5						
	item	(Current Year		Last Year	% Change
	Change in Benefit Obligation					
	Benefit obligation at beginning of year					
	Service cost Interest cost				1	
	Plan participants' contributions		Not Ap	l nlicah	le	
	Amendments		Νοτγρ	piloub		
	Actuarial loss				ľ	
	Acquisition	1				
	Benefits paid					
	Benefit obligation at end of year	\$		\$	- 1	
	Change in Plan Assets					
17	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	146,828,131	\$	207,762,674	41.50%
	Actual return on plan assets					
	Acquisition					
	Employer contribution 2/	\$	5,846,896	\$	5,290,935	10.51%
	Plan participants' contributions				l l	
	Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets at end of year 2/	s	192,194,493	\$	146,828,131	30.90%
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year 2/ Funded Status		Not Ap			50.3076
	Unrecognized net actuarial loss	- I	NULAP	piicau		
	Unrecognized prior service cost					
	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost	\$		\$		
28			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		
	Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End		Not Ap	plicab	le	
	Discount rate			1		
	Expected return on plan assets					
	Rate of compensation increase			1		
33				[
34	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs		Not Ap	plicab	le	
35	Service cost					
36	Interest cost					
	Expected return on plan assets					
	Amortization of prior service cost					
	Recognized net actuarial loss			S		
	Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis)	\$		4		
41	Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis)					
42	401(k) Pian Defined Contribution Costs	\$	3,851,436	Ş	3,334,352	15.51%
44	401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs Capitalized	Ť	731,067	Ť	646,193	13.13%
45	Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End		Not Ap	plicab		
k	Number of Company Employees:		3/	Ī	3/	
47	Covered by the Plan - Eligible		1,343		1,387	-3.17%
48	Not Covered by the Plan					
49	Active - Participating		1,306		1,340	-2.54%
50	Retired			ł		
51	Vested Former Employees, Retirees and Active-		24 Î		285	-15.44%
52	Noncontributing	1		<u> </u>		
	2/ This plan covers all NorthWestern Corporation employees.					

Sch. 15								
CANNA C	Item	Current Year	Last Year	% Change				
1 2 3 4	Regulatory Treatment: Commission authorized - most recent Docket number: D2007.7.82 Order number: 6852f							
5	Amount recovered through rates	\$5,580,735	\$2,650,762	110.53%				
6 7	Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End Discount rate Expected return on plan assets	1/ 5.25% 8.00%	2/ 6.25%	-16.00%				
	Medical Cost Inflation Rate 3/	Projected Unit Cre	25%,4.5%:19 9.5%,4.5%:20 bjected Unit Credit Actuarial, Cost hod Allocated from the Date of Hire					
10	Actuarial Cost Method	3.50% Union &	ibility Date 3.50% Union &					
	Rate of compensation increase		3.55% Non-Union					
13 14 15	List each method used to fund OPEBs (ie: VEBA, 40 Union Employees - VEBA - Yes, tax advantaged Non-Union Employees - 401(h) - Yes, tax advanta Describe any Changes to the Benefit Plan:		itaged:					
 16 1/ Obtained from NorthWestern Energy-Montana's 2009 FASB 106 Valuation. Assumptions and data are as of December 31, 2009. 2/ Obtained from NorthWestern Energy-Montana's 2008 FASB 106 Valuation. Assumptions and data are as of December 31, 2008. 3/ First Year, Ultimate, Years to Reach Ultimate. 								

	Other Post Employment Be			
18/02/14/2	Item	Current Year	Last Year	% Change
1	Number of Company Employees: Covered by the Plan			
∠ 3	Not Covered by the Plan			
4				
5	Retired			
6	Spouses/Dependants covered by the Plan			-
7	Montana 4/			
	Change in Benefit Obligation	605 000 0 7 0	007 040 400	2 5 4 9 /
10	Benefit obligation at beginning of year Service cost	\$35,998,379	\$37,319,466	-3.54%
		992,592	563,273	76.22%
t i	Interest Cost	2,774,729	1,981,367	40.04%
	Plan participants' contributions	-	-	-
	Amendments	(27,332,377)	-	-
	Actuarial loss/(gain)	13,336,549	(913,152)	>300.00%
	Acquisition	-	-	-
	Benefits paid	(2,907,126)	(2,952,575)	1.54%
	Benefit obligation at end of year	\$22,862,746	\$35,998,379	-36.49%
	Change in Plan Assets		-	_
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$12,420,946	\$16,454,260	-24.51%
	Actual return on plan assets	2,877,298	(\$5,061,977)	156.84%
	Acquisition	-		-
	Employer contribution	2,907,126	\$3,981,238	-26.98%
	Plan participants' contributions	-		-
24	Benefits paid	(2,907,126)	(\$2,952,575)	1.54%
25	Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$15,298,244	\$12,420,946	23.16%
	Funded Status	(\$7,564,502)	(\$23,577,433)	67.92%
27	Unrecognized net transition (asset)/obligation	-		-
	Unrecognized net actuarial loss/(gain)		_	-
	Unrecognized prior service cost	_	-	-
	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost	(\$7.564.502)	(\$23,577.433)	67.92%
	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs			
	Service cost	\$992,592	\$563,273	76.22%
	Interest cost	2,774,729	1,981,367	40.04%
	Expected return on plan assets	(993,676)	(1,316,341)	24.51%
	Amortization of transitional (asset)/obligation	(000,010)	(1,010,011)	21.0170
	Amortization of prior service cost			-
	Recognized net actuarial loss/(gain)	342.380	(568.278)	160.25%
	<u>Net periodic benefit cost</u>	\$3,116,025	\$660.021	>300.00
	Accumulated Post Retirement Benefit Obligation	<u>40, (10,020</u>		- 000.00
40	Amount Funded through VEBA	s -	\$-	-
41	Amount Funded through 401(h)	, Ç	Ψ	_
42	Amount Funded through other - Company funds	2,907,126	\$ 2,952,575	-1.54%
43	TOTAL	\$2,907,126	\$2.952.575	-1.54%
44	Amount that was tax deductible - VEBA	\$2,907,120 \$-	\$ -	-1.04/0
45	Amount that was tax deductible - VEBA	Ψ -	Ψ -	-
45 46		E E00 705		110 = 20
40 47	Amount that was tax deductible - Other TOTAL	5,580,735	2.650.762	110.53%
		\$5,580.735	\$2.650,762	110.53%
	Montana Intrastate Costs:			440 500
49	Pension Costs	\$5,580,735	\$2,650,762	110.53%
50	Pension Costs Capitalized	1,059,318	513,714	106.21%
51	Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End	(\$7,564,502)	(\$23.577.433)	67.92%
	Number of Montana Employees:		-	
53	Covered by the Plan	2,185	2,159	1.20%
54	Not Covered by the Plan	164	160	2.50%
55	Active	1,112	1,080	2.96%
56	Retired	963	976	-1.33%
	Spouses/Dependants covered by the Plan	110	103	6.80%
57	At These is approximately as additioned to a solo	80.004.040 in altera	OPERS link	ailition
	4/ There is approximately an additional \$9,490,389 and	30,324,249 IN OTHER C	Uniparty OFEDS tas	Junes
	4/ There is approximately an additional \$9,490,389 and putstanding at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively	30,324,249 in other c y for other supplemen	tal retirement agree	ments in
0	utstanding at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively addition to what is reflected for Montana above.	y for other supplemen	tal retirement agree	ments in
0	outstanding at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively	36,324,249 in other c y for other supplemen	tal retirement agree	ments in

SCHEDULE 16

Note: This schedule includes the ten most highly compensated employees assigned or allocated to Montana that are not already included on Sch 17.

TOP TEN MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED	Ъ.

	TOP TEN MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED)										
Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary (Wages)	Bonuses		Other 2/		Total Compensation	Total Compensation Reported Last Year 3/	% Increase Total Compensation		
1	Kendall G. Kliewer Vice President, Controller	216,410	67,520	A	37,778 23,740 63,318	С	408,766	286,273	43%		
2	Patrick R. Corcoran Vice President, Government & Regulatory Affairs	189,490	59,121	А	15,719 70,965 55,424 4,014	C D	394,733	295,365	34%		
3	Bobbi L. Schroeppel Vice President, Customer Care & Communications	203,233	63,409	Α	37,929 25,010 59,456 693	C D	389,731	292,186	33%		
4	Paul J. Evans Former Treasurer	88,440	0	A	28,194 9,213 216,151 4,282	C G	346,280	308,674	12%		
5	Michael L. Nieman Chief Audit and Compliance Officer	186,531	47,352	A	35,287 30,814 39,032 5,189	C D	344,205	242,937	42%		
6	Bart A. Thielbar Former Director, Special Projects	26,599	0	Α	25,253 199,045 47,258 750	G	317,500	308,407	3%		
7	Gregory Trandem Former Vice President, Administrative Services	29,077	0	А	11,143 6,141 216,000 9,082 21,076	C G H	292,520	349,310	-16%		
8	John Fitzpatrick Executive Director State/Local Community Relations	171,430	29,205	A	20,450 31,868 21,532 6,300		280,785	N/A			
9	Daniel Rausch Director, Investor Relations & Business Development	168,796	27,706	A	31,871 21,857 21,198	C	271,429	N/A			
10	Jason Williams Senior Corporate Counsel	127,412	20,251	А	26,411 30,000 44,285	ĸ	248,360	N/A			

	TOP TEN MONTANA	COMPENSA	TED EMPL	OYEES (ASSI	GNED OR ALI	OCATED)				
т					Tatal	Total	% Increase Total			
Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary	Bonuses	Other	Total Compensation	Compensation Reported Last Year	Compensation			
			1/	2/						
	1 1/ Bonuses include the following:									
2 3	A> Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensati	on includes am	oupts paid und	er the 2009 Empl	ovee Incentive					
4	Compensation Plan. Amounts were ea		•		•					
5	5 company performance against plan, the incentive plan was funded at 108% of target. Individual awards									
6 7	6 varied from the funded level based on individual performance.									
8	2/ All Other Compensation for named employ	yees consists o	of the following:							
9										
10 11	B> Employer contributions to benefits - me group term life, reimbursements of pren					tribution				
12	group term me, rembursements or pre-		JDIVA, 401(K) I	nation, and non-e						
13	C>Change in pension value over previous									
14	assuming benefits commence at age 6						Į			
15 16	payment form consistent with those disc in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for t				ai Statements					
17			,							
18	D> Values reflect the grant date fair value									
19 20										
21	reported to reneot the grant date tan ta		000 10001010 01							
22	E> Vacation sold back during the year.									
23 24	F> Imputed income - personal use of Hebg	ien Lake nrone	rtv							
25							}			
26	G> Lump sum severance payment paid up	on termination	of employment							
27 28	H> Accumulated vacation paid at termination	00					1			
29	ne recommence vacation paid at terminate	011.								
30	I> Vehicle allowance.									
31 32	J> Final distribution associated with CB SE	BP bookguptou	cottlement							
33	52 Final distribution associated with CD SE		sementent.							
34	K> Sign-on bonus.									
35 36	I > Developments related to releastion									
36 37	L> Payments related to relocation.									
38										
39	Mr. Thielbar, and Mr. Trandem have been									
40 41	Compensation reported on last year's sche Mr. Corcoran 333,546; Mr. Nieman 272,96					rans 505,7 10,				
42	The valuation methodology is consistent b									
			•							

SCHEDULE 17

Note: This schedule contains the five most highly compensated corporate officers who are assigned or allocated to Montana.

Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary (Wages)	Bonuses 1/	Other 2/	Total Compensation	Total Compensation Reported Last Year 3/	% Increase Total Compensation
1	Robert C. Rowe President & Chief Executive Officer	519,231	378,000 A	17,372 E 150,000 C 433,972 D 25,176 E		412,494	269%
2	Brian B. Bird Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer	340,624	177,1 24 A	38,125 B 213,532 D 23,843 E 578 F		521,547	52%
3	Miggie E. Cramblit Former Vice President, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary & CCO	295,961	123,120 A	33,602 B 123,692 D 19,433 E 2,741 G		404,582	48%
4	Curtis T. Pohl Vice President, Retail Operations	218,492	79,531 A	41,448 B 73,049 D 55,102 E		331,972	41%
5	Dave Gates Vice President, Wholesale Operations	224,899	81,863 A	21,332 B 75,179 D 96,633 E 462 F 6,950 H		372,844	36%

.

TOP FIVE MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED)

						Total	% Increase			
Line					Total	Compensation	Total			
No.	Name/Title	Base Salary	Bonuses	Other	Compensation	Reported Last Year	Compensation			
			1/	2/						
	/ Bonuses include the following:									
2										
3	A> Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensati									
4	Incentive Compensation Plan. Amount				er of 2010. Based	l on				
5	company performance against plan, the	e incentive plan w	as funded at 10	3% of target.						
6										
	2/ All Other Compensation for named employ	yees consists of t	ne tollowing:							
8 9	Dy Family of anti-bulling in here fits and	dias destal de								
	B> Employer contributions to benefits - me	• •		sistance plogr	am,					
10 11	group term life, 401(k) match, and non-		naibuuon.							
12	C> Imputed income related to the buyout of	of a contract with	Mr. Rowe's form	er employer						
13	C> implied income related to the buyout o			er employer.						
14	D> Values reflect the grant date fair value	for restricted stor	k awards - Value	s for 2008 initi	ally reflected the					
15	FAS 123R values, Share-Based Payme					mounts have been				
16	reported to reflect the grant date fair val		•	020.000, 00	2000 0110 2000 0					
17										
18	E>Change in pension value over previous	vear. The preser	t value of accun	nulated benefits	s was calculated					
19	assuming benefits commence at age 6									
20	payment form consistent with those disc	•		• •						
21	in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for t	the year ended D	ecember 31, 200	09.						
22	·	-								
23	F> Imputed income - personal use of Hebg	en Lake property								
24										
25	G> Imputed income related to relocation.									
26										
27	H> Vacation sold back during the year.									
28										
29 3/	•		,			•				
30	a change in SEC valuation of stock compe									
31	Ms. Cramblit 381,240; Mr. Gates 428,781;		·		•	ation in 2008 so them	e was			
32	no change to his previous amount. The valuation methodology is consistent between 2008 and 2009.									

Sch. 18 BALANCE SHEET 1/									
	Account Title	This Year	Last Year	% Change					
1	Assets and Other Debits								
2	Utility Plant								
3	101 Plant in Service	\$3,081,332,566	\$2,668,916,341	15.45%					
4	101.1 Property Under Capital Leases	40,209,537	40,209,537	0.00%					
5	105 Plant Held for Future Use	4,900	4,900	0.00%					
6	107 Construction Work in Progress	112,452,176	13,392,200	>300.00%					
7	108 Accumulated Depreciation Reserve	(1,325,651,718)	(1,301,034,680)	1.89%					
8	108.1 Accumulated Depreciation - Capital Leases	(7,036,640)	(5,026,172)	40.00%					
9	111 Accumulated Amortization & Depletion Reserves	(36,968,546)	(42,077,470)	-12.14%					
10	114 Electric Plant Acquisition Adjustments	_	9,356,285	-100.00%					
11	115 Accumulated Amortization-Electric Plant Acq. Adj.	_	(3,011,371)	-100.00%					
12	116 Utility Plant Adjustment - Goodwill	355,128,500	355,128,500	0.00%					
13		32,128,064	32,111,698	0.05%					
14	0	2,251,598,838	1,767,969,768	27.36%					
15	Other Property and Investments	2,201,000,000	1,101,303,700	21.0070					
16		0.004.570	7 005 404	4 0407					
	121 Nonutility Property	8,301,578	7,935,491	4.61%					
17	122 Accumulated Depr. & AmortNorrutility Property	(325,108)	(198,054)	64.15%					
18	123.1 Investments in Assoc Companies and Subsidiaries	81,994,051	168,434,709	-51.32%					
19	124 Other Investments	475,606	472,249	0.71%					
20	128 Miscellaneous Special Funds	-	-	-					
21	LT Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges	-	-	-					
	Total Other Property & Investments	90,446,127	176,644,394	-48.80%					
23	Current and Accrued Assets								
24	131 Cash	1,297,195	11,208,641	-88.43%					
25	134 Other Special Deposits	3,072,994	4,027,516	-23.70%					
26	135 Working Funds	42,485	42,798	- 0.73%					
27	136 Temporary Cash Investments	3,000,000	-	-**					
28	141 Notes Receivable	-	-	-					
29	142 Customer Accounts Receivable	62,172,038	69,840,344	-10.98%					
30	143 Other Accounts Receivable	17,748,704	13,918,466	27.52%					
31	144 Accumulated Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	(2,801,641)	(2,978,917)	-5.95%					
32	145 Notes Receivable-Associated Companies	-	-	-					
33	146 Accounts Receivable-Associated Companies	10,626,733	7,775,366	36.67%					
34	151 Fuel Stock	5,650,758	4,874,590	15.92%					
35	154 Plant Materials and Operating Supplies	20,179,708	19,307,628	4.52%					
36	164 Gas Stored - Current	21,442,719	46,543,828	-53.93%					
37	165 Prepayments	13,651,758	9,723,553	40.40%					
38	171 Interest and Dividends Receivable		-	_					
40	172 Rents Receivable	195,951	139,033	40.94%					
41	173 Accrued Utility Revenues	72,260,999	79,144,114	-8.70%					
42	174 Miscellaneous Current & Accrued Assets	20,266	3,222,422	-99.37%					
43	175 Derivative Instrument Assets (175)	150,885	3,785,419	-96.01%					
44	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets		0,100,410	-					
45	176 LT Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges								
45 46	(less) LT Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges	-	-	-					
Į	Total Current & Accrued Assets	228,711,552	270,574,803	-15.47%					
-		220,711,002	270,574,003	-10.4776					
48	Deferred Debits		10 100 000	60 6 (A)					
49	181 Unamortized Debt Expense	16,574,042	12,469,833	32.91%					
50	182 Regulatory Assets	200,598,280	253,429,595	-20.85%					
51	183 Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges	11,401,286	6,660,776	71.17%					
52	184 Clearing Accounts	24,733	32,373	-23.60%					
53	185 Temporary Facilities	78	78	0.00%					
54	186 Miscellaneous Deferred Debits	259,200	493,054	-47.43%					
55	189 Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt	8,622,983	5,061,068	70.38%					
56	190 Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	99,750,386	64,595,190	54.42%					
57	191 Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs	(11,500,895)	(22,960,922)	-49.91%					
58	Total Deferred Debits	325,730,091	319,781,045	1.86%					
1	TOTAL ASSETS and OTHER DEBITS	\$ 2,896,486,608 \$		14.26%					

Sch. 18	cont. BALANCE SH	IEET 1/			
	Account Title		This Year	Last Year	% Change
1	Liabilities and Other Credits				
2	Proprietary Capital				
3	201 Common Stock Issued	S	395,396	S 394,614	0.20%
4	204 Preferred Stock Issued		-	-	-
5	207 Premium on Capital Stock		-	-	-
6	211 Miscellaneous Paid-In Capital		977,847,262	805,900,184	21.34%
7	213 Discount on Capital Stock		-	-	-
8			-	-	~
9			-	-	-
10			56,921,424	34,370,579	65.61%
12			(90,228,082)	(89,487,420)	0.83%
13	219 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		9,724,794	12,354,188	-21.28%
	Total Proprietary Capital		954,660,794	763,532,146	25.03%
15	Long Term Debt				
16	221 Bonds	1	905,205,000	600,205,000	50.82%
17	223 Advances in Associated Companies		-	-	-
18	224 Other Long Term Debt		66,000,000	108,000,000	-38.89%
19	226 Unamortized Discount on Long Term Debt-Debit		203,938	56,350	261.91%
20	Total Long Term Debt		971,001,062	708,148,650	37.16%
21	Other Noncurrent Liabilities	[
22	227 Obligations Under Capital Leases-Noncurrent		35,569,936	36,798,159	-3.34%
23	228.1 Accumulated Provision for Property Insurance		-	~	-
24	228.2 Accumulated Provision for Injuries and Damages		15,171,422	10,961,477	38.41%
25	228.3 Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits		21,461,414	71,251,411	-69.88%
26	228.4 Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions	l	197,152,803	194,305,799	1.47%
27	229 Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds	E Contraction of the second se	-	1,318	-100.00%
28	230 Asset Retirement Obligations		6,687,525	7,160,145	-6.60%
29	Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities		276,043,100	320,478,310	-13.87%
30	Current and Accrued Liabilities				
31	231 Notes Payable		-	-	-
32	232 Accounts Payable		100,554,514	102,856,895	-2.24%
33	233 Notes Payable to Associated Companies			-	-
34	234 Accounts Payable to Associated Companies		42,544	15,832,169	-99.73%
35	235 Customer Deposits	1	8,463,347	7,215,417	17.30%
36	236 Taxes Accrued		126,258,987	128,253,825	-1.56%
37	237 Interest Accrued		15,195,595	10,449,036	45.43%
39	238 Dividends Declared		-	-	-
40	241 Tax Collections Payable	1	1,291,243	2,567,240	-49.70%
41	242 Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities]	37,861,633	56,715,874	-33.24%
42	243 Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current		1,197,088	1,192,887	0.35%
43	244 Derivative Instrument Liabilities]	23,812,161	29,155,980	-18.33%
44	245 Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges			-	-
	Total Current and Accrued Liabilities		314,677,112	354,239,325	-11.17%
46	Deferred Credits	ļ	- , - ,		
47	252 Customer Advances for Construction		47,074,278	49,997,718	-5.85%
48	253 Other Deferred Credits		40,096,086	124,713,000	-67.85%
49	254 Regulatory Liabilities	1	30,489,245	37,383,507	-18.44%
50	255 Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits		2,422,796	2,916,870	-16.94%
51	257 Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt		2, 122,700	_,0,0,0,0	-
52	281-283 Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes		260.022,135	173,560,485	49.82%
	Total Deferred Credits		380,104,540	388,571,579	-2.18%
	TOTAL LIABILITIES and OTHER CREDITS	S	2,896.486.608		14.27%
55		L	2,000.100,000	2,00,010,010	
58 59 60 61	<u>1</u> / This financial statement is presented on the basis of the account Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of equity method of accounting. The amounts presented are consister Montana Pipeline Corporation and the Colstrip 4 79 and 143 MW Te	f Accounts. nt with the p	As such, subsidia	aries are presented usir	ng the
62 63 64					
					Schedule 18A

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Nature of Operations

NorthWestern Corporation, doing business as NorthWestern Energy, provides electricity and natural gas to approximately 661,000 customers in Montana, South Dakota and Nebraska. We have generated and distributed electricity in South Dakota and distributed natural gas in South Dakota and Nebraska since 1923 and have generated and distributed electricity and natural gas in Montana since 2002.

The financial statements for the periods included herein have been prepared by NorthWestern Corporation (NorthWestern, we or us), pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Events occurring subsequent to December 31, 2009, have been evaluated as to their potential impact to the Financial Statements through February 12, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(2) Significant Accounting Policies

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Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements are presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the FERC as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. This report differs from GAAP due to FERC requiring the presentation of subsidiaries on the equity method of accounting, which differs from Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 94 "Consolidation of All Majority-Owned Subsidiaries" (SFAS No. 94). SFAS No. 94 requires that all majority-owned subsidiaries be consolidated (see Note 3). The other significant differences consist of the following:

- Comparative statements of net income per share are not presented;
- Removal costs of transmission and distribution assets are reflected in the Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated depreciation of \$209.2 million and \$194.3 million as of December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment as compared to regulatory liabilities for GAAP purposes;
- Goodwill is reflected in the balance sheets as a utility plant adjustment of \$355.1 million as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to goodwill for GAAP purposes (see Note 6);
- The write-down of plant values associated with the 2002 acquisition of the Montana operations is reflected in the Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated depreciation of \$147.6 million and \$192.8 million for December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment as compared to plant for GAAP purposes;
- The current portion of gas stored underground is reflected in the Balance Sheets as current and accrued assets, as compared to materials and supplies for GAAP purposes;
- Current and long-term debt is classified in the Balance Sheets as all long-term debt in accordance with regulatory treatment, while GAAP presentation reflects current and long-term debt on separate lines; and
- Accumulated deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified in the Balance Sheets as gross deferred debits and credits, respectively, while GAAP presentation reflects either a net deferred tax asset or liability.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for such items as long-lived asset values and impairment charges, long-lived asset useful lives, tax provisions, asset retirement obligations, uncollectible accounts, our QF obligation, environmental costs, unbilled revenues and actuarially determined benefit costs. We revise the recorded estimates when we get better information or when we can determine actual amounts. Those revisions can affect operating results.

Revenue Recognition

For our South Dakota and Nebraska operations, as prescribed by the applicable regulatory authorities, electric and natural gas utility revenues are based on billings rendered to customers. For our Montana operations, as prescribed by the Montana Public Service Commission (MPSC), operating revenues are recorded monthly on the basis of consumption or services rendered. Customers are billed monthly on a cycle basis. To match revenues with associated expenses, we accrue unbilled revenues for electrical and natural gas services delivered to customers, but not yet billed at month-end.

Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at average cost. Inventory consisted of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,			31,
		2009		2008
Fuel Stock	\$	5,651	\$	4,875
Materials and supplies		20,180		19,308
Gas stored underground (including the non-				
current portion reflected in utility plant)		53,571		78,656
	\$	79,402	\$	102,839

Regulation of Utility Operations

Our regulated operations are subject to the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 980, Regulated Operations (ASC 980). Regulated accounting is appropriate provided that (i) rates are established by or subject to approval by independent, thirdparty regulators, (ii) rates are designed to recover the specific enterprise's cost of service, and (iii) in view of demand for service, it is reasonable to assume that rates are set at levels that will recover costs and can be charged to and collected from customers.

Our Financial Statements reflect the effects of the different rate making principles followed by the jurisdiction regulating us. The economic effects of regulation can result in regulated companies recording costs that have been, or are expected to be, allowed in the ratemaking process in a period different from the period in which the costs would be charged to expense by an unregulated enterprise. When this occurs, costs are deferred as regulatory assets and recorded as expenses in the periods when those same amounts are reflected in rates. Additionally, regulators can impose liabilities upon a regulated company for amounts previously collected from customers and for amounts that are expected to be refunded to customers (regulatory liabilities).

If we were required to terminate the application of these provisions to our regulated operations, all such deferred amounts would be recognized in the Statement of Income at that time. This would result in a charge to earnings, net of applicable income taxes, which could be material. In addition, we would determine any impairment to the carrying costs of deregulated plant and inventory assets.

Derivative Financial Instruments

We account for derivative instruments in accordance with ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. All derivatives are recognized in the Balance Sheets at their fair value unless they qualify for certain exceptions, including the normal purchases and normal sales exception. Additionally, derivatives that qualify and are designated for hedge accounting are classified as either hedges of the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or of an unrecognized firm commitment (fair-value hedge) or hedges of a forecasted transaction or the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability (cash-flow hedge). For fair-value hedges, changes in fair values for both the derivative and the underlying hedged exposure are recognized in earnings each period. For cash-flow hedges, the portion of the derivative gain or loss that is effective in offsetting the change in the cost or value of the underlying exposure is deferred in accumulated OCI and later reclassified into earnings when the underlying transaction occurs. Gains and losses from the ineffective portion of any hedge are recognized in earnings immediately. For other derivative contracts that do not qualify or are not designated for hedge accounting, changes in the fair value of the derivatives are recognized in earnings each period. Cash inflows and outflows related to derivative instruments are included as a component of operating, investing or financing cash flows in the Statement of Cash Flows, depending on the underlying nature of the hedged items.

Revenues and expenses on contracts that qualify are designated as normal purchases and normal sales and are recognized when the underlying physical transaction is completed. While these contracts are considered derivative financial instruments, they are not required to be recorded at fair value, but on an accrual basis of accounting. Normal purchases and normal sales are contracts where physical delivery is probable, quantities are expected to be used or sold in the normal course of business over a reasonable period of time, and price is not tied to an unrelated underlying derivative. As part of our regulated electric and gas operations, we enter into contracts to buy and sell energy to meet the requirements of our customers. These contracts include short-term and long-term commitments to purchase and sell energy in the retail and wholesale markets with the intent and ability to deliver or take delivery. If it were determined that a transaction designated as a normal purchase or a normal sale no longer met the exceptions, the fair value of the related contract would be reflected as an asset or liability and immediately recognized through earnings. See Note 7, Risk. Management and Hedging Activities for further discussion of our derivative activity.

Utility Plant

Utility plant is stated at original cost, including contracted services, direct labor and material, allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC), and indirect charges for engineering, supervision and similar overhead items. All expenditures for maintenance and repairs of utility plant are charged to the appropriate maintenance expense accounts. A betterment or replacement of a unit of plant is accounted for as an addition and retirement of utility plant. At the time of such a retirement, the accumulated provision for depreciation is charged with the original cost of the property retired and also for the net cost of removal. Also included in utility plant are assets under capital lease, which are stated at the present value of minimum lease payments.

AFUDC represents the cost of financing construction projects with borrowed funds and equity funds. While cash is not realized currently from such allowance, it is realized under the ratemaking process over the service life of the related property through increased revenues resulting from a higher rate base and higher depreciation expense. The component of AFUDC attributable to borrowed funds is included as a reduction to net interest charges, while the equity component is included in other income. We determine the rate used to compute AFUDC in accordance with a formula established by the FERC. This rate averaged 8.4% and 8.9% for Montana for 2009 and 2008, respectively, and 8.5% and 8.8% for South Dakota for 2009 and 2008, respectively. Interest capitalized totaled \$3.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 and \$0.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 for Montana and South Dakota combined.

We capitalize preliminary survey and investigation charges related to the determination of the feasibility of transmission or generation utility projects in other deferred debits. Upon commencement of construction, these costs are transferred to construction work in process, and upon completion, these costs will be transferred to utility plant. These costs totaled approximately \$11.4 million and \$6.7 million as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Capitalized costs are charged to operating expense if the development of the project is no longer feasible.

We may require contributions in aid of construction from customers when we extend service. Amounts used from these contributions to fund capital additions were \$2.6 million and \$6.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

We record provisions for depreciation at amounts substantially equivalent to calculations made on a straight-line method by applying various rates based on useful lives of the various classes of properties (ranging from three to 40 years) determined from engineering studies. As a percentage of the depreciable utility plant at the beginning of the year, our provision for depreciation of utility plant was approximately 3.2% and 3.3% for 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Depreciation rates include a provision for our share of the estimated costs to decommission three coal-fired generating plants at the end of the useful life of each plant. The annual provision for such costs is included in depreciation expense, while the accumulated provisions are included in accumulated depreciation.

Income Taxes

Exposures exist related to various tax filing positions, which may require an extended period of time to resolve and may result in income tax adjustments by taxing authorities. We have reduced deferred tax assets or established liabilities based on our best estimate of future probable adjustments related to these exposures. On a quarterly basis, we evaluate exposures in light of any additional information and make adjustments as necessary to reflect the best estimate of the future outcomes. We believe our deferred tax assets and established liabilities are appropriate for estimated exposures; however, actual results may differ from these estimates. The resolution of tax matters in a particular future period could have a material impact on our Statement of Income and provision for income taxes.

Environmental Costs

We record environmental costs when it is probable we are liable for the costs and we can reasonably estimate the liability. We may defer costs as a regulatory asset if we have prior regulatory authorization for recovery of these costs from customers in future rates. Otherwise, we expense the costs. If an environmental expense is related to facilities we currently use, such as pollution control equipment, then we capitalize and depreciate the costs over the remaining life of the asset, assuming the costs are recoverable in future rates or future cash flows.

Our remediation cost estimates are based on the use of an environmental consultant, our experience, our assessment of the current situation and the technology currently available for use in the remediation. We regularly adjust the recorded costs as we revise estimates and as remediation proceeds. If we are one of several designated responsible parties, then we estimate and record only our share of the cost. We treat any future costs of restoring sites where operation may extend indefinitely as a capitalized cost of plant retirement. The depreciation expense levels we can recover in rates include a provision for these estimated removal costs.

Emission Allowances

We have sulfur dioxide (SO2) emission allowances and each allowance permits a generating unit to emit one ton of SO2 during or after a specified year. We have approximately 3,200 excess SO2 emission allowances per year for years 2017 through 2031, however these allowances have no carrying value in our Financial Statements and the market for these years is presently illiquid. These emission allowances are not subject to regulatory jurisdiction. When excess SO2 emission allowances are sold, we reflect the gain in operating income and cash received is reflected as an investing activity.

Accounting Standards Issued

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) amended the accounting for variable interest entities, which is effective for us beginning January 1, 2010. This revised guidance changes how a company determines when an entity that is insufficiently capitalized or is not controlled through voting (or similar) rights should be consolidated. The determination of whether a company is required to consolidate an entity is based on, among other things, an entity's purpose and design and a company's ability to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. The statement includes the following significant provisions:

- requires an entity to qualitatively assess the determination of the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity (VIE) based on whether the entity (1) has the power to direct matters that most significantly impact the activities of the VIE, and (2) has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE,
- requires an ongoing reconsideration of the primary beneficiary instead of only upon certain triggering events,
- amends the events that trigger a reassessment of whether an entity is a VIE, and
- for an entity that is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, requires separate balance sheet presentation of (1) the assets of the consolidated VIE, if they can be used to only settle specific obligations of the consolidated VIE, and (2) the liabilities of a consolidated VIE for which creditors do not have recourse to the general credit of the primary beneficiary.

We are required to consolidate VIEs if we are the primary beneficiary, which means we have a controlling financial interest. Certain long-term purchase power and tolling contracts may be considered variable interests. We have various long-term purchase power contracts with other utilities and certain qualifying facility (QF) plants. We are evaluating our inventory of long-term purchase power and tolling contracts under this guidance. Under the previous guidance, we identified one QF contract that may constitute a VIE. We have accounted for this QF contract as an executory contract as we have been unable to obtain the necessary information from this QF in order to determine if it is a VIE and if so, whether we are the primary beneficiary. Based on the current contract terms with this QF, our estimated gross contractual payments aggregate approximately \$468.4 million through 2025. For further discussion of our gross QF liability, see Note 18. During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008. purchases from this QF were approximately \$20.1 million and \$20.5 million, respectively. We will finalize our evaluation during the first quarter of 2010 to determine the impact of adoption, if any, on our financial position and results of operations.

(3) Equity Investments

The following table presents our equity investments reflected in the investments in associated companies on the Balance Sheets (in thousands):

	December 31,				
		2009		2008	
Clark Fork & Blackfoot, LLC	\$	(7,842)	\$	(7,673)	
Colstrip 4 79 MW Trust		-		56,355	
Colstrip 4 143 MW Trust		-		29,320	
Natural Gas Funding Trust		1,643		1,627	
NorthWestern Services, LLC		(10,702)		(9,745)	
NorthWestern Investments, LLC		95,934		96,028	
Risk Partners Assurance, Ltd.		2,961		2,523	
Total Investments in Subsidiary Companies	\$	81,994	\$	168,435	

(4) Utility Plant

The following table presents the major classifications of our net utility plant (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2009	2008	
Land and improvements	\$ 46,819	\$ 45,902	
Building and improvements	146,439	142,388	
Storage, distribution, and transmission	2,180,529	2,114,815	
Generation	525,729	182,465	
Construction work in process	112,452	13,392	
Other equipment	222,031	232,917	
	3,233,999	2,731,879	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,369,657)	(1,351,149)	
	\$ 1,864,342	\$ 1,380,730	

Plant and equipment under capital lease were \$34.0 million and \$36.2 million as of December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively, which included \$33.2 million and \$35.2 million as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, related to a long-term power supply contract with the owners of a natural gas fired peaking plant, which has been accounted for as an obligation under capital lease.

We have an ownership interest in four electric generating plants, all of which are coal fired and operated by other companies. We have an undivided interest in these facilities and are responsible for our proportionate share of the capital and operating costs while being entitled to our proportionate share of the power generated. Our interest in each plant is reflected in the Balance Sheets on a pro rata basis and our share of operating expenses is reflected in the Statements of Income. The participants each finance their own investment.

Information relating to our ownership interest in these facilities is as follows (in thousands):

	Big Stone (SD)	Neal #4 (IA)	Coyote (ND)	Colstrip Unit 4 (MT)
December 31, 2009				
Ownership percentages	23.4%	8.7%	10.0%	6 30.0%
Plant in service \$	58,021	\$ 29,885	\$ 44,156	\$ 281,279
Accumulated depreciation	38,609	21,729	29,083	46,714
December 31, 2008				
Ownership percentages	23.4%	8.7%	10.0%	
Plant in service			\$ 43,406.	\$ 266,627
Accumulated depreciation	34,636	20,708	26,795	21,462

(5) Asset Retirement Obligations

We recognize a liability for the legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and/or method of settlement are conditional on a future event. We have identified asset retirement obligations, or ARO, habilities related to our electric and natural gas transmission and distribution assets that have been installed on easements over property not owned by us. The easements are generally perpetual and only require remediation action upon abandonment or cessation of use of the property for the specified purpose. The ARO liability is not estimable for such easements as we intend to utilize these properties indefinitely. In the event we decide to abandon or cease the use of a particular easement, an ARO liability would be recorded at that time.

Our regulated utility operations have, however, previously recognized removal costs of transmission and distribution assets as a component of depreciation in accordance with regulatory treatment. Generally, the accrual of future non-ARO removal obligations is not required. However, long-standing ratemaking practices approved by applicable state and federal regulatory commissions have allowed provisions for such costs in historical depreciation rates. These removal costs have accumulated over a number of years based on varying rates as authorized by the appropriate regulatory entities. These amounts do not represent legal retirement obligations. As of December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, we have recognized accrued removal costs of \$209.2 million and \$194.3 million, respectively, which are classified as accumulated depreciation. In addition, for our generation properties, we have accrued decommissioning costs since the generating units were first put into service in the amount of \$14.9 million and \$14.3 million as of December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively, which are classified as accumulated depreciation.

The liabilities associated with conditional AROs are adjusted on an ongoing basis due to the passage of new laws and regulations and revisions to either the timing or amount of estimates of undiscounted cash flows and estimates of cost escalation factors. We have recorded a conditional asset retirement obligation of \$5.3 million and \$6.3 million, as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, which increases our utility plant and asset retirement obligations. This is primarily related to Department of Transportation requirements to cut, purge and cap retired natural gas pipeline segments. We measure the liability at fair value when incurred and capitalize a corresponding amount as part of the book value of the related assets. The increase in the capitalized cost is included in determining depreciation expense over the estimated useful life of these assets. Since the fair value of the ARO is determined using a

present value approach, accretion of the liability due to the passage of time is recognized each period and recorded as a regulatory asset until the settlement of the liability.

The change in our gross conditional ARO during the year ended December 31, 2009, is as follows (in thousands):

Liability at Lanuary 1, 2009	\$ 7,160
Accretion expense	480
Liabilities incurred States of the state of the	9
Liabilities settled	(1,048)
Revisions to cash flows	<u>10 - (10</u>
Liability at December 31, 2009	\$ 6,688

(6) Utility Plant Adjustments

Utility plant adjustments are not amortized; rather, they are evaluated for impairment at least annually. We evaluated our utility plant adjustments during the fourth quarters of 2009 and 2008 and determined that they were not impaired.

(7) Risk Management and Hedging Activities

Nature of Our Business and Associated Risks

We are exposed to certain risks related to the ongoing operations of our business, including the impact of market fluctuations in the price of electricity and natural gas commodities and changes in interest rates. Commodity price risk is a significant risk due to our lack of ownership of natural gas reserves and minimal ownership of regulated electric generation assets within the Montana market. Several factors influence price levels and volatility. These factors include, but are not limited to, seasonal changes in demand, weather conditions, available generating assets within regions, transportation availability and reliability within and between regions, fuel availability, market liquidity, and the nature and extent of current and potential federal and state regulations.

Objectives and Strategies for Using Derivatives

To manage our exposure to fluctuations in commodity prices, we routinely enter into derivative contracts, such as fixed-price forward purchase and sales contracts. The objective of these transactions is to fix the price for a portion of anticipated energy purchases to supply our regulated customers. These types of contracts are included in our electric and natural gas supply portfolios and are used to manage price volatility risk by taking advantage of seasonal fluctuations in market prices. While we may incur gains or losses on individual contracts, the overall portfolio approach is intended to provide price stability for consumers; therefore, these commodity costs are included in our cost tracking mechanisms. We do not maintain a trading portfolio, and do not currently have any derivative transactions that are not used for risk management purposes. In addition, we may use interest rate swaps to manage our interest rate exposures associated with new debt issuances or to manage our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates on variable rate debt.

Accounting for Derivative Instruments

We evaluate new and existing transactions and agreements to determine whether they are derivatives. Mark-to-market accounting is the default accounting treatment for all derivatives unless they qualify, and we specifically designate them, for one of the other accounting treatments. Derivatives designated for any of the elective accounting treatments must meet specific, restrictive criteria both at the time of designation and on an ongoing basis. The permitted accounting treatments include: normal purchase normal sale; cash flow hedge; fair value hedge; and mark-to-market. The changes in the fair value of recognized derivatives are recorded each period in current earnings or other comprehensive income, depending on whether a derivative is designated as part of a hedge transaction and the type of hedge transaction.

Normal Purchases and Normal Sales

We have applied the normal purchase and normal sale scope exception (NPNS) to most of our contracts involving the physical purchase and sale of gas and electricity at fixed prices in future periods. During our normal course of business, we enter into full-requirement energy contracts, power purchase agreements and physical capacity contracts, which qualify for NPNS. All of these contracts are accounted for using the accrual method of accounting; therefore, there were no amounts recorded in the Financial Statements at December 31, 2009 and 2008. Revenues and expenses from these contracts are reported on a gross basis in the appropriate revenue and expense categories as the commodities are received or delivered.

Mark-to-Market Accounting

Certain contracts for the physical purchase of natural gas associated with our regulated gas utilities do not qualify for NPNS. These are typically forward purchase contracts for natural gas where we lock in a fixed price; however the contracts are settled financially and we do not take physical delivery of the natural gas. We use the mark-to-market method of accounting for these derivative contracts as we do not elect hedge accounting. Upon settlement of these contracts, associated proceeds or costs are refunded to or collected from our customers consistent with regulatory requirements therefore we record a regulatory asset or liability based on changes in market value.

The following table represents the fair value and location of derivative instruments subject to mark-to-market accounting (in thousands). For more information on the determination of fair value see Note 9.

		December 31,	
Mark-to-Market Transactions	Balance Sheet Location	2009	2008
Regulated natural gas net derivative liability	Current Accred		
		e 22.771	A 20 150
Regulated natural gas net derivative liability	Assets/Liabilities	\$ 23,001	a 29,100

The following table represents the net change in fair value for these derivatives (in thousands):

	Unrealized gain (loss) recognized in Regulatory Assets	
	December	
Derivatives Subject to Regulatory Deferral	2009	2008
Natural gas	\$ 5,495	\$ (23,436)

Credit Risk

We are exposed to credit risk primarily through buying and selling electricity and natural gas to serve customers. Credit risk is the potential loss resulting from counterparty non-performance under an agreement. We manage credit risk with policies and procedures for, among other things, counterparty analysis and exposure measurement, monitoring and mitigation. We may request collateral or other security from our counterparties based on the assessment of credit worthiness and expected credit exposure. It is possible that volatility in commodity prices could cause us to have material credit risk exposures with one or more counterparties.

We enter into commodity master arrangements with our counterparties to mitigate credit exposure, as these agreements reduce the risk of default by allowing us or our counterparty the ability to make net payments. The agreements generally are: Western Systems Power Pool agreements (WSPP) – standardized power sales contracts in the electric industry; (2) International Swaps and Derivatives Association agreements (ISDA) – standardized financial gas and electric contracts; (3) North American Energy Standards Board agreements (NAESB) – standardized physical gas contracts; and (4) Edison Electric Institute Master Purchase and Sale Agreements – standardized power sales contracts in the electric industry.

Many of our forward purchase contracts contain provisions that require us to maintain an investment grade credit rating from each of the major credit rating agencies. If our credit rating were to fall below investment grade, it would be in violation of these

provisions, and the counterparties could require immediate payment or demand immediate and ongoing full overnight collateralization on contracts in net liability positions.

The following table presents, as of December 31, 2009, the aggregate fair value of forward purchase contracts that do not qualify as normal purchases in a net liability position with credit risk-related contingent features, collateral posted, and the aggregate amount of additional collateral that we would be required to post with counterparties, if the credit risk-related contingent features underlying these agreements were triggered on December 31, 2009 (in thousands):

Contracts with Contingent Feature	Fair Value Liability	Posted Collateral	Contingent Collateral
Credit rating	.	- \$ 95,205.4.247	\$ 23,199

Interest Rate Swaps Designated as Cash Flow Hedges

If we enter into contracts to hedge the variability of cash flows related to forecasted transactions that qualify as cash flow hedges, the changes in the fair value of such derivative instruments are reported in other comprehensive income. The relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item must be documented to include the risk management objective and strategy and, at inception and on an ongoing basis, the effectiveness of the hedge in offsetting the changes in the cash flows of the item being hedged. Gains or losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to earnings in the periods in which earnings are affected by the variability of the cash flows of the related hedged item. Any ineffective portion of all hedges would be recognized in current-period earnings. Cash flows related to these contracts are classified in the same category as the transaction being hedged.

We have used interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges to manage our interest rate exposures associated with new debt issuances. These swaps were designated as cash-flow hedges with the effective portion of gains and losses, net of associated deferred income tax effects, recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (AOCI). We reclassify these gains from AOCI into interest on long-term debt during the periods in which the hedged interest payments occur. The following table shows the effect of these derivative instruments on the Financial Statements:

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Cash Flow Hedges	Amount of Gain Remaining in AOCI as of December 31, 2009	Location of Gain Reclassified from AOCI to Income	Amount of Gain Reclassified from AOCI into Income during the Year Ended December 31, 2009
Interest rate contracts	\$	Interest on long-term	\$
	10,464	debt	1,188

We expect to reclassify approximately \$1.2 million of pre-tax gains on these cash-flow hedges from AOCI into interest on longterm debt during the next twelve months. These gains relate to swaps previously terminated, and we have no current interest rate swaps outstanding.

(8) Related Party Transactions

Accounts receivable from and payables to associated companies primarily include intercompany billings for direct charges, overhead, and income tax obligations. The following table reflects our accounts receivable from and accounts payable to associated companies (in thousands):

	December 31,			
		2009		2008
Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies:				
Clark Fork & Blackfoot, LLC	\$	7,190	\$	7,007
NorthWestern Investments, LLC		867		750
NorthWestern Services, LLC		2,552		-
Risk Partners Assurance, Ltd.		18		18
	\$	10,627	\$	7,775
Accounts Payable to Associated Companies:				
Colstrip Unit 4 79 MW Trust	\$	-	\$	9,096
Colstrip Unit 4 143 MW Trust		-		6,088
Natural Gas Funding Trust		43		54
NorthWestern Services, LLC		-		594
	\$	43	\$	15,832

(9) Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., an exit price). Measuring fair value requires the use of market data or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, corroborated by market data, or generally unobservable. Valuation techniques are required to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

A fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value, and requires fair value measurements to be categorized based on the observability of those inputs has been established by the applicable accounting guidance. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices available in active markets at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Pricing inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date; and
- Level 3 Significant inputs that are generally not observable from market activity.

We classify assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement of each individual asset and liability taken as a whole. The table below sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy the gross components of our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Normal purchases and sales transactions are not included in the fair values by source table as they are not recorded at fair value. See Note 7 for further discussion.

December 31, 2009	in A Mark Identic or Lia	d Prices active ats for al Assets bilities vel 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	s Inputs (Level 3)	Margin Cash Collateral Offset	Total Net Fair Value
Temp Cash Investments		ຈ ດັດດ	2 😧 (* 1997) - 19	(in thousands) S		\$ 3.000
Other Special Deposits	Ψ	3,073	"	_ *		3.073
Derivative asset (1)			97	2		972
Derivative liability (1)		··· *· · ·	(24,633	3) —		(24,633)
Net derivative position			(23,66	Ton day to the second		(23,661)
Total	\$	6,073	\$ (23,661	l) \$ —	- \$	\$ (17,588))
		1				
December 31, 2008	antini, suiste, seek,	and by an a state in the	2.1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7		A STATISTICS AND A STATISTICS STATISTICS AND	
Other Special Deposits	-	4,028				4,028
Derivative liability (1)	AS 04-1-1-1		(29,156	<u>5) –</u>		(29,156)
Total	`\$	4,028	\$ (29,150	6) <u>\$</u>	- 5 -	\$ (25,128)

(1) The changes in the fair value of these derivatives are deferred as a regulatory asset or liability until the contracts are settled. Upon settlement, associated proceeds or costs are passed through the applicable cost tracking mechanism to customers.

We present our derivative assets and liabilities on a net basis in the Balance Sheets. The table above disaggregates our net derivative assets and liabilities on a gross contract-by-contract basis as required and classifies each individual asset or liability within the appropriate level in the fair value hierarchy, regardless of whether a particular contract is eligible for netting against other contracts. These gross balances are intended solely to provide information on sources of inputs to fair value and do not represent our actual credit exposure or net economic exposure. Increases and decreases in the gross components presented in each of the levels in this table also do not indicate changes in the level of derivative activities. Rather, the primary factors affecting the gross amounts are commodity prices.

Temporary cash investments and other special deposits represent amounts held in money market mutual funds. Fair value for the commodity derivatives was determined using internal models based on quoted forward commodity prices. We consider nonperformance risk in our valuation of derivative instruments by analyzing the credit standing of our counterparties and considering any counterparty credit enhancements (e.g., collateral). The fair value measurement of liabilities also reflects the nonperformance risk of the reporting entity, as applicable. Therefore, we have factored the impact of our credit standing as well as any potential credit enhancements into the fair value measurement of both derivative assets and derivative liabilities. Consideration of our own credit risk did not have a material impact on our fair value measurements.

Financial Instruments

The estimated fair value of financial instruments is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	December 31, 2009		December	31, 2008
	Carrying		Carrying	
	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value
Liabilities:		, phat File, 's inger Cal	and Consider C. Y	
Long-term debt (including current portion)	\$ 971,001	\$1,016,777	\$ 708,149	\$ 625,698

The estimated fair value amounts have been determined using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies; however, considerable judgment is necessarily required in interpreting market data to develop estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we would realize in a current market exchange.

We used the following methods and assumptions to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

- The carrying amounts of temporary cash investments and other special deposits, approximate fair value due to the short maturity of the instruments.
- We determined fair values for debt based on interest rates that are currently available to us for issuance of debt with similar terms and remaining maturities, except for publicly traded debt, for which fair value is based on market prices for the same or similar issues or upon the quoted market prices of U.S. treasury issues having a similar term to maturity, adjusted for our bond issuance rating and the present value of future cash flows.

(10) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

		Decemb	er 31,
	Due	2009	2008
Unsecured Debt:			
Unsecured Revolving Line of Credit	2012	\$ 66,000	\$ 108,000
Secured Debt:			
Mortgage bonds-			
South Dakota—6.05%	2018	55,000	55,000
Montana—6.04%	2016	150,000	150,000
Montana 6.34%	2019	.250,000	
Montana—5.71%	2039	55,000	
South Dakota & Montana-5.875%	2014	225,000	225,000
Pollution control obligations			
Montana 4.65%	-2023	170,205	170,205
	AND AND CARTOLIC PROPERTY AND	n military a serve de la la la la provision	mentered a statistication, Sold With com
Discount on Notes and Bonds		(204)	(56)
TRACE (TRA) ANY		<u>\$ 971,001</u>	\$ 708,149

Unsecured Revolving Line of Credit

On June 30, 2009, we amended and restated our unsecured revolving line of credit scheduled to expire on November 1, 2009. The amended facility extends the term to June 30, 2012, and increases the aggregate principal amount available under the facility by \$50 million to \$250 million. The amended facility does not amortize and borrowings will bear interest based on a credit ratings grid. A total of nine banks participate in the new facility, with no one bank providing more than 14% of the total availability. The amended facility contains covenants substantially similar to the previous facility.

The 'spread' or 'margin' ranges from 2.25% to 4.0% over the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). The facility bears interest at a rate of approximately 3.23%, which is 3.0% over LIBOR, as of December 31, 2009, and we had \$3.1 million in letters of credit and \$66 million of borrowings outstanding. The weighted average interest rate on the outstanding revolving credit facility borrowings was 2.9% as of December 31, 2009.

Commitment fees for the unsecured revolving line of credit were \$0.7 million and \$0.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The credit facility includes covenants, which require us to meet certain financial tests, including a maximum debt to capitalization ratio not to exceed 65%. The amended and restated line of credit also contains covenants which, among other things, limit our ability to engage in any consolidation or merger or otherwise liquidate or dissolve, dispose of property, and enter into transactions with affiliates. A default on the South Dakota or Montana First Mortgage Bonds would trigger a cross default on the credit facility; however a default on the credit facility would not trigger a default on any other obligations.

Secured Debt

First Mortgage Bonds and Pollution Control Obligations

The South Dakota Mortgage Bonds are a series of general obligation bonds issued under our South Dakota indenture. All of such bonds are secured by substantially all of our South Dakota and Nebraska electric and natural gas assets.

The Montana First Mortgage Bonds and Montana Pollution Control Obligations are secured by substantially all of our Montana electric and natural gas assets.

Financing Transactions

In March 2009, we issued \$250 million of Montana First Mortgage Bonds at a fixed interest rate of 6.34% maturing April 1, 2019, which were discounted to yield 6.349%. The bonds are secured by our Montana electric and natural gas assets. The bonds were issued in a transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. We completed an offer to exchange these bonds for a like series of bonds registered under the Securities Act of 1933 during the third quarter of 2009. We used the proceeds to redeem our \$100 million Colstrip Lease Holdings LLC term loan, repay outstanding borrowings on our revolving credit facility, repay other outstanding debt obligations of \$31.7 million related to Colstrip Unit 4, fund a portion of the costs of the Mill Creek generation project, and fund future capital expenditures.

On October 15, 2009 we issued \$55 million of Montana First Mortgage Bonds at a fixed interest rate of 5.71% maturing October 15, 2039. The bonds are secured by our Montana electric and natural gas assets. The transaction is exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. We used the proceeds to fund a portion of the costs of the Mill Creek generation project and capital expenditures.

Maturities of Long-Term Debt

The aggregate minimum principal maturities of long-term debt during the next five years are zero in 2010 and 2011, \$66.0 million in 2012, zero in 2013 and \$225.0 million in 2014.

As of December 31, 2009, we are in compliance with our financial debt covenants.

(11) Income Taxes

In December 2008, we filed a request with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to change our tax accounting method related to costs to repair and maintain utility assets. The IRS approved our request in September 2009, which allowed us to take a current tax deduction for a significant amount of repair costs that were previously capitalized for tax purposes.

These repair costs are capitalized and depreciated for book purposes. We record a deferred income tax liability as we flow the temporary timing differences between book and tax treatment through to our customers in the form of lower rates. A regulatory asset is established to reflect that future increases in taxes payable will be recovered from customers as the temporary differences reverse. Due to this regulatory treatment, we recorded an income tax benefit of approximately \$16.6 million during the year ended December 31, 2009 to reflect this change in tax accounting method, of which approximately \$8.7 million and \$7.9 million related to the 2009 and 2008 tax years, respectively. For years prior to 2008, we have not recorded a regulatory asset for the repairs deduction pending regulatory review. This change in tax accounting method will have the effect of increasing and extending our net operating loss carryforwards.

Deferred income taxes relate primarily to the difference between book and tax methods of depreciating property, amortizing taxdeductible goodwill, the difference in the recognition of revenues and expenses for book and tax purposes, certain natural gas and electric costs which are deferred for book purposes but expensed currently for tax purposes, and net operating loss carry forwards.

The components of the net deferred income tax liability recognized in our Balance Sheets are related to the following temporary differences (in thousands):

	December 31,			
	2009		2008	
Excess tax depreciation	189, in the set (189,	714) - \$.	(133,462)	
Regulatory assets	(4,4	479)	(14,144)	
Regulatory liabilities	hani de 1976 Al de Santi d	709	707	
Unbilled revenue	3,0	058	2,289	
Unamortized investment tax credit		305	1,571	
Compensation accruals	2,0	040	5,258	
Reserves and accruals	(19,:	245)	22,967	
Utility plant adjustments amortization	(68,4	434)	(59,674)	
Net operating loss (NOL) carryforward	111,	439	62,917	
AMT credit carryforward	5,0	504	5,862	
Valuation allowance	(3,2	264)	(3,331)	
Other, net		709	75	
	\$ (160,2	272)\$	(108,965)	

A valuation allowance is recorded when a company believes that it will not generate sufficient taxable income of the appropriate character to realize the value of its deferred tax assets. We have a valuation allowance against certain state NOL carryforwards as we do not believe these assets will be realized.

At December 31, 2009 we estimate our total federal NOL carryforward to be approximately \$475.9 million. If unused, our federal NOL carryforwards will expire as follows: \$171.0 million in 2023; \$192.1 million in 2025; \$88.1 million in 2028; and \$24.7 million 2029. We estimate our state NOL carryforward as of December 31, 2009 is approximately \$595.8 million. If unused, our state NOL carryforwards will expire as follows: \$318.9 million in 2010; \$33.8 million in 2011; \$152.9 million in 2012; \$70.5 million in 2015; and \$19.7 million in 2016. Management believes it is more likely than not that sufficient taxable income will be generated to utilize these NOL carryforwards except as noted above.

We have elected under Internal Revenue Code 46(f)(2) to defer investment tax credit benefits and amortize them against expense and customer billing rates over the book life of the underlying plant.

Uncertain Tax Positions

We recognize tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not threshold as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. The change in unrecognized tax benefits is as follows (in thousands):

	2009	2008
Unrecognized Tax Benefits at January 1	\$ 115,105	\$ 111,124
Gross increases - tax positions in prior period	9,960	6,468
Gross decreases - tax positions in prior period	(<u>2,221</u>).	(2,487)
Unrecognized Tax Benefits at December 31	\$ 122,844	\$ 115,105

Our unrecognized tax benefits include approximately \$85.1 million related to tax positions as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively that if recognized, would impact our annual effective tax rate. We do not anticipate total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change due to the settlement of audits or the expiration of statutes of limitations within the next twelve months.

Our policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, we have not recognized expense for interest or penalties, and do not have any amounts accrued at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, for the payment of interest and penalties.

Our federal tax returns from 2000 forward remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

(12) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table displays the components of AOCI, which is included in proprietary capital on the Balance Sheets (in thousands).

	Net Unrealized Gains on Hedging Instruments	Pension and Other Benefits	Other	Total
Balances December 31, 2007	\$ 12,841	<u>\$ 509</u>	<u>\$</u> 398	\$-13,748
Reclassification of net gains on hedging instruments				
from OCI to net income	(1,188)		<u> </u>	(1,188)
Pension and postretirement medical liability adjustment,				
net of tax of \$128		204		204
Foreign currency translation			(410)	(410)
Balances December 31, 2008	11,653	713	(12)	12,354
Reclassification of net gains on hedging instruments				
from OCI to net income	(1,188)			(1,188)
Pension and postretirement medical liability adjustment,				
net of tax of \$1,088	2012 - 1923 - 1923 - 1935 1923 - 1935 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 - 1937 -	(1,737)	1999 - 1999 -	(1,737)
Foreign currency translation			296	296
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 10,465	\$_(1,024)	\$ 284	\$ 9,725

(13) Operating Leases

We lease vehicles, office equipment and facilities under various long-term operating leases. At December 31, 2009 future minimum lease payments for the next five years under non-cancelable lease agreements are as follows (in thousands):

2010 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2011 1,079	
2012 688	
2013 86	
2014 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	

Lease and rental expense incurred was \$1.8 million and \$2.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

(14) Employee Benefit Plans

Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

We sponsor and/or contribute to pension and postretirement health care and life insurance benefit plans for eligible employees, which includes two cash balance pension plans. The plan for our South Dakota and Nebraska employees is referred to as the NorthWestern pension plan, and the plan for our Montana employees is referred to as the NorthWestern Energy pension plan.

We utilize a number of accounting mechanisms that reduce the volatility of reported pension costs. Differences between actuarial assumptions and actual plan results are deferred and are recognized into earnings only when the accumulated differences exceed 10% of the greater of the projected benefit obligation or the market-related value of plan assets. If necessary, the excess is amortized over the average remaining service period of active employees. The Plan's funded status is recognized as an asset or liability in our financial statements. See Note 16 for further discussion on how these costs are recovered through rates charged to our customers.

Plan Amendment

In 2009, we amended our postretirement medical plan to: (i) cap the company contribution toward the premium cost for coverage; (ii) provide a company contribution toward the premium cost for coverage to our South Dakota and Nebraska retirees; and (iii) change eligibility provisions for the company contributions from age 50 with 5 years of service to age 60 with 20 years of service for employees terminating on or after January 1, 2011. Previously, only our Montana retirees received a company contribution.

In 2008, we amended our NorthWestern Corporation and NorthWestern Energy pension plans to close the plans to new employees effective January 1, 2009. New employees are eligible to participate in the defined contribution plan.

Benefit Obligation and Funded Status

Following is a reconciliation of the changes in plan benefit obligations and fair value and a statement of the funded status (in thousands):

	Pension Benefits				Other Postretirement Benefits			
		Decemb	er 31,	<u> </u>	December 31,			
		2009		2008		2009		2008
Change in Benefit Obligation:							1997 - 1997 -	urini biriti . #
Obligation at beginning of period	\$	388,659	\$	376,872	\$	44,323	\$	46,494
Service cost		8,270) NUS	8,405	it. Georg	993	ilou i i	563
Interest cost		23,705	L2205 R.A.R	22,875	eer, seering	3,149	Siztra di a	2,367
Plan amendments				49		(25,427)		
Actuarial loss (gain)		13,962		405		14,191	····	(1,275)
Gross benefits paid		(19,318)		(19,947)		(4,882)		(3,826)
Benefit obligation at end of period	\$	415,278	\$	388,659	\$	32,347	_\$	44,323
Change in Fair Value of Plan Assets:							Kingers	
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of								
period	\$	242,228	\$	330,446	\$	12,421	\$	16,455
Return on plan assets		75,619		(101,005)		2,877		(5,063)
Employer contributions		92,900		32,734	وعوار محمد محمد	4,882		4,855
Gross benefits paid		(19,318)		(19,947)		(4,882)		(3,826)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	\$	391,429	\$	242,228		15,298		12,421
Funded Status	\$	(23,849)		(146,431)	<u> </u>	(17,049)		(31,902)
Unrecognized net actuarial (gain) loss						<u> </u>		
Unrecognized prior-service cost								
Accrued benefit cost	\$	(23,849)	\$	(146,431)	\$	(17,049)	\$	(31,902)
Amounts recognized in the balance sheet							<u>Gald</u>	
consist of:								
Current liability						(1,028)		(883)
Noncurrent liability		(23,849)		(146,431)		(16,021)		(31,019)
Net amount recognized	\$	(23,849)	\$	(146,431)	\$	(17,049)	\$	(31,902)
Amounts recognized in regulatory assets								
consist of:		이 사람이 있는 것이 같은 것이다. 이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같이 같이 같이 같이 있는 것이 같이 있는 것이 같이 있는 것이 같이 있는 것이 같이 같이 같이 있는 것이 있						
Transition obligation		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		
Prior service (cost) credit		(1,734)		(1,980)		27,332		
Net actuarial (loss) gain		(38,711)		(82,061)	1310.0 7 Services	(9,908)	16. Jacks (1991)	1,203
Amounts recognized in AOCI consist of:					b di S		- Carolina	
Transition obligation			din han e é .		ನ್ಷ ಸಮನ್ ಕಿ		A anterior sub-	
Prior service cost				A service of the serv		(1,905)	Conversion of the second	
Net actuarial gain							7	941
Total	· \$	(40,445)	S = 1	<u>(84,041</u>)	\$	15,540	\$	2,144

The total projected benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for the pension plans with projected benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were as follows (in millions):

	Pension B	enefits		
	December 31,			
	2009	2008		
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 415,3	\$ 388.7		
Accumulated benefit obligation	413.2	386.5		
Fair value of plan assets	391.4	242.2		

Net Periodic Cost

The components of the net costs for our pension and other postretirement plans are as follows (in thousands):

	Pension Benefits				Other Postretirement Benefits						
		December 31,						Decen	uber 31,		
	2009		2008	20	07	20)09	20	108	2	007
Components of Net Periodic Benefit											
Cost	걸꽃실감물을							문문문문			
Service cost	\$ 8,27	~ ~	8,405	\$	8,947	\$	993	\$	563	\$	580
Interest cost	23,70	5	22,875		21,800		3,149		2,367		2,442
Expected return on plan assets	(22,38	3)	(27,212)	(24,422)		(994)		(1,316)		(1,068)
Amortization of transitional obligation	4 - A - A - A	-									
Amortization of prior service cost	24	5	246		242				_		
Recognized actuarial loss (gain)	4,05	8	(818).				1277		.(599)		(259)
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$ 13,89	<u>5</u>	3,496	\$	6,567	\$	3,425	\$	1,015	\$	1,695

We estimate amortizations from regulatory assets into net periodic benefit cost during 2010 will be as follows (in thousands):

	Other
	Postretirement
Pension Benefits	Benefits
Prior service cost . \$ 246	\$ (1,952)
Accumulated gain	586

Actuarial Assumptions

The measurement dates used to determine pension and other postretirement benefit measurements for the plans are December 31, 2009 and 2008. The actuarial assumptions used to compute the net periodic pension cost and postretirement benefit cost are based upon information available as of the beginning of the year, specifically, market interest rates, past experience and management's best estimate of future economic conditions. Changes in these assumptions may impact future benefit costs and obligations. In computing future costs and obligations, we must make assumptions about such things as employee mortality and turnover, expected salary and wage increases, discount rate, expected return on plan assets, and expected future cost increases. Two of these items generally have the most impact on the level of cost: (1) discount rate and (2) expected rate of return on plan assets.

For 2009 and 2008, we set the discount rate using a yield curve analysis, which projects benefit cash flows into the future and then discounts those cash flows to the measurement date using a yield curve. This is done by constructing a hypothetical bond portfolio whose cash flow from coupons and maturities matches the year-by-year, projected benefit cash flow from our plans.

In determining the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets, we review historical returns, the future expectations for returns for each asset class weighted by the target asset allocation of the pension and postretirement portfolios, and long-term inflation assumptions. During the fourth quarter of 2009, we revised our target asset allocation from 70% equity securities, and 30% fixed-income securities to 60% equity securities, and 40% fixed-income securities. Considering this information and future expectations for asset returns, we reduced our expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption from 8.00% to 7.75% for 2010.

The health care cost trend rates are established through a review of actual recent cost trends and projected future trends. Our retiree medical trend assumptions are the best estimate of expected inflationary increases to our healthcare costs. Due to the relative size of our retiree population (under 800 members), the assumptions used are based upon both nationally expected trends and our specific expected trends. Our average increase remains consistent with the nationally expected trends.

The weighted-average assumptions used in calculating the preceding information are as follows:

	Per	sion Benefits		Other Pos	tretirement Ben	efits
	D	ecember 31,		De	ecember 31,	
	2009	2008	2007	2009	2008	2007
Discount rate with (see 24) and	5.75-6.00%	6.25%	6.25%	4.75-6.00%	6.00-6.25%	5.75-6.00%
Expected rate of return on						
assets	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Long-term rate of increase in						가 같은 말뿐 것같은 것은 것이. 같은 것은 것을 같은 것 것 같은 것
compensation levels						
. (nonunion)	3.58	3,58	3.58	3.58	3.55	3.55
Long-term rate of increase						
in compensation levels						
(union)	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50

The postretirement benefit obligation is calculated assuming that health care costs increased by 9.5% in 2009 and the rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care benefits thereafter was assumed to decrease gradually to 4.5% by the year 2029.

Assumed health care cost trend rates have had a significant effect on the amounts reported for the costs each year as well as on the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation. With our 2009 plan amendment to cap the company contribution toward the premium cost, future health care cost trend rates are expected to have a minimal impact on company costs and the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation. The following table sets forth the sensitivity of retiree welfare results (in thousands):

Effect of a one percentage point increase in assumed health care cost trend	
On total service and interest cost components	\$
On postretirement benefit obligation	
Effect of a one percentage point decrease in assumed health care cost trend	
On total service and interest cost components	\$ (1)
On postretirement benefit obligation	(14)

Investment Strategy

Our investment goals with respect to managing the pension and other postretirement assets are to meet current and future benefit payment needs while maximizing total investment returns (income and appreciation) after inflation within the constraints of diversification, prudent risk taking, and the Prudent Man Rule of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Each plan is diversified across asset classes to achieve optimal balance between risk and return and between income and growth through capital appreciation. Our investment philosophy is based on the following:

- Each Plan should be substantially fully invested as long-term cash holdings reduce long-term rates of return;
- It is prudent to diversify each Plan across the major asset classes;
- Equity investments provide greater long-term returns than fixed income investments, although with greater short-term volatility;
- Fixed income investments of the Plans should strongly correlate with the interest rate sensitivity of the Plan's aggregate liabilities in order to hedge the risk of change in interest rates negatively impacting the overall funded status;
- Allocation to foreign equities increases the portfolio diversification and thereby decreases portfolio risk while providing for the potential for enhanced long-term returns;
- Active management can reduce portfolio risk and potentially add value through security selection strategies;

- A portion of plan assets should be allocated to passive, indexed management to provide for greater diversification and lower cost; and
- It is appropriate to retain more than one investment manager, provided that such managers offer asset class or style diversification.

Investment risk is measured and monitored on an ongoing basis through quarterly investment portfolio reviews, annual liability measurements, and periodic asset/liability studies.

The most important component of an investment strategy is the portfolio asset mix, or the allocation between the various classes of securities available. The mix of assets is based on an optimization study that identifies asset allocation targets in order to achieve the maximum return for an acceptable level of risk, while minimizing the expected contributions and pension and postretirement expense. In the optimization study, assumptions are formulated about characteristics, such as expected asset class investment returns, volatility (risk), and correlation coefficients among the various asset classes, and making adjustments to reflect future conditions expected to prevail over the study period. Based on this, the target asset allocation established, within an allowable range of plus or minus 5%, is as follows:

	Pension Be	enefits	Other Benefits			
	Decembe	r 31,	December 31,			
	2009	2008	2009	2008		
Debt securifies	40.0%	30.0%	40.0%	.30.0%		
Domestic equity securities	50.0	60.0	50.0	60.0		
International equity securities	10:0	10.0	10.0	10.0		

The actual allocation by plan is as follows:

	North Western E.	ergy Pension	NorthWestern Pension December 31,		NorthWestern Health and		
	Decembe	ər 31,			Decembe	<u>r 31,</u>	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	
Cash and cash							
equivalents	%	0.1%	<u> </u>	-%	%	-%	
Debt securities	38.9	31.2	39.1	34.3	36.9	31.2	
Domestic equity							
securities	51.2	58.6	51.0	56.6	52.5	58.8	
International equity		-					
securities	9.9	10.1	9.9	9.1	10.6	10.0	
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Generally, the asset mix will be rebalanced to the target mix as individual portfolios approach their minimum or maximum levels. Debt securities consist of U.S. as well as international instruments. Core domestic portfolios can be invested in government, corporate, asset-backed and mortgage-backed obligation securities. The portfolio may invest in high yield securities, however, the average quality must be rated at least "investment grade" by rating agencies. Performance of fixed income investments shall be measured by both traditional investment benchmarks as well as relative changes in the present value of the plans liabilities. Equity investments consist primarily of U.S. stocks including large, mid and small cap stocks, which are diversified across investment styles such as growth and value. Non-U.S. equities are utilized with exposure to developing and emerging markets. Derivatives, options and futures are permitted for the purpose of reducing risk but may not be used for speculative purposes.

Our plan assets are primarily invested in common collective trusts (CCTs), which are invested in equity and fixed income securities. In accordance with our investment policy, these pooled investment funds must have an adequate asset base relative to their asset class and be invested in a diversified manner and have a minimum of three years of verified investment performance experience or verified portfolio manager investment experience in a particular investment strategy and have management and oversight by an investment advisor registered with the SEC. Investments in a collective investment vehicle are valued by multiplying the investee

company's net asset value per share with the number of units or shares owned at the valuation date. Net asset value per share is determined by the trustee. Investments held by the CCT, including collateral invested for securities on loan, are valued on the basis of valuations furnished by a pricing service approved by the CCT's investment manager, which determines valuations using methods based on quoted closing market prices on national securities exchanges, or at fair value as determined in good faith by the CCT's investment manager if applicable. The direct holding of NorthWestern Corporation stock is not permitted; however, any holding in a diversified mutual fund or collective investment fund is permitted. In addition, the NorthWestern Corporation pension plan assets also include a participating group annuity contract in the John Hancock General Investment Account, which consists primarily of fixed-income securities. The participating group annuity contract is valued based on discounted cash flows of current yields of similar contracts with comparable duration based on the underlying fixed income investments.

The fair value of our plan assets at December 31, 2009 by asset category are as follows (in thousands):

Asset Category	Total	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Level <u>1</u>	Significant Observable Inputs Level 2	Significant Unobservable Inputs Level 3
Pension Plan Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45	\$	\$ 45	\$
Equity securities: (1)				
US small/mid cap growth	17,533		17,533	
US small/mid cap value	17,414		, 17,414	
US large cap growth	53,835		53,835	
US large cap value	52,561		52,561	
US large cap passive	58,937		58,937	
Non-US core	38,709		38,709	
Fixed income securities:(2)				
US core opportunistic	29,240		29,240	
US passive	16,419		16,419	
Long duration	92,325		92,325	
Ultra long duration	3,278		3,278	
Participating group annuity contract	11,133		11,133	
	\$ 391.429	<u>s</u> —	\$ 391,429	\$
Other Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets		A STATISTICS AND A STAT	an and the second second second second	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4	S	<u>\$</u> 4	<u>s </u>
Equity securities: (1)		and a state of the second s		
US small/mid cap growth	837	715	22	the state of the second second
US small/mid cap value	810	689	121	
S&P 500 index	5,238	and and a second s	5,238	
US large cap growth	375		375	
US large cap value	N 28 1 1 1 1 2 367 3		367	
US large cap passive	410		410	
Non-US core		∫.* [*]	.269	n de la companya de Companya de la companya de la comp
Fixed income securities: (2)			u Ar d'Ar, 126	
Passive bond market	1,008		1,008	
US core opportunistic	3,786	3,565	221	
US passive	120		120	
Long duration	694	د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	694	
Ultra long duration	26	·	26	
۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲ ۲	\$ 15,298	\$ 6,323	\$ 8,975	\$

(1) This category consists of active and passive managed equity funds, which are invested in multiple strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility.

(2) This category consists of investment grade bonds of U.S. issuers from diverse industries, debt securities issued by national, state and local governments, and asset-backed securities. This includes both active and passive managed funds.

For further discussion of the three levels of the fair value hierarchy see Note 9.

Cash Flows

Due to the unprecedented volatility in equity markets, we experienced plan asset market gains during 2009 in excess of 20%, and plan asset market losses during 2008 in excess of 30%, which impact our planned levels of contributions. In accordance with the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA), and the relief provisions of the Worker, Retiree, and Employer Recovery Act of 2008 (WRERA), which was signed into law on December 23, 2008, we are required to meet minimum funding levels in order to avoid required contributions and benefit restrictions. We have elected to use asset smoothing provided by the WRERA, which allows the use of asset averaging, including expected returns (subject to certain limitations), for a 24-month period in the determination of funding requirements. On March 31, 2009, the U.S. Department of the Treasury (Treasury) provided guidance on the selection of the corporate bond yield curve for determining plan liabilities and allowed companies to choose from the range of months in selecting a rate, rather than requiring the use of prescribed rates. The Treasury's announcement specifically referenced 2009, but also indicated that technical guidance will be forthcoming to address future years. In addition, the IRS and Treasury issued final regulations effective October 15, 2009 applying to plan years beginning on or after January 1, 2010 which provided guidance on pension plan funding requirements.

Based on the assumptions allowed under the PPA, WRERA, Treasury guidance and IRS guidance, and the significant contributions made during 2009, we estimate minimum required contributions in the future will be approximately \$9 million. We may elect to make contributions earlier than the required dates. Additional legislative or regulatory measures, as well as fluctuations in financial market conditions, may impact these funding requirements.

Due to the regulatory treatment of pension costs in Montana, expense is calculated using the average of our actual and estimated funding amounts from 2005 through 2012, therefore changes in our funding estimates creates increased volatility to earnings. As a result of the significant increase in unfunded status as of December 31, 2008, we reviewed our funding strategy for the plans, and significantly increased our 2009 cash funding in order to decrease the volatility of these plans to our long-term results of operations and liquidity as follows:

	2009	200	8	2007
NorthWestern Energy Pension Plan (MT) \$	80,600	\$	31,140	\$ 21,966
NorthWestern Pension Plan (SD)	12,300		1,594	672
\$	92,900	\$	32,734	\$ 22,638

The 2009 contributions exceeded our minimum funding requirements by approximately \$75.0 million. For our postretirement medical benefits, our policy is to contribute an amount equal to the annual actuarially determined cost that is also recoverable in rates. We generally fund our postretirement medical trusts monthly, subject to our liquidity needs and the maximum deductible amounts allowed for income tax purposes.

We estimate the plans will make future benefit payments to participants as follows (in thousands):

Pension Benefits	Other Postretirement Benefits
2010	\$
2011 23,327	3,558
2012 NUISSAN MERICANA AND THE AND A SECTOR MANY PROPERTY 21 900	<u> </u>
2013 25,714	3,331
2014	3,295
2015-2019 155,834	14,801

Defined Contribution Plan

Our defined contribution plan permits employees to defer receipt of compensation as provided in Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the plan, employees may elect to direct a percentage of their gross compensation to be contributed to the plan. We contribute various percentage amounts of the employee's gross compensation contributed to the plan. Matching contributions for the year ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 were \$5.8 million and \$5.3 million, respectively.

(15) Stock-Based Compensation

We grant stock-based awards through our 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP), which includes service based restricted stock awards and performance share awards. As of December 31, 2009, there were 521,828 shares of common stock remaining available for grants. The remaining vesting period for awards previously granted ranges from one to three years if the service and/or performance requirements are met. Nonvested shares do not receive dividend distributions. The long-term incentive plan provides for accelerated vesting in the event of a change in control.

We account for our share-based compensation arrangements by recognizing compensation costs for all share-based awards over the respective service period for employee services received in exchange for an award of equity or equity-based compensation. The compensation cost is based on the fair value of the grant on the date it was awarded.

Restricted Stock and Performance Share Awards

Restricted stock awards vest within five years after the date of grant. The fair value of restricted stock is measured based upon the closing market price of our common stock as of the date of grant. Performance share awards are typically payable at the end of a three-year performance period if the specified performance criteria are met.

Performance share awards were granted under the 2005 LTIP during 2009. With these awards, shares will vest if, at the end of the three-year performance period, we have achieved certain performance goals and the individual remains employed by us. The exact number of shares issued will vary from 0% to 200% of the target award, depending on actual company performance relative to the performance goals. These awards contain both a market and performance based component. The performance goals for these awards are independent of each other and equally weighted, and are based on two metrics: (i) cumulative earnings per share (EPS) and return on equity growth; and (ii) total shareholder return (TSR) relative to a peer group. The fair value of the EPS component is estimated based upon the closing market price of our common stock as of the date of grant less the present value of expected dividends, multiplied by an estimated performance. The fair value of the TSR portion is estimated using a statistical model that incorporates the probability of meeting performance targets based on historical returns relative to the peer group. The significant assumptions used to calculate fair value of the TSR component also included a three-year risk-free rate of 1.37%, volatility of 25.1% to 46.5% for the peer group, and maintenance of our \$1.34 annual dividend over the performance period. Both performance goals are measured over the three-year vesting period and are charged to compensation expense over the vesting period based on the number of shares expected to vest.

A summary of nonvested shares as of December 31, 2009, and changes during the year ended December 31, 2009 are as follows:

Perfo	Performance Share Awards		Restricted	Stock Awards
		Weighted-Averag	<u>з</u> е	Weighted-Average
		Grant-Date		Grant-Date
Share	-	Fair Value	Shares	Fair Value
	<u>.</u>		A. MARINE	THURSDAY.
Beginning nonvested grants		\$ -	- 194,072	\$ 34.39
Granted	0,515	213	3 8,000	22.85
Vested		-	- (117,905)	33.75
Forfeited . The second state of the second sta	2,169)	2 1 .5	30	14 <u>7977 - 34.60</u>
Remaining nonvested grants 7	8,346	\$ 21.5	69,954	\$ 34.37

We recognized compensation expense of \$1.8 million and \$3.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and a related income tax (expense) benefit of \$(0.6) million and \$0.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. As of December 31, 2009, we had \$1.7 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to the nonvested portion of outstanding awards, which is reflected in other paid-in capital in our Balance Sheets. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.1 years. The total fair value of shares vested was \$4.0 million and \$4.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2009, we had \$1.7 million for the years ended becember 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Director's Deferred Compensation

Nonemployee directors may elect to defer up to 100% of any qualified compensation that would be otherwise payable to him or her, subject to compliance with our 2005 Deferred Compensation Plan for Nonemployee Directors and Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code. The deferred compensation may be invested in NorthWestern stock or in designated investment funds. Compensation deferred in a particular month is recorded as a deferred stock unit (DSU) on the first of the following month based on the closing price of NorthWestern stock or the designated investment fund. The DSUs are marked-to-market on a quarterly basis with an adjustment to director's compensation expense. Based on the election of the nonemployee director, following separation from service on the Board, other than on account of death, he or she shall be paid a distribution either in a lump sum or in approximately equal installments over a designated number of years (not to exceed 10 years). During the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, DSUs issued to members of our Board totaled 42,870, 33,750 and 30,563, respectively. Total compensation expense attributable to the DSUs during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was approximately \$1.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

(16) Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

We prepare our financial statements in accordance with the provisions of ASC 980, as discussed in Note 2. Pursuant to this pronouncement, certain expenses and credits, normally reflected in income as incurred, are deferred and recognized when included in rates and recovered from or refunded to the customers. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recorded based on management's assessment that it is probable that a cost will be recovered or that an obligation has been incurred. Accordingly, we have recorded the following table reflects our major classifications of regulatory assets and liabilities (in thousands of dollars) that will be recognized in expenses and revenues in future periods when the matching revenues are collected or refunded. Of these regulatory assets and liabilities, energy supply costs are the only items earning a rate of return. The remaining regulatory items have corresponding assets and liabilities that will be paid for or refunded in future periods. Because these costs are recovered as paid, they do not earn a return. We have specific orders to cover approximately 97% of our regulatory assets and 100% of our regulatory liabilities.

		Remaining		
	Note Reference	Amortization Period	Decemb	er 31,
			2009	2008
Pension	.	Undetermined	\$ 87,934	\$ 148,534
Postretirement benefits	14	Undetermined	6,191	25,010
Environmental clean-up		Various	14,631	15,904
Energy supply derivatives	7	1 Year	23,812	29,156
Income taxes Officer	11	Plant Lives Various	47,241	16,466
Officer	11	Various	20,789	18,360
Total regulatory assets			\$ 200,598	\$ 253,430
Gas storage sales		30 Years	\$ 12,513	\$ 12,933
Supplycosts		1 Year	6,355	5,465
Energy supply derivatives		1 Year	2,044	3,785
Environmental clean-up		TYear .	1,041	. 1,411
State & local taxes & fees		1 Year	6,012	9,701
Other		Various	2,524	-4,089
Total regulatory liabilities			\$ 30,489	\$ 37,384

Pension and Postretirement Benefits

We recognize the unfunded portion of plan benefit obligations in the Balance Sheets, which is remeasured at each year end, with a corresponding adjustment to regulatory assets/liabilities as the costs associated with these plans are recovered in rates. The portion of the regulatory asset related to our Montana pension plan will amortize as cash funding amounts exceed accrual expense under GAAP. The South Dakota Public Utilities Commission (SDPUC) allows recovery of pension costs on an accrual basis. The MPSC allows recovery of postretirement benefit costs on an accrual basis. The volatility in plan asset market returns and significant increases in funding is discussed in Note 14, and is reflected in regulatory assets above.

Environmental clean-up

Environmental clean-up costs are the estimated costs of investigating and cleaning up contaminated sites we own. We discuss the specific sites and clean-up requirements further in Note 18. Our 2007 natural gas rate case settlement with the SDPUC allows recovery of manufactured gas plant (MGP) environmental clean-up costs, which is reflected as a regulatory asset above.

Income Taxes

Tax assets primarily reflect the effects of plant related temporary differences such as removal costs, capitalized interest and contributions in aid of construction that we will recover or refund in future rates. We amortize these amounts as temporary differences reverse.

Deferred Financing Costs

Consistent with our historical regulatory treatment, a regulatory asset has been established to reflect the remaining deferred financing costs on long-term debt that has been replaced through the issuance of new debt. These amounts are amortized over the life of the new debt.

State & Local Taxes & Fees (Montana Property Tax Tracker)

Under Montana law, we are allowed to track the increases in the actual level of state and local taxes and fees and recover these amounts. The MPSC has authorized recovery of approximately 60% of the estimated increase in our local taxes and fees (primarily property taxes) as compared to the related amount included in rates during our last general rate case.

Gas Storage Sales

A regulatory liability was established in 2000 and 2001 based on gains on cushion gas sales in Montana. This gain is being flowed to customers over a period that matches the depreciable life of surface facilities that were added to maintain deliverability from the field after the withdrawal of the gas. This regulatory liability is a reduction of rate base.

(17) Regulatory Matters

Montana General Rate Case

In October 2009, we filed a request with the Montana Public Service Commission (MPSC) for an annual electric transmission and distribution revenue increase of \$15.5 million, and an annual natural gas transmission, storage and distribution revenue increase of \$2.0 million. The request was based on a 2008 test period, a return on equity of 10.9%, an equity ratio of 49.45% and rate base of \$632.2 million and \$256.6 million for electric and natural gas, respectively.

The procedural schedule for this rate case was temporarily suspended pending resolution of confidential treatment of various data requests, which was resolved in April 2010. We expect the procedural schedule to be reinstated during the second quarter of 2010 and the MPSC to issue a final order during the fourth quarter of 2010. We requested interim rate adjustments, which we expect to be considered after intervener testimony is filed. Final rate adjustments would become effective upon the issuance of a final order on this matter.

Montana Electric and Natural Gas Supply Trackers

Rates for our Montana electric and natural gas supply are set by the MPSC. Each year we submit electric and natural gas tracker filings for recovery of supply costs for the 12-month period ended June 30 and for the projected electric supply costs for the next 12-month period. The MPSC reviews such filings and makes its cost recovery determination based on whether or not our electric and natural gas energy supply procurement activities were prudent. If the MPSC subsequently determines that a procurement activity was imprudent, then it may disallow such costs.

Our annual electric supply cost tracker requests for the 12-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2009 were combined and are still pending final approval of the MPSC. During the fourth quarter of 2009, we entered into a settlement with the Montana Consumer Counsel agreeing to remove approximately \$183,000 in labor costs and calculated lost revenues from the tracker. The MPSC conducted a hearing to review the filings and resulting settlement and briefing was completed in March 2010. We expect the MPSC to issue an order during the second quarter of 2010.

On June 2, 2009, we filed an annual gas cost tracker request with the MPSC for any unrecovered actual gas costs for the 12month period ended June 30, 2009, and for the projected gas costs for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2010. On June 24, 2009, the MPSC issued an interim order, approving recovery of our projected gas costs pending its review. A procedural schedule has been established.

Montana Property Tax Tracker

In December 2009, we filed our annual property tax tracker (including other state/local taxes and fees) with the MPSC for an automatic rate adjustment, which reflected 60% of the change in 2009 actual property taxes and estimated property taxes for 2010. This filing also included an adjustment for property taxes related to Colstrip Unit 4 (Colstrip). In our 2008 filing requesting to include our interest in Colstrip in utility rate base, we estimated base property taxes would be approximately \$5.5 million, by multiplying the rate base value by the latest known mill levy. This filing was approved by the MPSC. Actual 2009 Colstrip related property taxes were approximately \$2.1 million and we proposed refunding 60% of the change to customers, consistent with previous MPSC orders. In January 2010, the MPSC issued an order requiring us to reset the base rates for Colstrip, effectively requiring us to refund 100% of the change in property taxes from our original 2008 filing. We disputed various aspects of the order and filed a Motion for Reconsideration with the MPSC. In March 2010, the MPSC issued an order on reconsideration to remove or clarify language from their initial order, but did not change the decision on recovery of property taxes.

Mill Creek Generating Station

In August 2008, we filed a request with the MPSC for advanced approval to construct a 150 megawatt (MW) natural gas fired facility. The Mill Creek Generating Station, estimated to cost approximately \$202 million, will provide regulating resources to balance our transmission system in Montana to maintain reliability and enable wind power to be integrated onto the network to meet renewable energy portfolio needs. In May 2009, the MPSC issued an order granting approval to construct the facility, authorizing a return on equity of 10.25% and a preliminary cost of debt of 6.5%, with a capital structure of 50% equity and 50% debt. In addition, the MPSC determined the \$81 million cost for the turbines is prudent, with the remainder of the project costs to be submitted to the MPSC for review and approval once construction of the facility is complete. Construction began in June 2009, and the plant is scheduled to be operational by December 31, 2010. As of March 31, 2010, we have capitalized approximately \$119.8 million in construction work in process related to this project.

Our Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) allows for pass-through of ancillary costs to our customers, including the regulating reserve service described above to be provided by the Mill Creek Generating Station under Schedule 3 (Regulation and Frequency Response). We anticipate making the appropriate FERC filings related to this project in the second quarter of 2010 in order to reflect the cost of service for the Mill Creek Generating Station under the OATT in Schedule 3.

Transmission Investment Projects

We are conducting open season processes for the proposed Mountain States Transmission Intertie and Collector Project to identify potential interest for new transmission capacity on these paths due to the changing nature of generation projects. The open seasons were initiated with an informational meeting for prospective bidders in March 2010. The open season process is designed to provide for a staged level of commitment by prospective users. Assuming sufficient interest, we would expect to make filings with FERC early in 2011. We have capitalized approximately \$12.3 million of preliminary survey and investigative costs associated with these proposed transmission projects. We discuss these transmission investment opportunities further in the "Overview" section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Reliability Compliance

We completed our compliance audit for our Montana operations under the compliance monitoring and enforcement program of the WECC, a regional electric reliability organization, during 2009. WECC has responsibility for monitoring and enforcing compliance with the FERC approved mandatory reliability standards within the western interconnection of the Unites States. In connection with the compliance audit, WECC found no violations of the applicable standards. Since June 2007, we have identified and self-reported violations of 32 requirements to WECC. All but nine of these violations were dismissed or were subject to expedited dispositions with no penalties. During the fourth quarter of 2009, we reached a settlement agreement with WECC addressing six of the remaining nine violations for a total penalty of \$80,000, which has been accrued. The settlement is pending formal North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) and FERC approval. The remaining three violations all relate to one standard and this standard is pending a NERC interpretation. We also filed mitigation plans for two potential violations with the Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO) for our South Dakota operations. We have completed the mitigation measures in compliance with he plans and expect resolution with MRO during the second quarter of 2010 without material impact. We expect our compliance with NERC standards will be audited at least every three years.

(18) Commitments and Contingencies

Qualifying Facilities Liability

In Montana we have certain contracts with Qualifying Facilities, or QFs. The QFs require us to purchase minimum amounts of energy at prices ranging from \$65 to \$167 per MWH through 2029. Our estimated gross contractual obligation related to the QFs is approximately \$1.4 billion through 2029. A portion of the costs incurred to purchase this energy is recoverable through rates, totaling approximately \$1.1 billion through 2029. The fair value of the remaining QF liability is recorded in our Balance Sheets. The following summarizes the change in the QF liability (in thousands):

		December	31,
	2009)	2008
Beginning OF liability	S	162,841	\$ 158,132
Unrecovered amount		(9,366)	(7,246)
Interest expense	di Trades	12,364	11,955
Ending QF liability	\$	165,839	\$ 162,841

The following summarizes the estimated gross contractual obligation less amounts recoverable through rates (in thousands):

	Gross	Recoverable	
	Obligation	Amounts	Net
2010	63,589	\$ 53,835 \$	9,754
2011	65,323	54,357	10,966
2012 in the descent of the second	67,111	54,904	12,207
2013	69,816	55,462	14,354
2014	72,354	56,025	.16,329
Thereafter	1,059,402	797,190	262,212
Total	1,397,595	\$.1,071,773 \$	325,822

Long Term Supply and Capacity Purchase Obligations

We have entered into various commitments, largely purchased power, coal and natural gas supply and natural gas transportation contracts. These commitments range from one to 20 years. Costs incurred under these contracts were approximately \$433.7 million and \$563.0 million and \$445.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, and 2007, respectively. As of December 31, 2009 our commitments under these contracts are \$362.1 million in 2010, \$191.0 million in 2011, \$173.6 million in 2012, \$161.2 million in 2013, \$120.3 million in 2014, and \$659.4 million thereafter. These commitments are not reflected in our Financial Statements.

Other Purchase Obligations

We have entered into purchase obligations related to the construction of the Mill Creek Generating Station, which primarily include engineering, procurement and construction (EPC) and gas turbine generators. Total payments under these contracts were \$67.9 million during 2009. Our estimated future obligation under these contracts is \$70.8 million for 2010.

ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES

The operation of electric generating, transmission and distribution facilities, and gas transportation and distribution facilities, along with the development (involving site selection, environmental assessments, and permitting) and construction of these assets, are subject to extensive federal, state, and local environmental and land use laws and regulations. Our activities involve compliance with diverse laws and regulations that address emissions and impacts to air and water, and protection of natural resources. We continuously monitor federal, state, and local environmental initiatives to determine potential impacts on our financial results. As new laws or regulations are promulgated, our policy is to assess their applicability and implement the necessary modifications to our facilities or their operation to maintain ongoing compliance.

Our environmental exposure includes a number of components, including remediation expenses related to the cleanup of current or former properties, and costs to comply with changing environmental regulations related to our operations. At present, the majority of our environmental reserve relates to the remediation of former manufactured gas plant (MGP) sites owned by us. We use a combination of site investigations and monitoring to formulate an estimate of environmental remediation costs for specific sites. Our monitoring procedures and development of actual remediation plans depend not only on site specific information but also on coordination with the different environmental regulatory agencies in our respective jurisdictions, therefore, while remediation exposure exists, it may be many years before costs become fixed and reliably determinable. Our liability for environmental remediation obligations is estimated to range between \$22.4 million to \$44.1 million. As of March 31, 2010, we have a reserve of approximately \$31.8 million. Environmental costs are recorded when it is probable we are liable for the remediation and we can reasonably estimate the liability. Over time, as specific laws are implemented and we gain experience in operating under them, a portion of the costs related to such laws will become determinable, and we may seek authorization to recover such costs in rates or seek insurance reimbursement as applicable; therefore, we do not expect these costs to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or ongoing operations. There can be no assurance, however, of regulatory recovery.

Global Climate Change

We have a joint ownership interest in four electric generating plants, all of which are coal fired and operated by other companies. We have an undivided interest in these facilities and are responsible for our proportionate share of the capital and operating costs while being entitled to our proportionate share of the power generated. In addition, a significant portion of the electric supply we procure in the market is generated by coal-fired plants.

There is a growing concern nationally and internationally about global climate change and the contribution of emissions of greenhouse gases including, most significantly, carbon dioxide. This concern has led to increased interest in legislation at the federal level, actions at the state level, as well as litigation relating to greenhouse gas emissions.

Specifically, coal-fired plants have come under scrutiny due to their emissions of carbon dioxide, and in September 2009, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit reversed a federal district court's decision and ruled that several states and public interest groups could sue five electric utility companies under federal common law for allegedly causing a public nuisance as a result of their emissions of greenhouse gases. In October 2009, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit reversed a federal district court and ruled that individuals damaged by Hurricane Katrina could sue a variety of companies that emit carbon dioxide, including electric utilities, for allegedly causing a public nuisance that contributed to their damages. Additional litigation in federal and state courts over these issues is continuing.

In addition to litigation during 2009, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued a finding that greenhouse gas emissions endanger the public health and welfare. The EPA's finding indicated that the current and projected levels of six greenhouse gas emissions – carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulfur hexafluoride contribute to climate change. In a related matter, the EPA also proposed rules that would require all new or modified "stationary sources," such as power plants, that emit 25,000 tons of greenhouse gases per year to obtain permits incorporating the "best available control technology" for such emissions.

In September 2009, the EPA announced the adoption of the first comprehensive national system for reporting emissions of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases produced by major sources in the United States. The new reporting requirements will apply to suppliers of fossil fuel and industrial chemicals, manufacturers of motor vehicles and engines, as well as large direct emitters of greenhouse gases with emissions equal to or greater than a threshold of 25,000 metric tons per year, which includes certain of our facilities. The effective date for gathering the data is January 2010 with the first mandatory reporting due in March 2011.

In June 2009, the U.S. House of Representatives passed the American Clean Energy and Security Act of 2009, a bill introduced by Rep. Henry Waxman and Rep. Edward Markey and popularly known as the Waxman-Markey bill. The bill would regulate greenhouse gas emissions by instituting a cap-and-trade-system, in which an economy-wide cap on U.S. greenhouse gas emissions would be established starting in 2012 with a cap 3% below the baseline 2005 level. The cap would steeply decline over time until in 2050 it reaches 83% below the baseline level. Emission allowances, which are rights to emit greenhouse gases, would be both allocated for free and auctioned. In addition, the draft legislation contains a renewable energy standard of 25% by the year 2025 and an energy efficiency mandate for electric and natural gas utilities, as well as other requirements. Pending in the U.S. Senate is the Clean Energy Jobs and American Power Act introduced by Sens. John Kerry and Barbara Boxer, known as the Kerry-Boxer bill. The Kerry-Boxer bill also proposes to regulate greenhouse gas emissions by instituting a cap-and-trade-system, with primarily the same target levels proposed by the Waxman-Markey bill; however, the Kerry-Boxer bill is more aggressive in its 2020 target – a reduction to 20% below 2005 levels by 2020 (versus 17% in Waxman-Markey). Although the Waxman-Markey bill is widely viewed as the most probable climate change bill to be enacted into law, the prospects for passage of a similar bill by the U.S. Senate are uncertain.

Other nations have agreed to regulate emissions of greenhouse gases pursuant to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, also known as the "Kyoto Protocol," an international treaty pursuant to which participating countries (not including the United States) have agreed to reduce their emissions of greenhouse gases to below 1990 levels by 2012. At the end of 2009, an international conference to develop a successor to the Kyoto Protocol issued a document known as the Copenhagen Accord. Pursuant to the Copenhagen Accord, the United States submitted a greenhouse gas emission reduction target of 17% compared to 2005 levels.

The Montana Governor's office has joined the Western Regional Climate Initiative (WCI) and is expected to participate in any greenhouse gas emission control regulations that are adopted by the WCI. The WCI, which has a goal of reducing carbon dioxide emissions 15% below the 2005 levels by 2020, currently is developing greenhouse gas emission allocations, offsets, and reporting recommendations.

While we cannot predict the impact of any legislation until final, if legislation or regulations are passed at the federal or state levels imposing mandatory reductions of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases on generation facilities, the cost to us and / or our customers could be significant. We are proactively involved in analyzing the impacts of current legislative efforts on our customers and shareholders and are participating in public policy forums related to these issues.

There is a gap between proposed emissions reduction levels and the current capabilities of technology, as there is no currently available commercial scale technology that would achieve the proposed reduction levels. Such technology may not be available within a timeframe consistent with the implementation of climate change legislation or at all. To the extent that such technology does become available, we can provide no assurance that it will be suitable or cost-effective for installation at the generation facilities in which we have a joint interest. We believe future legislation and regulations that affect carbon dioxide emissions from power plants are likely, although technology to efficiently capture, remove and sequester carbon dioxide emissions is not presently available on a commercial scale.

The proposed regulations and/or current litigation related to global climate change could have a material impact on our future capital expenditures and results of operations, but the costs are not determinable at this time. Our current capital expenditures projections do not include significant amounts related to environmental projects. We believe the cost of purchasing carbon emissions credits, or alternatively the proceeds from the sale of any excess carbon emissions credits would be included in our supply trackers and passed through to customers.

Clean Air Act - The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 and subsequent amendments stipulate limitations on sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxide emissions from coal-fired power plants and motor vehicles. We comply with existing emission requirements through purchase of sub-bituminous coal, and we believe that we are in compliance with all presently applicable environmental protection requirements and regulations.

The endangerment finding also allows the EPA to regulate emissions from new light-duty vehicles under the Clean Air Act, which were finalized in March 2010. With the finalization of the regulation of greenhouse gases from light-duty vehicles, greenhouse gas emissions are subject to review under the Clean Air Act's Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) (construction or modification of major sources) permit program. Sources subject to a PSD review for greenhouse gases would be required to use best available control technology to control greenhouse gas emissions.

Regional Haze and Visibility - The Clean Air Visibility Rule was issued by the EPA in June 2005, to address regional haze or regionally-impaired visibility caused by multiple sources over a wide area. The rule requires the use of Best Available Retrofit Technology (BART) for certain electric generating units to achieve emissions reductions from designated sources that are deemed to contribute to visibility impairment in Class I air quality areas. We have a 23.4% interest in Big Stone, a coal-fired power plant located in northeastern South Dakota, which is potentially subject to emission reduction requirements. At the request of the South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), the plant operator submitted a model to the DENR in order to evaluate the impact of plant emissions on Class I air quality areas. On September 18, 2009 the DENR approved the modeling protocol and on November 2, 2009 the plant operator submitted to the DENR its analysis of what control technology should be considered BART for nitrogen oxides, sulfur dioxide, and particulate matter for the Big Stone plant. On January 15, 2010, the DENR provided a copy of South Dakota's draft proposed Regional Haze State Implementation Plan (SIP). South Dakota's draft proposed Regional Haze SIP recommends the sulfur dioxide and particulate matter emission control technology and emission rates that generally followed the plant operator's BART analysis. The DENR recommended a Selective Catalytic Reduction technology for nitrogen oxide emission

reduction instead of the plant operator recommended separated over-fire air. The estimated capital expenditures for the BART technologies based on the DENR proposal are approximately \$200 - \$300 million for Big Stone (our share would be 23.4%). The DENR proposes to require that BART be installed and operating as expeditiously as practicable, but no later than five years from EPA's approval of the South Dakota Regional Haze SIP, which is expected no later than January 15, 2011. If the emissions reduction technology is required, we will seek to recover these costs through the ratemaking process. The South Dakota Public Utilities Commission (SDPUC) has allowed the recovery on a timely basis of the costs of environmental improvements; however, there is no precedent on a project of this size.

Clean Air Mercury Rule - In March 2005, the EPA issued the Clean Air Mercury Regulations (CAMR) to reduce the emissions of mercury from coal-fired facilities through a market-based cap-and-trade program. Although the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit struck down CAMR, the state of Montana finalized its own mercury emission rules that require, by 2010, every coal-fired generating plant in Montana to achieve reductions more stringent than CAMR's 2018 requirements. Chemical injection technologies were installed at Colstrip during the fourth quarter of 2009 to meet these requirements. If the enhanced chemical injection technologies are not sufficient to meet the required levels of reduction, then adsorption/absorption technology with fabric filters would be required, which could represent a material cost. We are continuing to work with the other Colstrip owners to assess compliance with these reduction levels.

Manufactured Gas Plants

Approximately \$26.5 million of our environmental reserve accrual is related to manufactured gas plants. A formerly operated manufactured gas plant located in Aberdeen, South Dakota, has been identified on the Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System list as contaminated with coal tar residue. We are currently investigating, characterizing, and initiating remedial actions at the Aberdeen site pursuant to work plans approved by the South Dakota DENR. In 2007, we completed remediation of sediment in a short segment of Moccasin Creek that had been impacted by the former manufactured gas plant operations. Our current reserve for remediation costs at this site is approximately \$12.8 million, and we estimate that approximately \$10 million of this amount will be incurred during the next five years.

We also own sites in North Platte, Kearney and Grand Island, Nebraska on which former manufactured gas facilities were located. During 2005, the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ) conducted Phase II investigations of soil and groundwater at our Kearney and Grand Island sites. In 2006, the NDEQ released to us the Phase II Limited Subsurface Assessment performed by the NDEQ's environmental consulting firm for Kearney and Grand Island. We have conducted limited additional site investigation, assessment and monitoring work at Kearney and Grand Island. At present, we cannot determine with a reasonable degree of certainty the nature and timing of any risk-based remedial action at our Nebraska locations.

In addition, we own or have responsibility for sites in Butte, Missoula and Helena, Montana on which former manufactured gas plants were located. An investigation conducted at the Missoula site did not require entry into the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) voluntary remediation program, but required preparation of a groundwater monitoring plan. The Butte and Helena sites were placed into the MDEQ's voluntary remediation program for cleanup due to excess regulated pollutants in the groundwater. We have conducted additional groundwater monitoring at the Butte and Missoula sites and, at this time, we believe natural attenuation should address the conditions at these sites; however, additional groundwater monitoring will be necessary. In Helena, we continue limited operation of an oxygen delivery system implemented to enhance natural biodegradation of pollutants in the groundwater and we are currently evaluating limited source area treatment/removal options. Monitoring of groundwater at this site is ongoing and will be necessary for an extended time. At this time, we cannot estimate with a reasonable degree of certainty the nature and timing of risk-based remedial action at the Helena site or if any additional actions beyond monitored natural attenuation will be required.

Other

We continue to manage equipment containing polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) oil in accordance with the EPA's Toxic Substance Control Act regulations. We will continue to use certain PCB-contaminated equipment for its remaining useful life and will, thereafter, dispose of the equipment according to pertinent regulations that govern the use and disposal of such equipment.

We routinely engage the services of a third-party environmental consulting firm to assist in performing a comprehensive evaluation of our environmental reserve. Based upon information available at this time, we believe that the current environmental reserve properly reflects our remediation exposure for the sites currently and previously owned by us. The portion of our environmental reserve applicable to site remediation may be subject to change as a result of the following uncertainties:

- We may not know all sites for which we are alleged or will be found to be responsible for remediation; and
- Absent performance of certain testing at sites where we have been identified as responsible for remediation, we cannot estimate with a reasonable degree of certainty the total costs of remediation.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Colstrip Energy Limited Partnership

In December 2006 and June 2007, the MPSC issued orders relating to certain QF rates for the period July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2006. Colstrip Energy Limited Partnership (CELP) is a OF with which we have a power purchase agreement through June 2024. Under the terms of the power purchase agreement with CELP, energy and capacity rates were fixed through June 30, 2004 (with a small portion to be set by the MPSC's determination of rates in the annual avoided cost filing), and beginning July 1, 2004 through the end of the contract, energy and capacity rates are to be determined each year pursuant to a formula, with the rates to be used in that formula derived from the annual MPSC QF rate review. CELP initially appealed the MPSC's orders and then, in July 2007, filed a complaint against NorthWestern and the MPSC in Montana district court, which contested the MPSC's orders. CELP disputed inputs into the underlying rates used in the formula, which initially are calculated by us and reviewed by the MPSC on an annual basis, to calculate energy and capacity payments for the contract years 2004-2005 and 2005-2006. CELP claimed that NorthWestern breached the power purchase agreement causing damages, which CELP asserted to be approximately \$23 million for contract years 2004-2005 and 2005-2006. The parties stipulated that NorthWestern would not implement the final derived rates resulting from the MPSC orders, pending an ultimate decision on CELP's complaint. The Montana district court, on June 30, 2008, granted both a motion by the MPSC to bifurcate, having the effect of separating the issues between contract/tort claims against us and the administrative appeal of the MPSC's orders and a motion by us to refer the claims against us to arbitration. The order also stayed the appellate decision pending a decision in the arbitration proceedings. Arbitration was held in June 2009 and the arbitration panel entered its interim award in August 2009, holding that although NorthWestern failed to use certain data inputs required by the power purchase agreement, CELP was entitled to neither damages for contract years 2004-2005 or 2005-2006, nor to recalculation of the underlying MPSC filings for those years, effectively finalizing CELP's contract rates for those years. We requested clarification from the arbitration panel as to its intent regarding the applicable rates. On November 2, 2009, we received the final award from the arbitration panel which confirmed that the filed rates for 2004-2005 and 2005-2006 are not required to be recalculated. In affirming its interim award, the arbitration panel also denied CELP's request for attorney fees, holding that each party would be responsible for its own fees. The final arbitration panel award is pending confirmation by the Montana district court, which held a hearing on April 9, 2010 and asked the parties to submit proposed orders by May 7, 2010. If confirmed, the arbitration award will require us to refile with the MPSC for a new determination of rates subsequent to June 30, 2006 using data inputs required by the power purchase agreement. CELP continues to dispute the results of the arbitration award, and due to the uncertainty around the resolution we are currently unable to predict the outcome of this matter.

Gonzales

We are a defendant – along with our predecessor entities the Montana Power Company (MPC) and pre-bankruptcy NorthWestern Corporation (NOR) – in an action (Gonzales Action) pending in the Montana Second Judicial District Court, Butte-Silver Bow County (Montana State Court), alleging fraud, constructive fraud and violations of the Unfair Claim Settlement Practices Act all arising out of the adjustment of workers' compensation claims. Putnam and Associates, the third party administrator of such workers' compensation claims, also is a defendant.

The Gonzales Action was first filed on December 18, 1999, against MPC (NOR acquired MPC in 2002) and was stayed due to the Chapter 11 bankruptcy filing of NOR. On August 10, 2005, the Bankruptcy Court approved a "Bankruptcy Settlement Stipulation" which permitted the Gonzales Action to proceed, assigned to plaintiffs NOR's interest in MPC's insurance policies (to the extent applicable to the allegations made by plaintiffs), released NOR from any and all obligations to the plaintiffs concerning such claims, and preserved plaintiffs' right to pursue claims arising after November 1, 2004, relating to the adjustment of workers' compensation claims. To date, no insurance carrier has indicated that coverage is available for any of the claims.

On September 30, 2009, the Montana State Court granted the plaintiffs' motions to file a sixth amended complaint and partially granted the plaintiff's motion for class certification. The Montana State Court excluded the fraud claims from its class certification. The new complaint seeks to hold us jointly and severally liable for the acts of MPC and NOR and alleges that we negligently/intentionally sabotaged plaintiffs' ability to recover under the MPC insurance policies. Plaintiffs seek compensatory and punitive damages from all defendants. Due to the individual nature of the claims, we believe the class certification was improper under Montana law, and we continue to believe that the new complaint violates the bankruptcy stipulation. We have filed an appeal to the Supreme Court of the State of Montana with respect to these issues and intend to continue to defend the lawsuit vigorously. We also believe the sixth amended complaint violates the Bankruptcy Settlement Stipulation and have filed a motion with the Bankruptcy Court seeking enforcement of the Bankruptcy Settlement Stipulation. The motion before the Bankruptcy Court is pending. In addition, settlement discussions concerning these claims are ongoing.

Maryland Street

On March 16, 2009, Monsignor John F. McCarthy, the duly appointed personal representative for the Estate of Father James C. McCarthy, filed a lawsuit against NorthWestern and one of our employees in the District Court of Butte-Silver Bow County, Montana for injuries that Fr. McCarthy received in an April 2007 natural gas explosion that destroyed his four-plex residence. The complaint alleges negligence and strict liability with respect to the maintenance and operation of the natural gas distribution system that served the residence. Fr. McCarthy died in November 2007, allegedly because of injuries sustained in the explosion. The plaintiff seeks unspecified compensatory and punitive damages and other equitable relief, costs and attorney's fees. The investigation of this incident is ongoing, and while we cannot predict an outcome, we intend to continue vigorously defending against the lawsuit.

Bozeman Explosion

On March 5, 2009, a natural gas explosion occurred in downtown Bozeman, Montana. The explosion resulted in one fatality, the destruction of or damage to several buildings and the businesses in them, and damage to other nearby properties and businesses. Twenty lawsuits have been filed against NorthWestern to date in the District Court of Gallatin County, Montana and a number of claims have been made. Our total available insurance coverage is approximately \$150 million for known and potential claims. We have paid our deductible under these policies and our insurance carrier has assumed the defense and handling of the existing and anticipated future lawsuits and claims.

McGreevey Litigation

We are one of several defendants in a class action lawsuit entitled McGreevey, et al. v. The Montana Power Company, et al., now pending in U.S. District Court in Montana. The lawsuit, which was filed by former shareholders of The Montana Power Company (most of whom became shareholders of Touch America Holdings, Inc. (Touch America) as a result of a corporate reorganization of The Montana Power Company), contends that the disposition of various generating and energy-related assets by The Montana Power Company are void because of the failure to obtain shareholder approval for the transactions. Plaintiffs thus seek to reverse those transactions, or receive fair value for their stock as of late 2001, when plaintiffs claim shareholder approval should have been sought. NorthWestern is named as a defendant due to the fact that we purchased The Montana Power Company L.L.C. (now Clark Fork and Blackfoot LLC), which plaintiffs claim is a successor to The Montana Power Company.

In October 2009, the parties reached a global settlement, which must be approved by the U.S. District Court in Montana and the Delaware Bankruptcy Court. In November 2009, the parties submitted documentation concerning the settlement to the U.S. District

Court in Montana for its approval. Approval of the settlement by the U.S. District Court in Montana is still pending. In February 2010, the parties submitted documentation concerning the settlement to the Delaware Bankruptcy Court, which approved the settlement on February 23, 2010. A fairness hearing concerning the proposed settlement is scheduled for May 2010 with the U.S. District Court in Montana. If the court approves the settlement, we will receive approximately \$2.0 million from the Touch America bankruptcy estate and have no remaining exposure in the litigation.

Sierra Club

On June 10, 2008, Sierra Club filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the District of South Dakota (Northern Division) (South Dakota Federal District Court) against us and two other co-owners (the Defendants) of Big Stone Generating Station (Big Stone). The complaint alleged certain violations of the (i) Prevention of Significant Deterioration and (ii) New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) provisions of the Clean Air Act and certain violations of the South Dakota State Implementation Plan (South Dakota SIP). The action further alleged that the Defendants modified and operated Big Stone without obtaining the appropriate permits, without meeting certain emissions limits and NSPS requirements and without installing appropriate emission control technology, all allegedly in violation of the Clean Air Act and the South Dakota SIP. Sierra Club alleged that Defendants' actions have contributed to air pollution and visibility impairment and have increased the risk of adverse health effects and environmental damage. Sierra Club sought both declaratory and injunctive relief to bring the Defendants into compliance with the Clean Air Act and the South Dakota SIP and to require Defendants to remedy the alleged violations. Sierra Club also sought unspecified civil penalties, including a beneficial mitigation project. We believe these claims are without merit and that Big Stone was and is being operated in compliance with the Clean Air Act and the South Dakota SIP.

The Defendants filed a Motion to Dismiss the Sierra Club complaint on August 12, 2008, based on certain of the claims being barred by statute of limitations and the remaining claims being an impermissible collateral attack on valid Clean Air Permits issued by the state of South Dakota. On March 31, 2009, the South Dakota Federal District Court entered a Memorandum Opinion and Order granting Defendants' Motion to Dismiss the Sierra Club Complaint. On July 30, 2009, Sierra Club appealed the South Dakota Federal District Court's decision to dismiss the complaint. On October 13, 2009, the United States Department of Justice (USDOJ) filed a motion seeking a 30-day extension of the time to file an amicus brief in support of the Sierra Club's position. The Court of Appeals granted this motion, as well as our subsequent joint motion with the Sierra Club, extending the timeline. In accordance with the revised briefing schedule, the Sierra Club filed its brief on October 14, 2009, the USDOJ filed its amicus brief on November 24, 2009, we filed our brief on December 24, 2009 (the state of South Dakota served an amicus brief in support of our position on December 30, 2009), and on January 22, 2010, the Sierra Club filed its reply brief. Additionally, on March 15, 2010, we filed correspondence with the court submitting recent supplemental authority in support of our positions, to which the Sierra Club and USDOJ also submitted replies. Appellate briefing has concluded, and oral arguments are scheduled for May 11, 2010.

We are also subject to various other legal proceedings, governmental audits and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these other actions will not materially affect our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

(19) Common Stock

We have 250,000,000 shares authorized consisting of 200,000,000 shares of common stock with a \$0.01 par value and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a \$0.01 par value. Of these shares, 2,265,957 shares of common stock are reserved for the incentive plan awards. For further detail of grants under this plan see Note 13.

Repurchase of Common Stock

On May 23, 2008, we announced plans to initiate a share buyback program for approximately 3.1 million shares, which is equal to the number of shares in the disputed claims reserve established under our Plan of Reorganization that was confirmed by the bankruptcy court in 2004. We purchased 1.9 million shares from the disputed claims reserve and the remaining shares were purchased using privately negotiated transactions, at our discretion. The actual number and timing of share purchases were subject to market conditions, restrictions related to price, volume, timing, and applicable SEC rules. The total aggregate purchase price was approximately \$77.7 million.

Shares tendered by employees to us to satisfy the employees' tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock awards totaled 30,684 and 41,289 during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and are reflected in treasury stock. These shares were credited to treasury stock based on their fair market value on the vesting date.

Sch.19	Sch.19 MONTANA PLANT IN SERVICE - ELECTRIC						
				This Year			
		This Year MT	Yellowstone	Montana	Last Year		
	Account Number & Title	Cons. Utility	National Park	(Including CU4)	Montana	% Change	
1							
2	Intangible Plant						
3	301 Organization	\$ 19,995		\$ 19,995	\$19,995	0.00%	
4	302 Franchises and Consents	2,004		2,004	2,004	0.00%	
5	303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	2,013,220		2,013,220	1,980,034	1.68%	
6	Total Intangible Plant	2,035,219	-	2.035,219	2,002,033	1.66%	
7							
8	Production Plant						
9							
10	E Contraction of the second seco						
11	310 Land and Land Rights	-	-	-	-	-	
12	311 Structures and Improvements	-	-	-	-		
13	312 Boiler Plant Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
14	313 Engines, Engine Driven Generator	-	-	-	-	-	
15	314 Turbogenerator Units	-	-	-	-	-	
16	315 Accessory Electric Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
17	316 Misc, Power Plant Equipment	412,414,421		412,414,421	-	-	
	Total Steam Production Plant	412,414,421		412,414,421		-	
19							
20	Nuclear Production						
21	320 - 325 Not Applicable			-		-	
22	Total Nuclear Production Plant	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	
23							
24	Hydraulic Production					1 1	
25	330 Land and Land Rights	-	-			-	
26	331 Structures and Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	
27	332 Reservoirs, Dams and Waterways	-	-	-	-	-	
28	333 Water Wheel, Turbine, Generators	-	-	-	-	-	
29	334 Accessory Electric Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
30	335 Misc. Power Plant Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
31	336 Roads, Railroads and Bridges	-		-		-	
	Total Hydraulic Production Plant	-	-	-		-	
33	,						
34	Other Production	(
35	340 Land and Land Rights	-		-	-	-	
36	341 Structures and Improvements	19,232	19,232	-	-	-	
37	342 Reservoirs, Dams and Waterways	112,084	112,084	-	-	-	
38	343 Water Wheel, Turbine, Generators	-	-	- [-	-	
39	344 Accessory Electric Equipment	2,247,016	2,247,016	- [-	-	
40	345 Misc. Power Plant Equipment	261,022	261,022	-	-	-	
41	346 Roads, Railroads and Bridges	7,268	7,268	-	<u>بر</u>	-	
	Total Other Production Plant	2,646,622	2,646,622	-		-	
43	Total Production Plant	415,061,043	2,646,622	412,414,421	_		

Sch. 19 cont. MONTANA PLANT IN SERVICE - ELECTRIC						
				This Year		
		This Year MT	Yellowstone	Montana	Last Year	
	Account Number & Title	Cons. Utility	National Park	(Including CU4)	Montana	% Change
1						
2	Transmission Plant					[}
3	350 Land and Land Rights	21,066,522	-	21,066,522	20,698,183	1.78%
4	352 Structures and Improvements	13,151,429	_	13,151,429	12,459,520	5.55%
5	353 Station Equipment	149,948,730	-	149,948,730	141,322,365	6.10%
6	354 Towers and Fixtures	28,677,045	_	28,677,045	23,667,641	21.17%
7	355 Poles and Fixtures	141,135,680	789,342	140,346,338	138,816,560	1.10%
8	356 Overhead Conductors & Devices	129,049,855	635,607	128,414,248	120,581,212	6.50%
9	350 Overnead Conductors & Devices 357 Underground Conduit	137,878	102,286	35,592	35,592	0.00%
10						0.00%
	358 Undergrind Conductors & Devices	1,410,535	554,036	856,499	856,499	
11	359 Roads and Trails	2,519,641	44,906	2,474,735	2,433,034	1.71%
12	Total Transmission Plant	487,097,315	2,126,177	484,971,138	460,870,606	5.23%
13						
14	Distribution Plant					
15	360 Land and Land Rights	4,087,408	601	4,086,807	4,050,695	0.89%
16	361 Structures and Improvements	6,117,215	141,867	5,975,348	5,710,158	4.64%
17	362 Station Equipment	114,927,311	2,037,191	112,890,120	110,719,018	1.96%
18	363 Storage Battery Equipment	-	•	-	. -	-
19,	364 Poles, Towers, and Fixtures	152,499,854	342,321	152,157,533	144,807,687	5.08%
20	365 Overhead Conductors & Devices	93,895,145	406,192	93,488,953	89,935,993	3.95%
21	366 Underground Conduit	58,118,000	264,780	57,853,220	54,000,827	7.13%
22	367 Undergrnd Conductors & Devices	106,319,048	2,685,708	103,633,340	100,040,555	3.59%
23	368 Line Transformers	171,359,902	738,830	170,621,072	165,296,668	3.22%
24	369 Services	88,797,036	174,065	88,622,971	84,781,084	4.53%
24						•
	370 Meters	49,997,147	67,143	49,930,004	49,238,004	1.41%
26	371 Installations on Cust. Premises	-	-	-	-	-
27	372 Leased Property on Cust. Premises	-	-	-	-	-
28	373 Street Lighting and Signal Systems	51,978,940	19.872	51,959,068	52,015,197	-0.11%
	Total Distribution Plant	898,097,006	6,878,570	891,218,436	860,595,886	3.56%
30						
31	General Plant					
32	389 Land and Land Rights	485,818	-	485,818	405,187	19.90%
33	390 Structures and Improvements	8,251,673	152,961	8,098,712	7,710,215	5.04%
34	391 Office Furniture and Equipment	3,810,891	-	3,810,891	3,068,144	24.21%
35	392 Transportation Equipment	31,283,123	228,344	31,054,779	29,458,477	5.42%
36	393 Stores Equipment	522,534	· -	522,534	457,151	14.30%
37	394 Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	4,327,272	15,010	4,312,262	4,245,608	1.57%
38	395 Laboratory Equipment	3,293,201	3,466	3,289,735	3,249,312	1.24%
39	396 Power Operated Equipment	2,623,107	0,400	2,623,107	2,441,605	7.43%
40	397 Communication Equipment		7/ 170	21,474,707		10.14%
	397 Communication Equipment	21,548,879	74,172		19,497,392	1
41		165,484	15,636	149,848	149,650	0.13%
42	399 Other Tangible Equipment	70.044.000		-	-	
	Total General Plant	76,311,982	489,589	75,822,393	70,682,741	7.27%
	Total Plant in Service	1,878,602,565	12,140,958	1,866,461,607	1,394,151,266	33.88%
45			ĺ			f
46	4101 El Plant Allocated from Common	62,207,560	-	62,207,560	61,916,457	0.47%
47	105 El Plant Held for Future Use	- [-	-	-	
48	107 El Construction Work in Progress	96,663,985		96,663,985	5,260,345	>300.00%
49	•		_		3,106,285	-100.00%
50			_	_		
200		1	- 1			

h. 19 cont.		MONTANA PLAN	T IN SERVICE - EL	ECTRIC	
	CONSOLIDATED	Decem	iber 31,		
	PLANT IN SERVICE	2009	2008		
1					
2	Montana Electric (Includes CU4 in 2009)	\$ 1,866,461,607	\$1,394,151,266		
3	Yellowstone National Park	12,140,958	11,699,040		
4	Colstrip Unit 4	-	87,205,999		
5	Montana Natural Gas (Includes CMP)	507,294,984	489,072,577		
6	Common	93,059,655	92,523,261		
7	Townsend Propane	1,505,229	1,500,355		
8	South Dakota Electric	421,377,251	409,396,824		
9	South Dakota Naturai Gas	138,114,916	135,070,061		
10	South Dakota Common	36,060,546	42,027,354		
11	Asset Retirement Obligation	5,317,420	6,269,604		
12	TOTAL PLANT	\$ 3,081,332,566	\$2,668,916,341		

Sch. 20	20 MONTANA DEPRECIATION SUMMARY - ELECTRIC						
					This Year		
		Montana Plant	This Year MT	Yellowstone	Montana	Last Year	Current
	Functional Plant Class	Cost	Cons. Utility	National Park	(Including CU4)	Montana	Avg. Rate
1	1						
2							
3	Steam Production	\$ 406,547,366	11,957,275	\$-	\$ 11,957,275	\$-	2.93%
4	1						
5		-	-	-	-	-	-
6							
7	Hydraulic Production	-	-	-	-	-	
8							
9	Other Production	-	2,228,867	2,228,867		-	-
10							
11	Transmission	459,335,893	224,442,765	1,681,098	222,761,667	203,498,696	2.95%
12							
13		858,713,513	441,163,296	3,886,937	437,276,359	406,697,197	3.51%
14							
15	5	72,257,588	46,222,867	257,968	45,964,899	42,410,627	6.03%
16							
17	Common	59,904,469	31,164,052		31,164,052	28,655,658	7.88%
18							
19		#4 050 750 00D	#757 470 400	*0 0F 1 070	#740 404 0C0	@C04 0C0 470	2 2 4 0/
20	Total Accum Depreciation	\$1,850,758,829	\$757,179,122	\$8,054,870	\$749,124,252	\$681,262,178	3.34%
21							
22							
23 24	Consolidate		Deceml	har 21	1		
24	Accumulated Depr		2009	2008			
25		eciation	2009	2000			
20	1	2000)	\$717,960,200	\$652,606,520			
	Yellowstone National Park	,04 in 2009)	8,054,870	7,755,794			
	Colstrip Unit 4		0,054,070	38,674,170			
	Montana Natural Gas (Include	as CMP)	208,897,627	198,176,878			
	Common		47,361,448	43.541,925			
	Townsend Propane		564,216	43,341,923			
	South Dakota Electric		227,069,266	217,665,844			
	South Dakota Natural Gas		57,010,774	53,212,037			
		aring	,				
35 36 37 38 39	South Dakota Natural Gas South Dakota Common Acquisition Writedown Basin Creek Capital Lease FIN 47 CWIP-Capital Retirement Cle Total Consolidated Accum		87,010,774 8,154,467 88,826,859 7,036,640 624,602 -1,904,064 \$1,369,656,905	15,161,327 115,982,411 5,026,172 403,740 -589,906			

Sch. 21	Sch. 21 MONTANA MATERIALS & SUPPLIES (ASSIGNED & ALLOCATED)- ELECTRIC (INCLUDES COLSTIP UNIT 4 in 2009)						
				This Year			
		This Year	Yellowstone	Montana	Last Year	%	
	Account Number & Title	Cons. Utility	National Park	(Including CU4)	Montana	Change	
1				0 055 400	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	400.000	
2	151 Fuel Stock	\$ 955,466	\$-	\$ 955,466	\$ 250,377	100.00%	
4	154 Plant Materials & Operating Supplies						
5	Assigned and Allocated to:						
6	Operation & Maintenance	-		-		_	
7	Construction	_		-	-	_	
8	Production Plant	1,745,815		1,745,815	-	-	
9	Transmission Plant	1,993,971		1,993,971	1,316,221	51.49%	
10	Distribution Plant	8,575,950		8,575,950	8,291,367	3.43%	
11							
12							
	Total MT Materials and Supplies	\$13,271,202	\$-	\$13,271,202	\$9,857,965	34.62%	
14							
15				ł			
16	Consolidated	Decem					
17	Fuel Stock	2009	2008				
18	Mantana Flankia (includios CLIA in 2000)	fore 100	#050.077				
	Montana Electric (including CU4 in 2009) Colstrip Unit 4	\$955,466	\$250,377				
	South Dakota	4,695,292	1,089,249 3,534,964				
22		4,030,232	3,334,904				
1 I	Total Fuel Stock	\$5,650,758	\$4,874,590				
24		\$0,000,100	01,011,000				
25							
26							
27	Consolidated	Decem	ber 31,				
28	Materials and Supplies	2009	2008				
29							
	Montana Electric (including CU4 in 2009)	12,315,736	\$9,607,588				
1 1	Montana Natural Gas	2,538,200	3,096,208				
	Colstrip Unit 4	-	1,666,828				
	South Dakota	5,325,772	4,937,004				
34							
35	Total Consolidated Materials and Supplies	\$20,179,708	\$19,307,628				

Sch. 22	MONTANA REGULATORY CAPITAL	STRUCTURE & C	COSTS - ELECTRIC	2
		% Capital		Weighted
	Commission Accepted - Most Recent 1/	Structure	% Cost Rate	Cost
1	······································			
2	Docket Number: 2000.8.113			
3	Order Number : 6271c			
4				
5	Common Equity	43.00%	10.75%	4.62%
6	Preferred Stock	6.97%	1 1	0.45%
7	QUIPS Preferred	7.86%	1 1	0.67%
8	Long Term Debt	42.17%	1 5	2.72%
9	Other	12.1170		
	TOTAL	100.00%		8.46%
11		100.0070		
12		% Capital		Weighted
12	NorthWestern Corporation Consolidated	Structure	% Cost Rate 2/	Cost
13	Rommestern corporation consolidated		70 CUSt Nate 2/	0030
14	Common Equity	44.51%	10.75%	4.78%
	• -	0.00%		0.00%
16	Preferred Stock			ſ
17	QUIPS Preferred	0.00%		0.00%
18	Long Term Debt	55.49%	6.03%	3.35%
19	Other	100.00%		0.400/
) L	TOTAL	100.00%		8.13%
21 22	1/ Docket 2000.8.113, Order 6271c specifies the authorized	capital structure ar	nd accordated costs f	or the
23	regulated electric utility effective May 8, 2001.	capital structure al	14 4990014104 00010 1	
23	regulated electric unity elective may 0, 2001.			
	2/ The cost of debt represents Montana jurisdiction only, as	reflected on Schod	ulo 24	
25	27 The cost of debt represents Montana Junsulation only, as	Tenecieu on Scheu	uie 24.	
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27				
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34		,		
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Schedule 22

Sch. 23	STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS			
	Description	This year	Last Year	% Change
1	Increase/(decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
2	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
3	Net Income	\$ 73.420.376	\$ 67,601,004	8.61%
4	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:			
5	Depreciation	84,576,896	79,758,326	6.04%
6	Amortization, Net	(731,021)	(1,043,731)	29.96%
7	Other Noncash Charges to Net Income, Net	4,376,377	4,994,829	-12.38%
8	Deferred Income Taxes, Net	54,138,456	41,424,645	30.69%
9	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments, Net	(494,074)	(580,189)	14.84%
10	Change in Operating Receivables, Net	8,474,550	1,389,563	>300.00%
11	Change in Materials, Supplies & Inventories, Net	23,452,861	(7,197,797)	>300.00%
12	Change in Operating Payables & Accrued Liabilities, Net	(42,938,219)	11,451,044	>-300.00%
13	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)	(2,113,313)	(641,253)	-229.56%
14	Change in Other Assets & Liabilities, Net	(81,835,027)	(23,159,947)	-253.35%
15	Other Operating Activities:			
16	Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies	5,246,654	(8,683,838)	160.42%
17	Change in Regulatory Assets	(7,701,447)	20,470,034	-137.62%
18	Change in Regulatory Liabilities	(6.894,262)	7,180,108	-196.02%
19	Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Operating Activities	110,978,807	192,962.798	-42.49%
20	Cash Inflows/Outflows From Investment Activities:	1		
21	Construction/Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(189,360,461)	(124,562,480)	-52.02%
22	(Net of AFUDC)			
23	Proceeds from Sale of Assets	326,250	199,613	63.44%
24	Other Investing Activities:			
25	Investments in and Advances to Assoc, and Subsidiary Companies	-	-	0.00%
26	Distribution from Subsidiaries	-		-
27	Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Investing Activities	(189,034,211)	(124,362,867)	-52.00%
28	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
29	Proceeds from Issuance of:			
30	Long-Term Debt	304,832,500	55,000,000	>300.00%
31	Credit Facilities Borrowings	348,000,000	96,000,000	262.50%
32	Long-Term Debt of Subsidiary Companies	-	-	0.00%
33	Payment for Retirement of:			0.00%
34	Credit Facilities Repayments	(390,000,000)	-	100.00%
35	Long-Term Debt	(131,665,019)	(76,350,000)	-72.45%
36	Long-Term Debt of Subsidiary Companies	-	(13,226,580)	100.00%
37	Capital Lease Obligations, Net	(273,234)		80.32%
38	Dividends on Common Stock	(48,185,589)	(49,833,215)	3.31%
39	Other Financing Activities:			
40	Exercise of Warrants	-	-	-
41	Debt Financing Costs	(10,824,231)	(1,550,011)	>-300.00%
42	Treasury Stock Purchases	(740,781)	(78.706.635)	99.06%
43	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	71,143,646	(70.054,751)	201.55%
44	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(6,911,758)	(1,454,820)	>-300.00%
45	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	11,251,439	12,706,259	-11,45%
46	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 4.339.680	\$ 11.251,439	-61.43%
47				
	This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting requirements	of the Federal Energy	v Reculatory	
	Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. A			the equity
1				
í	method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presentati	on in Feric Form 1, p	но санаціан мола	and
	Pipeline Corporation and the Colstrip 4 79 and 143 MW Trusts.			
52				

Sch. 24			MONT	ANA LONG TERM D	DEBT 1/	·····			
						Outstanding		Annual	
		Issue	Maturity	Principal	Net	Per Balance	Yield to	Net Cost	Total
	Description	Date	Date	Amount	Proceeds	Sheet	Maturity	Inc. Prem./Disc.	Cost %
1									
2	First Mortgage Bonds								
3	6.34% Series, Due 2019	03/26/09	04/01/19	\$250,000,000	\$247,657,313	\$249,845,062	6.340%		6.61%
4	5.71% Series, Due 2039	10/15/09	10/15/39	55,000,000	54,450,119	55,000,000	5.710%		5.74%
5	6.04% Series, Due 2016	09/13/06	09/01/16	150,000,000	148,302,298	149,951,000	6.040%		6.21%
6	5.875% Series, Due 2014	11/01/04	11/01/14	161,000,000	161,000,000	161,000,000	5.875%		6.17%
1 1-	Total First Mortgage Bonds			\$616,000,000	\$611,409,731	\$615,796,062		\$38,915,788	6.32%
8									
9	Pollution Control Bonds				,				
1	4.65% Series, Due 2023	04/27/06	08/01/23	\$170,205,000	\$164,451,956	\$170,205,000	4.650%	\$8,467,855	4.98%
11	·····								
12	Total Pollution Control Bonds			\$170,205,000	\$164,451,956	\$170,205,000		\$8,467,855	4.98%
13									
14	Other Long Term Debt								
15									
16	Other Capital Leases - Fleet Lease	06/30/09	06/30/12	\$54,086	\$54,086	\$24,512		\$1,438	1.44%
17	Total Other Long Term Debt			\$54,086	\$54,086	\$24,512		\$1,438	
18	TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT			\$786,259,086	\$775,915,772	\$786,025,575		\$47,385,081	6.03%
19									
20									
21	1/ Total Capital Leases does not include an	nounts due w	ithin 1 year c	of \$23,291. It also d	does not include a	mounts associate	ed with the	Basin Creek	
22	contract, which totals \$36,719,221.								
23									
24									
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34									
35									

Sch. 25					PREFER	RED STOCK				
	Series	lssue Date Mo./Yr.	Shares Issued	Par Value	Call Price	Nei Proceeds	Cost of Money	Principal Outstanding	Annual Cost	Embed. Cost %
	NOT APPLICABLE									
3	1									
5										
6										
7										Į
8										
9										
10										
11 12										
12										
14										
15										
16										
17										
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20										
22										
23										
24										
25										
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30										
27										
28									[
30										
31										
	TOTAL									

Sch. 26				COMMON	STOCK		COMMON STOCK									
		Avg. Number of Shares Outstanding 1/	Book Value Per Share	Earnings Per Share	Dividends Per Share (Declared)	Retention Ratio	Marke High	t Price Low	Price/ Earnings Ratio							
1					(/											
2 3 4		35,930,160	\$21.52				\$24.85	\$21.71	-							
5		35,936,518	21.72				25.39	19.31								
7	March	35,936,518	21.55	\$0.63	0.335		21.98	18.48								
9 10	April	35,939,518	21.60				22.50	20.00								
10 11 12	May	35,941,842	21.70				22.44	20.59								
13	June	35,941,842	21.39	0,17	0.335		23.49	21.63								
14 15	July	35,941,937	21.41				24.87	22.58								
16 17	August	35,983,082	21.50				24.94	23.29								
18 19	September	35,983,082	21.56	0.53	0.335		24.81	23.17								
20 21	October	35,983,109	21.75				25.20	23.61								
22 23 24	November	36,002,928	21.90				25.80	23.78								
24 25 26	December	36,003,434	21.89	0.70	0.335		25.85	25.53								
	TOTAL Year End	35,959,588	\$21.89	\$2.03	1.340	33.99%	\$26.02		12.8							
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	1/ Monthly shares		s outstanding a	at month-end		v v k	-	e								

5220007234	MONTANA EARNED RATE O	F RETURN - ELEC	TRIC	
ne contractador S		This Year		
	Description	(Including CU4) ¹	Last Year	% Change
1		04 000 745 000	64 400 050 040	20.06%
2		\$1,868,745,960	\$1,426,953,819	30.96%
3	·	(722,788,150)	(663,766,184)	-8.89%
5	Net Plant in Service	\$1,145,957.810	\$763,187,635	50.15%
6				
	154, 156 Materials & Supplies	\$9,907,384	\$7,828,648	26.55%
8	165 Prepayments			50 (00)
9	—	24,468,860	15,667,464	56.18%
10		#04.076.044	\$23,496,112	46.31%
	Total Additions	\$34,376,244	\$23,490,112	46.31%
12		A (A (A (A (A (A (A (A (A (A (000 440 000	07.000/
13		\$104,777,400	\$82,110,989	27.60%
14		38,339,601	38,025,165	0.83%
15	255 Accumulated Def. Investment Tax Credits			
16	Other Deductions	14,424,749	10,981,244	31.36%
17				
18	Total Deductions	\$157,541,750	\$131,117,398	20.15%
	Total Rate Base	\$1,022,792,304	\$655,566,349	56.02%
	Net Earnings	\$77,755,121	\$42,320,051	83.73%
	Rate of Return on Average Rate Base	7.602%	6.455%	17.76%
	Rate of Return on Average Equity 3/	8.500%	6.407%	32.67%
		0.000 //	0.40770	02.0170
23				
24	, .			
25		·		
26	Rate Schedule Revenues	(\$7,050,450)	(\$333,820)	>-300.00%
27	2007 Property Tax Refund 4/	0	(3,213,011)	100.00%
28	Depreciation Related to Stipulation 5/	(865,667)	(431,111)	-100.80%
29				
30	Non-Allowables:			
31	Advertising	163,996	358,908	-54.31%
32	Dues, Contributions, Other	68,854	64,982	5.96%
		00,004	04,002	0.0070
33	Accession de la come Texas Cl	2 452 604	2 2 2 7 0 7 2	48,36%
34	Associated Income Taxes 6/	3,453,694	2,327,973	46.30%
35	Total Adjustments	(\$4,229.573)	(\$1,226,080)	-244.97%
		\$73,525.547	\$41,093,971	78.92%
-	Revised Net Earnings	\$73,323,347		10.5270
38	Rate Base Adjustment	(000 000 00 0	(040,000,000)	00.040/
39	Stipulation with MCC <u>5</u> /	(\$25,779,584)	(\$12,998,000)	-98.34%
40				
	Revised Rate Base	\$997,012.720	\$642,568,349	55.16%
	Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base	7.375%	6.395%	15.31%
	Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity 3/	7.785%	5.866%	
43				
44	1/ This year information (2009) includes Colstrip Unit 4	per Docket No. D200	8.6.69, Order 692	5f.
44 45				
44 45	 This year information (2009) includes Colstrip Unit 4 p Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset 			
44 45 46				
44 45 46	2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes.			
44 45 46 47 48	2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes.	that provides an offs	set to the accumula	ited
44 45 46 47 48 49	2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes.3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure	that provides an offs	set to the accumula	ated
44 45 46 47 48 49 50	2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes.	that provides an offs	set to the accumula	ated
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 	that provides an offs e approved in Docke	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and	ited Docket.
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 4/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estimation of the structure of the capital structure of the structure of th	that provides an offs e approved in Docke	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and	ited Docket.
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 4/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estimation flegal costs. 	that provides an offs e approved in Docke	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and	ited Docket.
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 4/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estimation flegal costs. 	that provides an offs e approved in Docke e was booked for ta	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and xes from year 2007	nted Docket. 7, net
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 4/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estimation flegal costs. 5/ Per NWE/MCC Stipulation Agreement Docket No. D2 	that provides an offs e approved in Docke e was booked for ta 007.7.82 reflecting t	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and xes from year 2007 wo-thirds of the \$3	nted Docket. 7, net 8.8 million
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 4/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estimated fegal costs. 5/ Per NWE/MCC Stipulation Agreement Docket No. D2 allocated to electric as a rate base reduction and inclusion 	that provides an offs e approved in Docke e was booked for ta 007.7.82 reflecting t	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and xes from year 2007 wo-thirds of the \$3	nted Docket. 7, net 8.8 million
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 4/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estimated fegal costs. 5/ Per NWE/MCC Stipulation Agreement Docket No. D2 allocated to electric as a rate base reduction and inclusion 	that provides an offs e approved in Docke e was booked for ta 007.7.82 reflecting t	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and xes from year 2007 wo-thirds of the \$3	ited Docket. 7, net 8.8 million
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 4/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estimate of legal costs. 5/ Per NWE/MCC Stipulation Agreement Docket No. D2 allocated to electric as a rate base reduction and inclusio expense for year 2009. 	that provides an offs e approved in Docke e was booked for ta 007.7.82 reflecting t	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and xes from year 2007 wo-thirds of the \$3	nted Docket. 7, net 8.8 million
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 4/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estimated fegal costs. 5/ Per NWE/MCC Stipulation Agreement Docket No. D2 allocated to electric as a rate base reduction and inclusio expense for year 2009. 	that provides an offs e approved in Docke e was booked for ta 007.7.82 reflecting t n of a comparable p	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and xes from year 2007 wo-thirds of the \$3 ortion of annual de	nted Docket. 7, net 8.8 million preciation
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	 2/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset deferred taxes. 3/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure No. D2008.6.69. 4/ During December 2008, a property tax refund estimate of legal costs. 5/ Per NWE/MCC Stipulation Agreement Docket No. D2 allocated to electric as a rate base reduction and inclusio expense for year 2009. 	that provides an offs e approved in Docke e was booked for ta 007.7.82 reflecting t n of a comparable p	set to the accumula t D2000.8.113 and xes from year 2007 wo-thirds of the \$3 ortion of annual de	ted Docket. 7, net 8.8 million preciation

Sch. 27	7 cont. MONTANA EARNED RATE OF RETURN - ELECTRIC							
		This Year						
	Description	(Including CU4) ¹	Last Year	% Change				
1								
2	Detail - Other Additions							
3	FAS 109 Regulatory Asset	\$20,486,905	\$11,941,781	71.56%				
4	Cost of Refinancing Debt	2,436,497	2,637,444	-7.62%				
5	SAP Development Costs	652,943	1,088,239	-40.00%				
6	Fuel Stock	892,515	0	-				
7			1.0.0					
	Total Other Additions	\$24,468,860	\$15,667,464	56.18%				
9								
10	Detail - Other Deductions		• · · · · • · · ·					
11	Personal Injury and Property Damage	\$2,551,681	\$1,556,017	63.99%				
12	Gross Cash Requirements	11,776,451	9,328,610	26.24%				
13	MPSC/MCC Taxes	96,617	96,617	0.00%				
14								
15		01110(710	<u></u>	04.00%				
	Total Other Deductions	\$14.424,749	\$10,981,244	31.36%				
17								
18								
19 20								
20								
21								
22								
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42								
-				Schedule 27A				

Sch. 28	N	MONTANA COMPOSITE STATISTICS - ELECTRIC (EXCLUDES YN	NP)
		Description	Amount
1			
2		Plant (Intrastate Only)	
3			
4	101	Plant in Service (Includes Allocation from Common)	\$ 1,928,669,167
5	105	Plant Held for Future Use	-
6	107	Construction Work in Progress	96,663,985
7	114	Plant Acquisition Adjustments	-
8	151-163	Materials & Supplies	13,271,202
9	100 444	(Less):	749,124,252
10	108, 111	Depreciation & Amortization Reserves	36,775,144
11	252 NET BOOK COSTS	Contributions in Aid of Construction	1,252,704,958
2	NET BOOK COSTS		1,202,704,000
13			
14		Revenues & Expenses	
15	(00	Que ensitive a Development	674,538,309
16	400	Operating Revenues	674,556,509
17	Total Operation De		674,538,309
E F	Total Operating Rev	venues	
19 20	401-402	Other Operating Expenses (including regulatory amortizations)	465,103,751
20	401-402 403-407	Depreciation & Amortization Expenses	65,284,120
21	403-407	Taxes Other than Income Taxes	58,292,980
22	409-411	Federal & State Income Taxes	8,102,337
23	405-411		0,102,001
	Total Operating Exp	Denses	596,783,188
	Net Operating Incol		77,755,121
27			
28	415-421.1	Other Income	4,388,107
29	421.2-426.5	Other Deductions	574,290
		ORE INTEREST EXPENSE	81,568,938
31			
32		Average Customers (Intrastate Only)	
33		Residential	268,119
34		Commercial & Industrial	61,627
35		Other (including interdepartmental)	4,062
36			
37	TOTAL AVERAGE N	IUMBER OF CUSTOMERS	333,808
38			
39		Other Statistics (Intrastate Only)	
40		Average Annual Residential Use (Kwh)	8,636
41		Average Annual Residential Cost per (Kwh)	\$0.096
42		Average Residential Monthly Bill	\$69.14
43			
44		Plant in Service (Gross) per Customer	\$5,778

Sch. 29			tomer Informat	ion-Electric, 1/		
	0:4.	Population	Desidential	Commercial	Industrial	Total
4	City	Census 2000	Residential	Commercial 114	& Other 5	580
1	Absarokee Alberton	1,234 374	461 372	81	12	465
2	Alder	374 116	204	79	12	300
	Ander Amsterdam	110	204 129	35	6	170
4 5	Anaconda	- 9,417	4,197	780	48	5,025
6	Armington	5,417	4,197	700	40	0,020
7	Arrow Creek	-	5	5		10
8	Augusta	- 284	245	96	3	344
9	Avon	124	92	57	2	151
10	Barber	124	52 52	11	2	63
11	Basin	255	159	70	1	230
11	Bearcreek	83	62	18	3	83
12	Belfry	219	195	65	14	274
13	Belgrade	5,728	7,177	1,637	91	8,905
14	Belt	633	638	227	14	0,903 879
15	Benchland	033	638 7	6	(4	13
10	Big Sandy	703	345	141	4	490
17	Big Sky	1,221	2,870	600	14	3,484
10	Big Timber	1,650	1,201	382	29	1,612
20	-	89,847	43,680	7,724	695	52,099
20	Billings Black Eagle	09,047	43,000 440	157	14	611
21	Bonner	1,693	440 60	27	1	88
22	Boulder	1,300	799	237	25	1,061
23	Box Elder	794	799 140	65	23	214
24	Bozeman	27,509	23,715	5,118	375	29,208
25	Brady	27,009	23,713	35	2	128
20	Bridger	745	418	151	14	583
28	Broadview	150	223	150	2	375
20	Buffalo	100	<u> </u>		3	3
30	Butte	33,892	14,063	2,408	295	16,766
31	Cameron	55,052	299	107	5	411
32	Canyon Creek		187	35	7	229
	Carter	62	120	68	2	190
34	Cascade	819	1,062	284	24	1,370
35	Centerville	-	13	11	- 1	25
36	Checkerboard	-	55	11	1	67
37	Chester	871	477	274	13	764
38	Chinook	1,386	802	299	16	1,117
39	Choteau	1,781	979	361	25	1,365
40	Churchill		702	140	21	863
41	Clancy	1,406	805	132	11	948
42	Clinton	549	102	36	2	140
43	Coffee Creek	-	55	21	- 1	77
44	Colstrip	2,346	960	199	32	1,191
45	Columbus	1,748	964	320	18	1,302
46	Conrad	2,753	1,253	461	23	1,737
47	Corbin			1	-	1
48	Corvallis	443	751	169	38	958
49	Craig	_	94	33	4	131
50	Custer	145	_	3	-	3
			1		<u> </u>	hedule 29

e - -

Sch. 29			tomer Informat	ion- Electric, 1/	Inductrici	
	City	Population Census 2000	Residential	Commercial	Industrial & Other	Total
1	Darby	710	772	229	18	1,01
2	De Borgia	-	141	36	1	17
3	Deer Lodge	3,421	2,054	553	74	2,68
4	Denton	301	182	80	2	26
5	Dillon	3,752	1,911	509	57	2,47
6	Divide	-	65	11	3	7
7	Dodson	122	113	64	6	18
8	Drummond	318	362	199	28	58
9	Dutton	389	241	120	4	36
10	East Helena	1,642	2,819	365	30	3,2
11	Edgar		223	73	13	30
12	Elliston	225	208	62	4	27
13	Ennis	840	1,644	530	35	2,20
14	Fairfield	659	392	155	15	56
15	Florence	901	366	133	16	5
16	Floweree	-	111	56	1	- 16
10	Fort Beiknap	1,262	451	103	24	5
18	Fort Benton	1,594	821	347	30	1,19
19	Fort Harrison	1,004	021	89	3	.,
20	Fromberg	486	306	74	8	3
20	Gallatin Gateway	400	1,006	322	20	1,3
22	Gardiner	851	742	274	10	1,0
22	Garrison	112	122	55	7	1,0
23 24	Geraldine	284	274	153	2	4
24 25		204	65	35	3	1
25 26	Geyser Gildford	185	92	68	2	1
20 27		3,253	1,660	655	64	2,3
	Glasgow	3,203	74	42	5	2,5
28	Gold Creek	56 600	1		381	33,3
29	Great Falls	56,690	28,004	4,998	9	55,5
30	Greycliff	56	50	32		3
31	Hall	2 705	248	71	16	
32	Hamilton	3,705	5,129	1,363	121	6,6
33	Hardin	3,384	1,412	445	26	1,8
34	Harlem	848	426	198	28	6
35	Harlowton	1,062	662	260	8	9
36	Harrison	162	172	55	18	2
37	Haugan	69	75	35	3	1
38	Havre	10,594	4,815	1,135	190	6,1
39	Helena	45,819	22,225	4,664	393	27,2
40	Hingham	157	107	65	2	1
41	Hinsdale	-	138	50	7	1
42	Hobson	244	154	53	7	2
43	Huson	-	135	34	3	1
44	Inverness	103	39	27	1	l
45	Jardine	-	1	2	-	
46	Jeffers	-	3	2	-	
47	Jefferson City	295	278	50	4	3
48	Joliet	575	409	100	13	5

Sch. 29			tomer Informat	ion- Electric, 1/		
	City	Population Census 2000	Residential	Commercial	Industrial & Other	Total
1	Joplin	210	95	48	2	145
2	Judith Gap	164	88	45	6	139
3	Kremlin	126	68	37	1	106
4	Laurel	6,255	3,055	461	26	3,542
5	Lavina	209	186	100	12	298
6	Lennep	-	16	11	-	27
7	Lewistown	5,813	3,273	897	52	4,222
8	Lincoln	1,100	1,049	237	15	1,301
9	Livingston	6,851	4,567	1,066	58	5,691
10	Logan	-	63	24	2	89
11	Lohman	-	30	31	4	65
12	Lolo	3,388	1,341	183	19	1,543
13	Loma	92	68	41	3	112
14	Lothair	-	15	10	-	25
15	Malta	2,120	1,331	477	. 46	1,854
16	Manhattan	1,396	1,031	247	64	1,342
17	Martinsdale	-	115	74	6	195
18	Marysville	-	62	30	2	94
19	Maxville	-	5	-	-	5
20	Melrose	-	1	-	-	1
21	Melstone	136	158	294	13	465
22	Melville	-	71	53	5	129
23	Milltown	-	79	21	4	104
24	Missoula	57,053	33,317	6,057	616	39,990
25	Moccasin	-	47	30	1	78
26	Molt	-	27	26	-	53
27	Monarch	-	332	51	4	387
28	Montana City	-	1,001	177	2	1,180
29	Moore	186	104	41	4	149
30	Musselshell	60	62	24	-	86
31	Nashua	325	194	63	3	260
32	Neihart	91	194	34	2	230
33	Nevada City	-	1	9	-	10
34	Norris	-	57	40	3	100
35	Nye	-	52	7	-	59
36	Paradise	184	160	57	7	224
37	Park City	870	417	62	5	484
38	Philipsburg	914	1,712	305	28	2,045
39	Plains	1,126	1,548	444	27	2,019
40	Pony	-	124	26	3	153
41	Power	171	82	42	3	127
42	Pray	-	22	2	-	24
43	Radersburg	70	79	23	2	104
44	Ramsay	-	53	26	1	80
45	Raynesford	-	66	38	3	107
46	Red Lodge	2,177	1,871	399	20	2,290
47	Reedpoint	185	159	61	4	224
48	Ringling	-	46	31	3	80
49	Rocker		49	21	3	73
					Sche	edule 29B

Sch. 29			tomer Informat	tion- Electric, 1/		
	City	Population Census 2000	Residential	Commercial	Industrial & Other	Totai
1	Rockvale	-	2	-	-	2
2	Roscoe	-	86	10	-	96
3	Roundup	1,931	1,102	392	20	1,514
4	Rudyard	275	155	65	2	222
5	Ryegate	268	148	67	10	225
6	Saco	224	157	101	4	262
7	Saint Marie	183	226	49	3	278
8	Saint Regis	315	465	164	15	644
9	Saltese	-	39	21	1	61
10	Sand Coulee		154	43	4	201
11	Sapphire Village	-	63	5	-	68
12	Shawmut	-	52	34	2	88
13	Sheridan	659	871	232	36	1,139
14	Silesia	-	32	8	1	41
15	Silverbow	-	14	4	1	19
16	Springdale	-	38	16	6	60
17	Square Butte	-	42	25	2	69
18	Stanford	454	338	198	7	543
19	Stevensville	1,553	1,914	542	66	2,522
20	Stockett	-	160	52	3	215
21	Sumatra	-	-	3	-	3
22	Superior	893	858	272	26	1,156
23	Taft	-	-	2	-	2
24	Tampico	-	13	7	-	20
25	Thompson Falls	1,321	1,069	351	32	1,452
26	Three Forks	1,728	1,357	452	55	1,864
27	Toston	105	53	40	19	112
28	Townsend	1,867	1,206	313	25	1,544
29	Tracy	-	93	12	5	110
30	Turah	-	10	2	-	12
31	Twin Bridges	400	318	146	19	483
32	Twodot	-	50	47	5	102
33	Ulm	750	414	120	10	544
34	Utica	-	2	5	1	8
35	Valier	498	358	184	24	566
36	Vaughn	701	230	42	6	278
37	Victor	859	781	257	23	1,061
38	Virginia City	130	174	93	1	268
39	Wagner	-	46	25	1	72
40	Walkerville	-	255	28	4	287
41	Warm Springs	-	-	3	-	3
42	Washoe	-	11	4	-	15
43	West Yellowstone	-	1	6	-	7
44	White Sulphur Springs	984	784	354	52	1,190
45	Whitehall	1,044	986	266	49	1,301
46	Wickes	- [2	-	-	2
47	Williamsburg	-	1	1	-	2
48	Willow Creek	209	137	57	16	210
1	Windham	-	48	32	2	82
50	Winston	73	125	40	2	167 dule 29C

Schedule 29C

Sch. 29	Montana Customer Information- Electric, 1/								
		Population			Industrial				
	City	Census 2000	Residential	Commercial	& Other	Total			
1	Wolf Creek	-	410	141	8	559			
2	Yellowstone Club	-	199	-	-	199			
3	Zurich	-	107	81	11	199			
4									
5									
6									
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48	Tetel								
<u> </u>	Total	446,046	268,119	60,369	5,320	333,808			

1/ Customer populations represent an average of the 12 month period from 01/01/09 through 12/31/09. YNP customer counts have been excluded.

Sch. 30	MONTANA EMPLOYEE COUNTS 1/								
	Department	Year Beginning	Year End	Average					
1 2	Utility Operations								
3	Executive	2	2	0					
4	Customer Care	2 107	102	2 105					
5	Finance	107	122	124					
6	Regulatory Affairs	25	25	25					
7	Retail Operations	570	555	563					
8	Wholesale Operations	191	198	195					
9	Legal	13	11	12					
10	°								
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17	TOTAL EMPLOYEES	1,033	1,015	1,024					
	I/ Consistent with prior years, part time employees have be he prior year's counts have been reclassified to be consiste	en converted to ful ant with the current	l-time equivalents. organizational struc	Also, cture.					

Sch. 31	MONTANA CONSTRUCTION BUDGET 2010 (ASSIGNED & ALLOCAT	ED)
	Project Description	Total Company	Total Montana
1			
2	Electric Operations		r
3			
4	MT Bozeman Big Sky Meadow Substation 25MVA	\$2,850,000	\$2,850,000
5	MT Havre Highland Park Substation	1,413,281	1,413,281
6	MT Helena Southside Sub 100KV Breaker	990,337	990,337
7	MT Bozeman Jack Rabbit to Big Sky 161 kV Line	1,200,128	1,200,128
8	MT Missoula Miller Creek #4 Auto Bank Upgrade	2,483,928	2,483,928
9	MT Great Falls 230KV Switchyard	1,326,157	1,326,157
10			
11	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	41,638,014	41,638,014
12	All Other Projects SD	20,478,331	
13	Total Electric Utility Construction Budget	72,380,176	51,901,845
14			
15	Natural Gas Operations		
16	MT Mainline #1 Compression Addition	3,857,027	3,857,027
	MT 2009 - 2012 Continuing Pipeline Integrity Projects	2,257,224	2,257,224
	MT GTS Cobb 16" Replacement	2,559,850	2,559,850
	SCADA System Replacement	2,089,300	2,089,300
	MT GTS Shoshone 6" Pipeline Crow Reser Permit Renew	3,300,000	3,300,000
21			
22	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	11,162,847	11,162,847
23	All Other Projects SD/NE	3,586,299	
24	Total Natural Gas Utility Construction Budget	28,812,547	25,226,248
25			
26	Common		
27	MT Fleet and Equipment replacements	3,700,000	3,700,000
	IT CIS Upgrade and Consolidation	3,195,968	3,195,968
	IT AM-FM GIS system	1,051,328	1,051,328
	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	5,986,118	5,986,118
	(Includes IT, Communications, Facilities, Cust Serv)		
	All Other Projects SD/NE	4,349,863	
33			
	Total Common Utility Construction Budget	18,283,277	13,933,414
35			
	CU4 capital additions - PPL invoice	4,524,000	4,524,000
37			
38	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each	-	-
39			
40			
41			
	Total Colstrip Unit 4 Construction Budget	4,524,000	4,524,000
43	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION BUDGET	\$124,000,000	\$95,585,507

Sch. 32			TOTAL S	YSTEM & MONTANA F	PEAK AND ENERGY	·
	•				ak and Energy	
		Peak	Peak	Peak Day Volume	Total Monthly Volumes	Non-Requirements
		Day	Hour_	Megawatts	Energy (Mwh)	Sales For Resale (Mwh)
1	January	26	19:00	2,133	867,698	261,058
2	February	26	20:00	2,003	767,013	206,646
3	March	11	8:00	2,079	701,306	193,310
4	April	1	9:00	1,756	626,184	194,050
5	May	29	17:00	1,789	596,736	149,853
6	June	30	17:00	1,970	607,145	165,267
7	July	23	17:00	2,161	556,307	134,020
8	August	11	17:00	1,963	803,707	278,002
9	September	17	17:00	1,902	775,710	211,762
10	October	12	8:00	1,883	662,174	214,622
11	November	23	19:00	1,884	733,670	187,377
12	December	8	19:00	2,244	785,760	216,765
1 6	TOTALS		2026L		8,483,410	2,412,732
14					eak and Energy	
15		Peak	Peak	Peak Day Volume	Total Monthly Volumes	-
16		Day	Hour	Megawatts	Energy (Mwh)	Sales For Resale (Mwh)
17	January					
18	February					
19	March					
20	April					
21	May					
22	June					
23	July			SAME AS ABOVE		1
24	August					
25	September					
26	October					
27	November					
28	December					
29	TOTALS				÷	-

Sch. 33	MONTANA SYS	TEM SOURCES 8	DISPOSITION OF ENERGY	
	Sources	Megawatthours	Dispositions	Megawatthours
1	Generation (Net of Station Use)			
2	Steam	1,285,646		
3	Nuclear	-	Sales to Ultimate Consumers	5,820,135
4	Hydro - Conventional	-	(Include Interdepartmental) 1/	
5	Hydro - Pumped Storage			
. 6	Other		Sales for Resale	
7	(Less) Energy for Pumping	-	Requirement Sales	
8	Net Generation	1,285,646	Non-Requirement Sales	2,412,732
9	Purchases	7,184,584	Sales for Resale	2,412,732
10	Power Exchanges			
11	Received	101,888		
12	Delivered	88,708	Energy Furnished w/o Charge	-
13		13,180	Energy Furnished	-
14	Transmission Wheeling for Others		Energy Used Within Utility	
15	Received	9,188,526	Electric Department	
16	Delivered	9,188,526	(Less) Station Use	_
17	Net Transmission Wheeling	-	Net Energy Used Within Util.	
18	Transmission by Others Losses	<u>د</u>	Energy Losses	250,543
19	TOTAL SOURCES	8,483,410	TOTAL DISPOSITIONS	8,483,410

1/ The megawatts hours listed above do not include sales to billed choice customers, consistent with the presentation used in the corresponding schedule on FERC Form 1.

Sch. 34	SOURCES OF MONTANA ELECTRIC SUPPLY									
				Annual	Annual					
	Туре	Plant Name	Location	Peak (MW)	Energy (Mwh)					
1	Thermal Generation	Colstrip Unit 4	Colstrip, MT	222.0	1,285,646					
2	Total Generation			222.0	1,285,646					
3	Purchases	Small Power Producers	Colstrip Energy, Ltd.	3.3	286,606					
4	Purchases	Small Power Producers	Billings Generation, Inc.	5.1	479,482					
5	Purchases	Small Power Producers	State of Montana - DNRC	0.8	52,730					
6	Purchases	Small Power Producers	Others	0.6	23,925					
7	Subtotal			9.8	842,743					
8	QF Replacement Purchases		PPL Montana	0.0	53,471					
9	Subtotal			0.0	53,471					
10	Purchased Power		Avista Utility	0.0	131,879					
11	Purchased Power		Basin Creek Electric	0.0	114,389					
	Purchased Power		Black Hills Power	0.0	18,100					
	Purchased Power		BP Energy	0.0	182,200					
14	Purchased Power		BPA	0.0	40,378					
15	Purchased Power		Cargill Power Markets	0.0	2,782					
16	Purchased Power		Citigroup Energy	0.0	8,007					
17	Purchased Power		Conoco	0.0	60					
18	Purchased Power		Constellation Energy	0.0	31,200					
19	Purchased Power		Coral/Shell Energy	0.0	428,963					
20	Purchased Power		CSEL	0.0	38,000					
21	Purchased Power		DB Energy	0.0	30,400					
22	Purchased Power		Grant County PUD	0.0	98					
23	Purchased Power		Idaho Power Company	0.0	290					
24	Purchased Power		JPMV	0.0	146,600					
25	Purchased Power		Judith Gap	0.0	468,644					
26	Purchased Power		Macquarie Cook Energy (MCPI)	0.0	5,317					
27	Purchased Power		Morgan Stanley	0.0	177,326					
28	Purchased Power		Pacificorp	0.0	2,735					
29	Purchased Power		Portland General Electric	0.0	573,667					
30	Purchased Power		Powerex	0.0	312,410					
31	Purchased Power		PPL Montana	0.0	2,894,185					
32	Purchased Power		Puget Sound Energy	0.0	17,844					
	Purchased Power		Rainbow Energy	0.0	203,854					
	Purchased Power		Seattle City Light	0.0	56,302					
1	Purchased Power		Tacoma Power	0.0	7,788					
	Purchased Power		The Energy Authority	0.0	23,987					
	Purchased Power		Tiber Dam	0.0	51,517					
1	Purchased Power		Transalta Energy Marketing	0.0	168					
	Purchased Power		United Materials of Great Falls	0.0	11,237					
40				0.0						
	Imbalance Transactions	4	Avista Utility	0.0	8,325					
	Imbalance Transactions		Coral/Shell Energy	0.0						
	Imbalance Transactions		Grant County PUD	· 0.0						
	Imbalance Transactions		Powerex	0.0						
45				0.0						
	Reserve Sharing			1	1,276					
47	Total Purchases	L		L	7,184,584					

Unit	Outage Start Date	Description	Outage Duratic (hours
1 Colstrip Unit 3	06/11/09	Boiler tube leak repair	72
3	06/14/09	APH gearbox problem	20
5	10/16/09	Condensor tube leak	73
7	10/19/09	Start and igniter problems, cylinder leak	15
9 10 11	12/18/09	Condensor tube leak	51
12 Colstrip Unit 4	03/27/09	Major boiler overhaul	1,154
14 15	05/14/09	Spindle repairs	4,000
16	12/31/09	Boiler waterwall tube leaks	47

We own 30% of Colstrip Unit 4 and have a reciprocal sharing agreement with the 30% owner of Colstrip Unit 3 in which we share equally in the ownership benefits and liabilities of each.

Schedule 34A

Sch. 35	MONTANA CONSE	RVA	ATION & DI	EM/	AND SIDE N	IANAGEMEI	NT PROGRAM	MS	
	Program Description		urrent Year xpenditures		Last Year xpenditures	% Change	Planned Savings (MWH)	Achieved Savings (MWH)	Difference (MWH)
1 2	2009 Residential Lighting Program	\$	1,822,603	\$	1,353,020	34.71%	17,106	22,922	5,816
3	2009 Commercial Lighting Program	\$	2,220,643	\$	305,077	627.90%	5,180	. 6,941	1,761
5 6 7	2009 E+ Business Partners Program	\$	1,572,112	\$	1,482,577	6.04%	2,682	3,594	912
8 9	E+ Residential New Construction Program	\$	51,069	\$	37,232	37.16%	185	248	63
10 11	E+ Residential Electric Savings Program	\$	94,289	\$	66,759	41.24%	142	190	48
12	E+ Electric Motor Rebate Program	\$	20,327	\$	7,430	173.58%	12	16.07	4.08
13 14 15 16 17	2009 Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance (NEEA)	\$	299,135	\$	454,628	-34.20%	9,028	12,097	3,069
18 19 20 21									
22 23 24	A program participant is a Montana residential and/or commercial electric customer who installs eligible energy conservation measures and receives financial incentives/rebates.								
27 28 29 30									
31 32 33							04.005	46,009	11,674
34	TOTAL	1	\$6,080,178	1	\$3,706,723	64.03%	34,335	40,009	11,074

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59 (a) Total includes combination of electric and natural gas USB funds. 60 (b) No reported savings for 2009 due to zero dollars of 2009 USB funding expended on Free Weatherization. 61 Note: As part of Order 6679e that MPSC issued December 2008; natural gas USB funding was increased so	58	Number of residential audits perform	ed off-site			2,186	(a)	
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61 Note: As part of Order 6679e that MPSC issued December 2008; natural gas USB funding was increased so	1	1			on Free Weather	zation.		
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Sch. 35b	Montana Conservation	& De	mand Sid	de IV	llanagem	ent	FIUGIA	115	
		T			tracted or				
		Actu	al Current	Con	nmitted	Tota	al Current		Most recei
		Year			rent Year	Yea		Expected savings	program
	Program Description (These are electric USB Programs)	Expe	enditures	Exp	enditures	Exp	enditures	(MW and MWh)	evaluation
	Local Conservation								
2	E+ Energy Audit for the Home or Business	\$	1,345,823	\$	*	\$ 1	,345,823	1,954	2007
3	5,							ļ	
4									
5									
6		1		ł					
. 7					an air a sa na bhail ann an Ai		A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER OF THE		
	Demand Response								
9	Demand Response Pilot Program	\$	6,240	\$	-	\$	6,240	-	N/A
10									
11									1
12									
13]					1
14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	044500		1998	0409889/7209697	00000		He is a second sec	
	Market Transformation		17,730		<u></u>		17,730	_	2007
16	Motor Management Training	\$ \$	57,496	\$ \$	-	\$	57,496	2,852	2007
17 18	Building Operator Certification	3	57,490	4	-	ļΨ	00,450	2,002	2001
10						1			
20						Ι.			ļ
21						·			1
	Renewables and Research & Development						~ * ** ***	A	S. Same
23	Generation/Education	\$	384,730	\$	-	\$	384,730	673	2007
24	Green Power Product	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
25	R&D / Infrastructure	\$	33,875	\$	-	\$	33,875		
26									
27									
28									
	Low Income						de Taxes		
30	Free Weatherization	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-	2007
31									ļ
32						1			
33	· · · ·								
34				1000	1000 A.M. 1000 AMBR				
	Other	- 1988		1600		<u>spass</u>			
36 37						1			
37 40									1
40 41									1
41				1					
42									1
	Total	\$	1,845,893	\$		\$	1,845,893	5,478	
	1 * ******			- .					

Schedule 35b

Sch. 36	MONTANA CONSUMPTION AND REVENUES - ELECTRIC (YNP)											
		Operating R	evenues 1/	MWH	Sold	Average Customers						
		Current	Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous					
		Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year					
1	Sales of Electricity											
2			ł									
3	Residential	\$222,460,733	\$236,764,945	2,315,423	2,283,032	268,119	265,733					
4	Commercial & Industrial	311,183,524	341,108,855	6,123,180	6,376,468	61,627	60,628					
5	Public Street & Highway Lighting	13,759,134	14,424,938	60,722	61,179	3,793	3,820					
6	Sales to Other Utilities	79,886,540	86,189,707	2,412,732	2,055,722	15	14					
7	Interdepartmental	1,132,467	1,199,720	13,279	13,313	269	259					
8												
9	TOTAL SALES	\$628,422,398	\$679,688,165	10,925,336	10,789,714	333,823	330,454					
10			······································		······							
11	1/ Revenue and MWHs include unbilled											
12												
13												
14												
15												
16												